Jeffery Schmitt, Planning Board Chair Michael Harris, Vice Chairperson Teressa Bakner, Board Attorney Chris Parslow, Town Planner Coryn VanDeusen, Clerk



Elizabeth Novak, Board Member Joshua Houghton, Board Member Matthew Hoffman, Board Member Michael Walpole, Board Member

Town of Duanesburg Planning Board Agenda April 18, 2024

AGENDA ITEMS MAY BE ADDED, DELETED, OR ORDER CHANGED WITHOUT NOTICE

The Town of Duanesburg offers Planning Board Meetings via zoom if you are unable to attend the meeting in person:

Town of Duanesburg is inviting you to a scheduled Zoom meeting.

Topic: Town of Duanesburg's Planning Board Zoom Meeting

Time: This is a recurring meeting Meet anytime

Join Zoom Meeting Meeting ID: 858 7403 2498 Passcode: 848175

Dial in by Phone:1-646-558-8656 **Meeting ID**: 858 7403 2498 **Passcode**: 848175

INTRODUCTION BY CHAIRPERSON JEFFERY SCHMITT

OPEN FORUM

SKETCH PLAN REVIEW:

PUBLIC HEARINGS:

OLD BUSINESS:

#23-23 Putnam, Edward: SBL#67.00-2-6.11, (C-1/R-2), located at 4136 Western Turnpike is seeking a major subdivision of one lot into 5 smaller lots under section 3.5 of the Town of Duanesburg Subdivision Ordinance.

- Define limits of clearing
- DOT/County approvals for driveways
- SHPO letter

Approved: Yes	. No	
Comments:		

#23-19 Samuelson, Thomas: SBL#67.05-2-13.1 (H) located at 6928 Duanesburg Rd is seeking a special use permit to convert existing residential building back to a two-family dwelling under section 9.4(8) of the Town of Duanesburg Zoning Ordinance.

- Parking Plan
- Retaining Wall cross section w/height, width, length
- Fencing

Jeffery Schmitt, Planning Board Chair Michael Harris, Vice Chairperson Teressa Bakner, Board Attorney Chris Parslow, Town Planner Coryn VanDeusen, Clerk



Elizabeth Novak, Board Member Joshua Houghton, Board Member Matthew Hoffman, Board Member Michael Walpole, Board Member

Comments:
#23-31 Kniese, Robert: SBL#55.00-4-22.11, SBL#55.00-4-22.12, (H), located at Depot Rd is seeking approval of a major subdivision of two lots into 5 lots under section 3.5 of the Town of Duanesburg Subdivision Ordinance. • County Referral • County Highway approval for driveways • Delaware Engineering for Sewer hook ups • PB intent to be lead agent for unlisted action Comments:
#24-2 Kruger Energy: SBL#65.00-2-15.11, SBL#65.00-2-15.2, and SBL#65.00-2-43 (R-2) located at 909 Alexander Rd is seeking a special use permit and lot line adjustment under Local Law 2 of 2016 of the Town of Duanesburg Subdivision Ordinance and Local Law 1 of 2023 of the Town of Duanesburg Zoning Ordinance. • Coordinated review • TDE Prime Engineering Comments:
NEW BUSINESS: #24-5 Fusco, Sal: SBL#25.00-1-6.111, (R-2), Located at 756 Wells Rd. is seeking an amendment to his major subdivision under section 3.5 of the Town of Duanesburg Subdivision Ordinance. Comments:
#24-4 James.John: SBL#76.00-1-12.311 (R-2), located on Chadwick Rd. is seeking a minor subdivision of one lot into two lots under section 3.4 of the Town of Duanesburg Subdivision Ordinance. Comments:
#24-6 Breitenstein Trust: SBL# 54.00-1-28.11 (R-2), Located on corner of Mudge Rd. and Skyline Drive is seeking a major subdivision creating 3 lots from a 46-acre parcel under section 3.5 of the Town of Duanesburg Subdivision Ordinance. Comments:

Jeffery Schmitt, Planning Board Chair Michael Harris, Vice Chairperson Teressa Bakner, Board Attorney Chris Parslow, Town Planner Coryn VanDeusen, Clerk



Elizabeth Novak, Board Member Joshua Houghton, Board Member Matthew Hoffman, Board Member Michael Walpole, Board Member

Other:				
Minute Approval:				
February 15, 2024	Planning	Board M	leeting Mi	inutes:
Approved: Yes	_		Ü	
March 21, 2024 PI	ANNING E	BOARD M	EETING N	MINUTES:
Approved: Yes	No: .	1818	_	
ADJOURNMENT				

Revised 04/12/2017

ORIGINAL

CHECKLIST OF REQUIRED INFORMATION:

 Title of drawing. Tax Map ID # Zoning district Current Original Deed NYS Survey (L.S. & P.E.) North Arrow, scale (1"=100"), Boundaries of the property plotted and labeled to scale. School District/Fire District Green areal landscaping Existing watercourses, wetlands, etc. Contour Lines (Increments of 10ft.) Easements & Right of ways Abutting Properties Wells/ Sewer Systems within 100ft. Well/ Water system 	 Septic system: Soll Investigation completed? Sewer System: Which district? Basic SWPPP (1≥ & <6) Full Storm Water Control Plan (5acres or more) Storm Water Control Plan Short or long EAF www.ciec.nv.gov/saimapper/ Street pattern: Traffic study needed? All property Mergers REQUIRE both owners Signatures on the Application Additional Requirements for Special Use Application: New or existing building Business Plan, Hours of operation, & number of employees, floor plan, uses, lighting plan/ landscaping/signage Parking, Handicap Spaces, & lighting plan
Date October 20, 2023	•
Application type: Major Subdy Minor Subdy Special Use Proposal: 4-lot residential subdivision of portion of paPlus one commercial lot in the C1 zoning district. Section of	rcel R2 zone meeting all zoning requirement.
Present Owner: Edward Putnam (AS APPE, Address: 4136 Western TPKE RD Zip code: Phone # (required) 518-895-1053	ars on dredin 12056
Applicants Name (If different):	Phone# (required)
Location of Property (If different from owners)	
	·-
Joga E. Pisterno	
Signature of Owner (S) if different from Applicant (AS APPEA	
LANDS CONVEYED TO (REQUIRED FOR MERGERS) No Signature of receiving Property Owner ///A	(AS APPEARS ON DEEDIL)
I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE AND CO the above property or has duly authorized, in writing, by the owner of r tion, the owner gives permission for a representative (s) of the Town of the review.	ecord to make this application. Further, by signing this applica-
Togal Without	Dato October 23, 2023
Signature of Owner(S) and/or Applicant(S)	
ALL APPLICATION FEES ARE NON-REFUNDABLE!	S. I. We will all his orientate as stantage to the cross were the complete to
(For office u	
Approved 🗆 Disapproved 🗆 Refer to Code Enforcement Section	of Ordinance
lanning Commission Comments:	
Planning Chairperson Date	Code Enforcement Date
•	·

County of Schenectady Department of Engineering



0#/29/2024

Mr. Kenneth Seeley

RE: 531, 533, 535, 537 Noth Mansion Road (County Route 121)

Dear Mr. Seeley:

As per our conversation, I have inspected the proposed locations for future driveways. The 4 sites meet all guidelines for safety and convenience for vehicles and line of sight distances. The County will need you install 24" Plastic pipe with flare end sections or some type of headwalls on all 4 locations.

If you have any questions please feel free to contact me at 356-5340 x 3233.

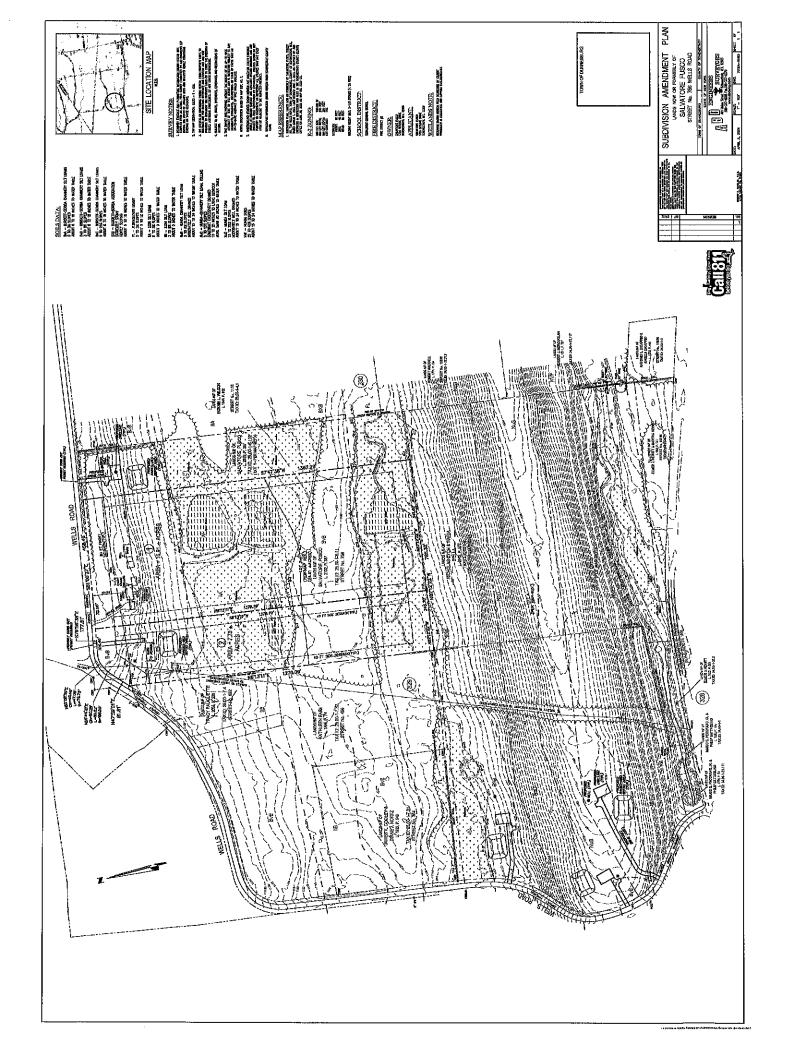
Sincerely,

Angeló Melillo

Junior Civil Engineer

Typle Melello

AM/am Cc. File



BASIC EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL POLICY

7

FOR

PUTNAM SUBDIVISION
4136 Western TPKE and North Mansion Road
Town of Duanesburg
Schenectady County, New York

Prepared For:

Edward A. Putnam 242 Duane Lake Road Duanesburg, NY 12056

January 22, 2024 *Revised April 8, 2024*

Project No. 5668A

Prepared By:

Joseph J. Bianchini, P.E. ABD Engineers, LLP 411 Union Street Schenectady, NY 12305 (518) 377-0315

BASIC

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL POLICY

FOR

PUTNAM SUBDIVISION

4136 WESTERN TPKE & NORTH MANSION ROAD TOWN OF DUANESBURG, SCHENECTADY COUNTY

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BASIC

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL POLICY FOR

PUTNAM SUBDIVISION

4136 WESTERN TPKE & NORTH MANSION ROAD TOWN OF DUANESBURG, SCHENECTADY COUNTY

Mr. Edward Putnam is subdividing a portion of his Land totaling approximately 22.34 acres located at 4136 Western Turnpike Road in the Town of Duanesburg into five (5) parcels. The northern portion of the parcel is located within the Town C-1 Commercial zone and the southern portion of the of the parcel is located within the Town's R-2 Agricultural / Residential zone.

Lots 1,2, 3, & 4, will be developed for residential purposes, and each will require disturbance less than one acre for a house, well and a septic system. Lots 1 through 4 will be located within the Town's R-2 Agricultural / Residential zone. Lot 5, located withing the Town's C-1 Commercial zone, will remain vacant.

As the four (4) new residential Lots are developed, silt fencing will be installed on the down slope side, temporary ditches and a temporary sediment basin will be installed, a concrete washout pit will be dug and the area will be stabilized by seeding and mulching per the Basic Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) details and specifications.

The total soil disturbance is more than 1 acre but less than 5 acres (about 3.0± acres) as the homes are built. Therefore, a Notice of Intent (NOI) is required by the NYSDEC Phase 2 Stormwater regulations and a Basic Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). After the homes are built and the ground stabilized, then a Notice of Termination (NOT) can be filed.

Disturbance of soils during construction will include site grading, cellar excavation, trenching for utilities, installing a septic system, installing a driveway and landscaping. Erosion and sediment controls will include as a minimum the use of the following:

- 1. Silt fence downhill of all disturbed areas until soils are stabilized by reseeding, mulch, etc.
- 2. Installation of a stabilized construction entrance at the driveway.
- 3. Temporary sediment basins for runoff until swales are stabilized.
- 4. Installing a temporary concrete wash out area.

Details of suggested methods of installation of the above and inspection requirements are attached.

Construction Sequence

Phase 1

- 1. The limits of clearing and grading will be identified.
- 2. Silt fence is to be installed in locations shown on the plans at all down slope areas.
- 3. A stabilized entrance is to be installed.
- 4. Trees will be cleared.
- 5. Topsoil to be stripped and stockpiled. Any temporary stockpiles to be left longer than 14 days are to be seeded and mulched or removed from site.
- 6. Installation of check dams and temporary sediment basins.
- 7. Installation of fill material.
- 8. Rough grading of site to drain.
- 9. Seed and mulch.
- 10. Grass to be established prior to any silt fencing being removed.

APPENDIX A NYSDEC CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PERMIT NO. GP-0-20-001

APPENDIX B

- EROSION CONTROL NOTES
- STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE FOR RESIDENTIAL SITE
- SILT FENCE
- STONE CHECK DAM
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR LAND GRADING
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOILING
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MULCHING
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION AREA SEEDINGS

APPENDIX A NYSDEC CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PERMIT NO. GP-0-20-001



NÉW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

SPDES GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES

From

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

Pennit No. GP- 0-20-001

Issued Pursuant to Article 17, Titles 7, 8 and Article 70 of the Environmental Conservation Law

Effective Date: January 29, 2020

Expiration Date: January 28, 2025

John J. Ferguson

Chief Permit Administrator

Authorized Signature

Address:

Date

1-23-20

ss: NYS DEC

Division of Environmental Permits 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albeny, N.Y 12233-1750

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION SPDES GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

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PREFACE

Pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean Water Act ("CWA"), stomwater discharges from certain construction activities are unlawful unless they are authorized by a National Politicant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit or by a state permit program. New York administers the approved State Politiant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) program with permits issued in accordance with the New York State Environmental Conservation Law (ECL.) Article 17, Titles 7, 8 and Article 70.

An owner or operator of a construction activity that is eligible for coverage under this permit must obtain coverage prior to the commencement of construction activity. Activities that fit the definition of "construction activity", as defined under 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(A), (15)(b), and (15)(b), constitute construction of a point source and therefore, pursuant to ECL section 17-0505 and 17-0701, the owner or operator must have coverage under a SPDES permit prior to commencing construction activity. The owner or operator cannot wait until there is an actual discharge from the construction site to obtain permit coverage.

*Note: The italicized words/phrases within this permit are defined in Appendix A.

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A. Permit Application

This peculit authorizes stormwater discharges to surface waters of the State from the following construction acousties identified within 40 CFR Parts 122.29(b)(14)(x), 122.26(b)(15)(f) and 122.26(b)(15)(f), provided all of the eligibility provisions of this permit are met;

- Construction activities involving soil disturbances of one (1) or more acrasincluding disturbances of less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb one or more acres of land; excluding routine maintenance activity that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydrautic capacity or original purpose of a facility;
- Construction activities involving soil disturbances of less than one (1) acrewhere the Department has determined that a SPDES permit is required for stormwelse discharges based on the obtential for contribution to a violation of a water quality standard or for significant contribution of pollularity to surface waters of the State.
- Construction activities located in the watershed(s) identified in Appendix D that involve soft disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of fand.

B. Effluent Limitations Applicable to Discharges from Construction Activities

Discharges authorized by this parmit must achieve, at a minimum, the effluent imitations in Part I.B.1. (a) – (f) of this permit. These limitations represent the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of best practicable technology currently available.

1. Erosion and Sadiment Control Requirements - The owner or operator must select, design, install, implement and meintain control measures to minimize the discharge of pollutants and prevent a violation of the water quality standards. The selection, design, installation, implementation, and maintenance of these control measures must meet the non-numeric effluent limitations to Part LB.1.(a) – (f) of this permit and be in accordance with the New York Stale Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016, using sound engineering judgmant. Where control measures are not designed in conformance with the design criteria included in the technical standard, the owner or operator must include in the Stammater Politation Prevention Plan ("SWPPP") the reason(s) for the

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listed in Appendix E or is located in one of the watersheds fisted in Appendix C, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within seven (7) days from the date the current soil disturbance activity ceased. See Appendix A for definition of Temporarity Ceased.

- Oewatering, Discharges from dewatering activities, including discharges from dewatering of tranches and excavations, must be managed by appropriate control measures.
- d. Pollution Prevention Measures. Design, install, implement, and meintain effective pollution prevention measures to minimize the discharge of pollutants and prevent a violation of the water quality standards. At a minimum, such measures must be designed, installed, implemented and resintained for.
 - (i) Minimize the discharge of pollutants from equipment and vehicle washing, wheel wash water, and other wash waters. This applies to washing operations that use clean water only. Soaps, detergents and solvents cannot be used;
 - (ii) Minimize the exposure of building materials, building products, construction wastes, trash, landscape materials, fertilizers, pasticides, harbicides, detergents, sariary waste, hazardous and toxic waste, and other materials present on the site to precipitation and to stormwater. Minimization of exposure is not required in cases where the exposure to precipitation and to stormwater will not result in a discharge of pollutants, or where exposure of a specific material or product poses little risk of stormwater contemination (such as final products and materials intended for outdoor use); and
 - (iii) Prevent the discharge of pollutants from spills and leaks and implement chemical spill and leak prevention and response procedures.
- a. Prohibited Discharges. The following discharges are prohibited:
 - (i) Wastewaler from washout of concrete;
 - (ii) Was lewater from washout and cleanout of stucco, paint, form release sits, curing compounds and other construction materials;

deviation or atternative dosign and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or atternative design is *equivalent* to the technical standard.

- a. Eroston and Sediment Controls. Obsign, install and maintain effective arosion and sediment controls to minimuse the discharge of poliutents and prevent a violation of the water guelity standards. At a minimum, such controls must be designed, installed and maintained to.
 - Minimize seit erosion through application of runoff control and seit stabilization control measure to minimize pollutent discharges;
 - (ii) Control stommeter discharges, including both peak flowrates and total stommeter volume, to minimize channel and streambank erosion and scour in the immediate vicinity of the discharge points;
 - (iii) Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity:
 - (iv) Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
 - (v) Minimize sediment discharges from the site;
 - (vi) Provide and maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct stormwater to vegetated areas and maximize stormwater inflitmion to reduce pollutant discharges, unless infeasible;
- (vii) Minimize soil compaction. Minimizing soil compaction is not required where the intended function of a specific area of the site dictates that it be compacted;
- (viii) Unless infeasible, preserve a sufficient amount of topsoil to complete soil restoration and astablish a uniform, dense vegetative cover; and
- (ix) Minimize dust, On areas of exposed soil, minimize dust through the adpropriate application of water or other dust suppression techniques to control the generation of pollutants that could be discharged from the site.
- b. Soil Stabilization. In areas where soil disturbance activity has temporarily or permanently ceased, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within fourteen (14) days from the date the ourrent soil disturbance activity ceased. For construction sites that directly discharge to one of the 303(d) segments.

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- (iii) Fuels, oils, or other pollulants used in vehicle and equipment operation and maintenance;
- (iv) Soaps or solvents used in vehicle and equipment washing; and
- (v) Toxic or hazardous substances from a spill or other release.
- f. Surface Outlets. When discharging from basins and impoundments, the outlets shall be designed, constructed and maintained in such a manner that sediment does not leave the basin or impoundment and that erosion at or below the outlet does not occur.

C. Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice Requirements

- 1. The owner or operator of a construction activity that requires post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C. of this permit must select design, install, and maintain the practices to meet the performence criteria in the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual ("Design Manual"), dated January 2015, using sound engineering judgment. Where post-construction stormwater management practices ("SMPs") are not designed in conformance with the performance criteria in the Design Manual, the owner or operator must include in the SWPPP the reason(s) for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is equivalent to the technical standard.
- The awarer or operator of a construction activity that requires post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C. of this permit must design the practices to meet the applicable string criteria in Part I.C.2.a., b., c. or d. of this permit.
 - a. Sizing Criteria for New Development
 - (i) Runoff Reduction Volume ("RRv"): Reduce the total Water Quality Volume ("WQ") by application of RR techniques and standard SMPs with RRv capacity. The total WQv shall be calculated in accordance with the criteria in Section 4.2 of the Design Manual.
 - (ii) Minimum RRv and Treatment of Remaining Fotal WQv. Construction activities that cannot meet the criteria in Part I.C.2.a.(i) of this permit due to site limitations shall direct runoff from all newly constructed impervious areas to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity unless infeasible. The specific site limitations that prevent the reduction of 100% of the WQv shall be documented in the SWPPP

For each impervious area that is not directed to a RR technique or standard SAIP with RRV capacity, the SWPPP must include documentation which demonstrates that all options were considered and for each option explains why it is considered infeasible.

In no case shall the runoff reduction achieved from the newly constructed impervious areas be less than the Minimum RRV as catculated using the criteria in Section 4.3 of the Design Manual. The remaining portion of the total WQV that cannot be reduced shall be treated by application of standard SMPs.

- (iii) Channel Protection Volume ("Cpv"): Provide 24 hour-extended detention of the post-developed 1-year, 24-hour storm event; renating after runoff reduction. The Cpv requirement does not apply when:
 - Reduction of the entire Cpv is achieved by application of runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems, or
 - (2) The site discharges directly to tidal waters, or fifth order or larger streams.
- (iv) Overbank Flood Control Criteria ("Gp"); Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 10-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (Qp) to predevelopment rates. The Qp requirement does not apply when:
 - the site discharges directly to tidal waters or lifth order or larger streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that overbank control is not required.
- Extreme Flood Control Criteria ("CIF): Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 109-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (QI) to predevelopment rates. The Of requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) the site discharges directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that overbank control is not required.
- Sizing Criteria for New Development in Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Watershed
 - (i) Runoff Reduction Volume (RRv): Reduce the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) by application of RR techniques and standard SMPs with RRv capacity. The total WQv is the runoff volume from the 1-year, 24 hour design storm over tine post-developed watershed and shall be

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(Part : C 24)

c. Sizing Criteria for Redevelopment Activity

- (i) Watar Quality Votume (WCv): The WQv treatment objective for radevelopment activity shall be addressed by one of the following options. Redevelopment activities located in an Enhanced Phosphorus Removat Watershed (see Part III.B.3. and Appendix C of this permit) shall calculate the WQv in accordance with Section 10.3 of the Design Manuat. All other redevelopment activities shall calculate the WQv in accordance with Section 4.2 of the Design Manuat.
 - (1) Reduce the existing impervious cover by a minimum of 25% of the total disturbed, impervious area. The Soil Restoration exterta in Section 5.1.6 of the Design Manual must be applied to all newly created pervious areas, or
 - (2) Capture and treat a minimum of 25% of the WQv from the disturbed, impervious area by the application of standard SMPs; or reduce 25% of the WQv from the disturbed, impervious area by the application of RR techniques or standard SMPs with RRv capacity., or
 - (3) Capture and treat a minimum of 75% of the WQx from the disturbed, impervious area as well as any additional runoff from tributary areas by application of the alternative practices discussed in Sections 9.3 and 9.4 of the Design Manual. or
 - (4) Application of a combination of 1, 2 and 3 above that provide a weighted average of at least two of the above methods. Application of this method shall be in accordance with the criteria in Section 9.2.1(3) (IV) of the Design Manual.

If there is an existing post-construction stormwater management practice located on the site that captures and treats runoff from the *impervious area* that is being disturbed, the WOv treatment option selected must, at a minimum, provide treatment equal to the treatment that was being provided by the existing practice(s) if that treatment is greater than the treatment required by options 1-4 above.

- (ii) Channel Protection Volume (Cpv): Not required if there are no changes to hydrology that increase the discharge rate from the project site.
- (iii) Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Op): Not required if there are no changes to hydrology that increase the discharge rate from the project site.
- (iv) Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf): Not required if there are no changes to hydrology that increase the *discharge* rate from the project etta.

calculated in accordance with the criteria in Section 19.3 of the Design Manual

(ii) Minimum RRv and Treatment of Remaining Total WQv. Construction activities that cannot meet the orderia in Part LC 2.0.(i) of this permit due to side limitations shall direct runoff from all needy constructed impervious areas to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity unless intessible. The specific site limitations that prevent the reduction of 100% of the WQv shall be documented in the SWPPP. For each impervious area that is not directed to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity, the SWPPP must include documentation which demonstrates that all options were considered and for each option explains why it is considered inteasible.

In no case shall the runoff reduction achieved from the newly constructed *Impervious areas* be less than the Minimum RRv as calculated using the criteria in Section 10.3 of the Design Manual. The remaining portion of the lotal WCv that cannot be reduced shall be treated by application of standard SMPs.

- (iii) Channal Protection Volume (Cpv): Provide 24 hour extended detention of the post-developed 1-year, 24-hour storm event; remaining after runoff reduction. The Cpv requirement does not apply when:
 - Reduction of the antire Cpv is achieved by application of runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems, or
 - (2) The site discharges directly to lider waters, or fifth order or larger streams.
- (iv) Overbank Plood Control Criteria (Op): Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 10-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (Op) to predevelopment rates. The Op requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) the site discharges directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger steams, or
 - A downstream analysis reveals that overbank control is not required.
- (v) Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf): Requires storage to attenuate the
 post-development 100-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (Qf) to
 predevelopment rates. The Qf requirement does not apply when:

 (1) the site discharges directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger
 streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that overbank control is not required.

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 d. Sizing Criteria for Combination of Redevelopment Activity and New Development

Construction projects that include both New Development and Redevelopment Activity shall provide post-construction stormwater management controls that meet the sizing criteria calculated as an aggregate of the Sizing Criteria in Part L.C.2.a, or b. of this permit for the New Development portion of the project and Part L.C.2.c of this permit for Redevelopment Activity portion of the project.

D. Maintaining Water Quality

The Department expects that compliance with the conditions of this permit will control discharges necessary to meet applicable water quality standards. It shall be a violation of the ECL for any discharge to either cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards as contained in Parts 700 through 705 of Title 6 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York, such as:

- There shall be no increase in turbicity that will cause a substantial visible contrast to natural conditions;
- There shall be no increase in suspended, colloided or settleable solide that will cause deposition or impair the waters for their best usages; and
- There shall be no residue from oil and floating substances, nor visible oil film, nor globules of greece.

If there is evidence indicating that the stomwater discharges authorized by this permit are causing, have the reasonable potential to cause, or are contributing to a violation of the water quality standards; the owner or operator must take appropriate corrective action in accordance with Part IV.C.5. of this general permit and document in accordance with Part IV.C.4. of this general permit. To address the water quality standard violation the owner or operator may need to provide additional information, include and implement appropriate controls in the SWPPP to correct the problem, or obtain an individual SPDES permit.

If there is evidence indicating that despite compliance with the terms and conditions of this general permit it is demonstrated that the stormwater discharges authorized by this permit are causing or contributing to a violation of water quality standards; or if the Department determines that a modification of the permit is necessary to prevent a violation of water quality standards, the authorized discharges will no longer be eligible for coverage under this permit. The Department may require the owner or operator to obtain an individual SPDES permit to continue discharging.

- E. Eligibility Under This General Permit
 - This permit may authorize all discharges of stormwater from construction activity to surface waters of the State and groundwaters except for inaligible discharges identified under subparagraph F. of this Part.
 - 2 Except for non-atornwater discharges explicitly listed in the next paragraph, this permit only authorizes stormwater discharges; including stormwater runoff, snowmall runoff, and surface runoff and drainage, from construction activities.
 - 3. Notwithstanding paragraphs E.1 and E.2 abova, the following non-stormwater discharges are authorized by this permit: those fisted in 6 NYCRR 750-12(e)(29(v)), with the following exception: Discharges from fireflighting activities are authorized only when the fireflighting activities are authorized only when the fireflighting activities are emergencies/unplanned; waters to which other components have not been ended that are used to control dust in accordance with the SWPPP, and uncontaminated discharges from construction site de-watering operations. All non-stormwater discharges must be identified in the SWPPP. Under all circumstances, the owner or operator must still dompty with water quality standards in Part I.0 of this permit.
 - 4. The owner or operator must maintain permit eligibility to discharge under this permit. Any discharges that are not complient with the eligibility conditions of this permit are not authorized by the permit and the owner or operator must either apply for a separate permit to cover those ineligible discharges or take steps necessary to make the discharge eligible for coverage.
- F. Activities Which Are Ineligible for Coverage Under This General Permit

All of the following are not authorized by this permit

- Discharges after construction activities have been completed and the site has undergone final stabilization;
- Discharges that are mixed with sources of non-stormwater other than those expressly authorized under subsection E.3. of this Part and identified in the SWPPP required by this permit;
- Discharges that are required to obtain an individual SPDES permit or another SPDES general permit pursuant to Part VII.K. of this permit:
- Construction activities or discharges from construction activities that may adversely effect an endangered or flireatened species unless the owner or

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- 8. Construction activities that have the potential to affect an inistoric property, unless there is documentation that such impacts have been resolved. The following documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility with this requirement shall be maintained on site in accordance with Part II.D.2 of this permit and made available to the Department in accordance with Part VII.F of this permit.
- a. Documentation that the construction activity is not within an archeologically sensitive area indicated on the sensitivity map, and that the construction activity is not located on or immediately adjacent to a property ifsted or determined to be eligible for tisting on the National or State Registers of Historic Places, and that there is no new permanent building on the construction site within the following distances from a building, structure, or object that is more than 50 years old, or if there is such a new permanent building on the construction site within those parameters that NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP), a Historic Preservation Commission of a Certified Local Government, or a qualified preservation professional has determined that the building, structure, or object more than 50 years old is not historically/archeologically significant.
 - 1-5 acres of disturbance 20 feet
 - 5-20 acres of disturbance 50 feet
 - 20+ acres of disturbance 100 feet, or
- DEC consultation form sent to OPRHP, and copied to the NYS OEC Agency Historic Preservation Officer (APO), and
 - (i) the State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) Environmental Assessment Form (EAF) with a negative declaration or the Findings Statement, with documentation of OPRHP's agreement with the resolution; or
 - (ii) documentation from OPRHP that the construction activity will result in No Impact; or
 - documentation from OPRHP providing a determination of No Adverse Impact; or
 - a Letter of Resolution signed by the owner/operator, OPRHP and the DEC APO which allows for the construction activity to be eligible for coverage under the general permit in terms of the State Historic Preservation Act (SHPA); or
- Documentation of satisfactory compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act for a coterminous project area;

- operator has obtained a permit issued pursuant to 5 NYCRR Part 132 for the project or the Department has issued a letter of non-junsifiction for the project All documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility shall be maintained on site in accordance with Part II 0.2 of this permit.
- Discharges which either cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards edopted purguant to the ECL and its accompanying regulations:
- 6. Construction activities for residential, commercial and institutional projects
 - Where the discharges from the construction activities are tributary to waters
 of the state classified as AA or AA-s; and
 - b. Which are undertaken on lend with no existing impervious cover; and
 - c. Which disturb one (1) or more acres of land designated on the current. United States Department of Agriculture (*USDA**) Soil Survey as Soil Slope Phase 'D', (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), or Soil Slope Phase 'E' or "F' tragardless of the map unit name), or a combination of the three designations.
- Constituction activities for linear transportation projects and linear utility projects:
 - Where the discharges from the construction activities are tributary to waters
 of the state classifled as AA or AA-s; and
 - b. Which are undertaken on land with no existing impervious cover, and
 - c. Which disturb two (2) or more acres of land designated on the current USDA Soil Survey as Soil Stope Phase "O" (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), or Soil Slope Phase "E" or "r" (regardless of the map unit name), or a combination of the three designations.

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- (i) No Affect
- (ii) No Adverse Affect
- (iii) Executed Memorandum of Agreement, or
- d. Documentation that:
- SHPA Section 14.09 has been completed by NYS DEC or another state agency.
- Discharges from construction activities that are subject to an existing SPDES
 individual or general permit where a SPDES permit for construction activity has
 been terminated or denied; or where the owner or operator has failed to renew
 an expired individual permit.

Part II. PERMIT COVERAGE

A. How to Obtain Coverage

- An owner or operator of a construction activity that is not subject to the
 requirements of a regulated, traditional tand use control MS4 must first prepare
 a SWPPP in accordance with all applicable requirements of this parmit and
 then submit a completed Notice of Intent (NOI) to the Department to be
 authorized to discharge under this permit.
- 2. An owner or operator of a construction activity that is subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4 must first prepare a SWPPP in accordance with all applicable requirements of this permit and then have the SWPPP reviewed and accepted by the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 prior to submitting the NOI to the Department. The owner or operator shall have the "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form signed in accordance with Part VILH., and then submit that form along with a completed NOI to the Department.
- 3. The requirement for an owner or operator to have its SWPPP reviewed and accepted by the regulated, traditional tand use control MS4 prior to submitting the NOI to the Department does not apply to an owner or operator that is obtaining permit coverage in accordance with the requirements in Part II.F. (Change of Owner or Operator) or where the owner or operator of the construction activity is the regulated, traditional tand use control MS4. This exemption does not apply to construction activities subject to the New York City Administrative Code.

B. Notice of Intent (NOI) Submittal

1 Prior to December 21, 2020, an owner or operator shall use either the electronic (sNOI) or baser version of the NOI that the Department prepared Both versions of the NOI are located on the Department, verbsite (http://www.deo.ny.gov/). The paper version of the NOI shall be signed in accordance with Part VII.H. of this permit and submitted to the following address.

NOTICE OF INTENT NYS DEC. Bureau of Water Permits 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505

- Beginning December 21, 2020 and in accordance with EPA's 2015 NPDES Electronic Reporting Role (40 GFR Part 127), the owner or operator must submit the NOI electronically using the Department's online NOI.
- The owner or operator shall have the SWPPP preparer sign the "SWPPP Preparer Certification" statement on the NOI prior to submitting the form to the Department.
- 4. As of the date the NOI is submitted to the Department, the owner or operator shall make the NOI and SWPPP available for review and copying in accordance with the requirements in Part VII.F. of this permit.

C. Parmit Authorization

- An owner or operator shall not commonce construction activity until their authorization to discharge under this permit goes into effect.
- Authorization to discharge under this permit will be effective when the owner or operator has satisfied all of the following criteria:
 - a. project review pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act ("SEQRA") have been satisfied, when SEQRA is applicable, See the Department's website (http://www.dec.ev.gov) for more information.
 - b. where required, all necessary Department permits subject to the Uniform Procedures Act (*UPA*) (see 6 NYCRR Part 621), or the equivalent from another New York State agency, have been obtained, unless otherwise notified by the Department pursuant to 6 NYCRR 621.3(át/4). Owners or operators of constituction artificials that are required to obtain UPA permits

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- For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4:
 - (i) Five (5) business days from the date the Department receives both a complete electronic version of the NOt (eNOI) and signed *MS4 SWPPP Acceptance* form, or
 - (ii) Tan (10) business days from the date the Department receives both a complete paper version of the NOI and signed "M\$4 SWPPP Acceptance" form.
- 4. Coverage under this permit authorizes storminater discharges from only those ereas of disturbance that are identified in the NOI. If an owner or operator wishes to have storminater discharges from future or additional areas of disturbance authorized, they must submit a new NOI that addresses that phase of the development, unless otherwise notified by the Department. The owner or operator shall not commence construction activity on the future or additional areas until their authorization to discharge under this permit goes into effect in accordance with Part II.C. of this permit.
- D. General Requirements For Owners or Operators With Permit Coverage
 - The owner or operator shall ensure that the provisions of the SWPPP are
 implemented from the commencement of construction activity until all areas of
 disturbance have achieved final stabilization and the Notice of Termination
 ("NOT") has been submitted to the Department in accordance with Part V. of
 this permit. This includes any changes made to the SWPPP pursuant to Part
 III.A.4. of this permit.
 - 2. The owner or operator shall maintain a copy of the General Permit (GP-0-20-001), NOI, NOI Acknowledgment Letter, SWPPP, MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form, inspection reports, responsible contractor's or subcontractor's certification statement (see Part III.A.S.), and all documentation necessary to demonstrate aligibility with this permit at the construction site until all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization and the NOT has been submitted to the Department. The documents must be maintained in a secure location, such as a job trailer, on-site construction office, or mailbox with lock. The secure location must be accessible during normal business hours to an inclividual performing a compliance inspection.
 - 3. The owner or operator of a construction activity shall not disturb greater than five (5) acres of soil at any one time without prior written authorization from the Department or, in areas under the jurisdiction of a regulated, traditional land

must submit a preliminary SWPPP to the appropriete DEC Permit Administrator at the Regional Office listed in Appendix F at the time all other necessary UPA permit applications are submitted. The preliminary SWPPP must include, sufficient information to demonstrate that the construction activity qualities for authorization uniter this permit.

- c. the final SWPPP has been prepared, and
- d. a complete NOI has been submitted to the Department in accordance with the requirements of this permit.
- An owner or operator that has satisfied the requirements of Part II.C.2 above vall be authorized to discharge stormweller from their construction activity in accordance with the following schedule:
 - For construction activities that are not subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4;
 - (i) Five (5) business days from the date the Department receives a complete electronic version of the NOt (cNOt) for construction activities with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Part III.8.1 and the performance criteria in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.8. 2 or 3, for construction activities that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C.; or
 - (ii) Sixty (80) business days from the date the Department receives a complete NOI (electronic or paper version) for constitution activities with a SWPPP that has not been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in technical standard referenced in Part III.B.T. or, for construction activities that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C., the performance criteria in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, or;
 - (iii) Ten (10) business days from the date the Department receives a complete paper version of the NOI for construction activities with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Part III.B.1 and the performance or tene in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B. 2 or 3, for construction activities that require post-construction standards management practices pursuant to Part III.C.

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use control MS4, the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 (provided the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 is not the owner or operator of the construction activity). At a minimum, the owner or operator must comply with the following requirements in order to be authorized to disturb greater than five 45 acres of soil at any one time:

- a. The owner or operator shall have a qualified inspector conduct at least two (2) site inspections in accordance with Part IV.C. of this permit every seven (7) catendar days, for as long as greater than five (5) acres of soll remain disturbed. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full catendar days.
- b. In areas where soil disturbance activity has temporarily or permanently ceased, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within seven (7) days from the date the current soil disturbance activity ceased. The soil stabilization measures selected shall be in conformance with the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016.
- c. The owner or operator shall prepare a phasing plan that defines maximum disturbed area per phase and shows required cuts and fills.
- The owner or operator shall install any additional site-specific practices needed to protect water quality.
- The owner or operator shall include the requirements above in their SWPPP.
- 4. In accordance with statute, regulations, and the terms and conditions of this permit, the Department may suspend or revoke an owner's or operator's coverage under this permit at any time if the Department determines that the SWPPP does not meet the permit requirements or consistent with Part VII.K...
- 5. Upon a finding of significant non-compliance with the practices described in the SWPPP or violation of this permit, the Department may order an immediate stop to all activity at the site until the non-compliance is remadled. The stop work order shall be in writing, describe the non-compliance in dotail, and be sent to the owner or operator.
- For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the owner or operator shall notify the

control MS4 prior to commencing construction of the post-construction stormwater management practice.

E. Permit Coverage for Discharges Authorized Under GP-0-15-002

 Upon renewal of SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity (Permit No. GP-0-15-002), an owner or operator of a construction activity with coverage under GP-0-15-002, as of the effective date of GP- 0-20-601, shall be authorized to discharge in accordance with GP- 0-20-001, unless otherwise notified by the Department.

An owner or operator may continue to implement the technical/design components of the post-construction stormwater management controls provided that such design was done in conformance with the technical standards in place at the time of initial project authorization. However, they must comply with the alber, non-design provisions of GP-0-20-001.

F. Change of Owner or Operator

- 1. When properly ownership changes or when there is a change in operational control over the construction plans and specifications, the original owner or operator must notify the new owner or operator, in writing, of the requirement to obtain permit coverage by submitting a NOI with the Department. For construction activities subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the original owner or operator must also notify the MS4. in writing, of the change in ownership at least 30 calendar days prior to the
- 2. Once the new owner or operator obtains permit coverage, the original owner or operator shall then submit a completed NOT with the name and permit identification number of the new owner or operator to the Department at the address in Part II.S.1. of this permit. If the original owner or operator maintains ownership of a portion of the construction activity and will disturb soil, they must maintain their coverage under the permit.
- 3. Permit coverage for the new owner or operator will be effective as of the date the Department receives a complete NOI, provided the original owner or

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- b. whenever there is a change in design, construction, or operation at the construction sile that has or could have an affect on the discharge of
- c. to address issues or deficiencies identified during an inspection by the qualified inspector, the Department or other regulatory authority; and
- d. to document the final construction conditions.
- The Department may solily the owner or operator at any time that the SWPPP does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of this permit. The notification shall be in writing and identify the provisions of the SWPPP that require modification. Within fourteen (14) calendar days of such notification, or as otherwise indicated by the Department, the owner or operator shall make the required changes to the SWPPP and submit written notification to the Department that the changes have been made. If the owner or operator does not respond to the Department's comments in the specified time frame, the Department may suspend the owner's or operator's coverage under this permit or require the owner or operator to obtain coverage under an individual SPDES permit in accordance with Part II.D.4, of this permit.
- 6. Prior to the commencement of construction activity, the owner or operator must identify the contractor(s) and subcontractor(s) that will be responsible for installing, constructing, repairing, replacing, inspecting and mandating the erosion and sediment control practices included in the SWPPP; and the contractor(s) and subcontractor(s) that will be responsible for constructing the gost-construction stormwater management practices included in the SWPPP The owner or operator shall have each of the contractors and subcontractors identify at least one person from their company that will be responsible for implementation of the SWPPP. This person shall be known as the trained contractor. The owner or operator shall ensure that at least one trained contractor is on site on a daily basis when soil disturbance activities are being performed.

The owner or operator shall have each of the contractors and subcontractors identified above sign a copy of the following certification statement below before they commence any construction activity:

"I heraby certify under penalty of law that I understand and agree to comply will the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the qualified inspector during a site inspection. I also understand that the owner or operator must comply with

operator was not subject to a sixty (60) business day authorization penori that has not expired as of the date the Department receives the NOI from the new

Part III. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

A. General SWPPP Requirements

- 1. A SWPPP shall be prepared and implemented by the owner or operator of each construction activity covered by this permit. The SWPPP must document the selection, design, installation, implementation and maintenance of the control measures and practices that will be used to meet the effluent limitations in Part I.S. of this permit and where applicable, the post-construction stormwater management practice requirements in Part I.C. of this permit. The SWPPP shall be prepared prior to the submittal of the NOt. The NOI shall be submitted to the Department prior to the commencement of construction activity. A copy of the completed, final NOI shall be included in the SWPPP.
- 2. The SWPPP shall describe the erosion and sediment control practices and where required, post-construction stormwater management practices that will be used and/or constructed to reduce the pollutants in stormwater discharges and to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of this parmit, In addition, the SWPPP shall identify potential sources of pollution which may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of stormwater discharges.
- 3. All SWPPPs that require the post-construction sformwater management practice component shall be prepared by a qualified professional that is knowledgeable in the principles and practices of stormwater management and
- d. The owner or operator must keep the SWPPP current so that it at all times accurately documents the erosion and sediment controls practices that are being used or will be used during construction, and all post-construction stormwater management practices that will be constructed on the site. At a minimum, the owner or operator shall amend the SWPPP, including construction drawings:
 - a. whenever the current provisions prove to be ineffective in minimizing pollularits in stormwater discharges from the site;

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the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Ellmination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, that I do not believe to be true, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations"

in addition to providing the certification statement above, the certification page must also identify the specific elements of the SWPPP that each contractor and subcontractor will be responsible for and include the name and title of the person providing the signature; the name and little of the trained contractor responsible for SWPPP implementation; the name, address and telephone number of the contracting firm; the address (or other identifying description) of the site; and the date the certification statement is signed. The owner or operator shall attach the certification statement(s) to the copy of the SWPPP that is maintained at the construction site. If new or additional contractors are hired to implement measures identified in the SWPPP after construction has commenced, they must also sign the certification statement and provide the information listed above

For projects where the Department requests a copy of the SWPPP or inspection reports, the owner or operator shall submit the documents in both electronic (PDF only) and paper format within five (5) business days, unless otherwise notified by the Department.

B. Required SWPPP Contents

- Erosion and sediment control component All SWPPPs prepared pursuant to this permit shall include erosion and sediment control practices designed in conformance with the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016, Where erosion and sediment control practices are not designed in conformance with the design criteria included in the technical standard, the owner or operator must demonstrate equivalence to the technical standard. At a minimum, the erosion and sediment control component of the SWPPP shall include the
 - a. Background information about the scope of the project, including the location, type and size of project

- b. A site mapiconstruction drawing(s) for the project, including a general focation map. At a minimum, the site map shall show the total site area, all improvements; areas of disturbance; areas that will not be disturbed, existing vegetation; on-site and edipoent off-site surface water(s); floodiptalriafloodway boundaries; wettands and drainage patterns that could be affected by the construction activity, existing and final confours; locations of different soft types with boundaries; materiat, waste, borrow or equipment storage areas located on adjacent properties, and location(s) of the storniwater discharge(s);
- A description of the soit(s) present at the site, including an identification of the Hydrotogic Soil Group (HSG);
- d. A construction phasting plan and sequence of operations describing the intended order of construction authories, including clearing and grubbing, exception and grading, utility and infrastructure installation and any other activity at the gite that results in soil disturbance;
- e. A description of the minimum erosion and sediment control practices to be installed or implemented for each construction activity that will result in soil disturbance, Include a schedular that identifies the timing of initial placement or implementation of each erosion and sediment control practice and the minimum time frames that each practice should remain in place or be implemented:
- f. A temporary and permanent soil stabilization plan that meets the requirements of this general permit and the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Coatrol, dated November 2016, for each stage of the project, including initial land clearing and grubbing to project completion and achievement of final stabilization;
- A site map/construction drawing(s) showing the specific location(s), size(s), and length(s) of each erosion and sediment control practice;
- n. The dimensions, material specifications, installation details, and operation and maintenance requirements for all prosion and sediment control practices. Include the location and string of any temporary sediment basins and structural practices that will be used to divert flows from exposed soils;
- A maintenance inspection schedule for the contractor(s) identified in Part III.A.6, of this permit, to ensure continuous and effective operation of the erosion and sediment control practices. The maintenance inspection

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- A site map/construction drawing(s) showing the specific location and size of each post-construction stormwater management practice;
- c. A Stormwater Modeling and Analysis Report that includes:

 (i) Map(s) showing pre-development conditions, including
 - Map(s) showing pre-development conditions, including watershed/subcatchments boundaries, flow paths/routing, and design points;
 - (ii) Map(s) showing post-development conditions, including watershed/subcatchments boundaries. Now pathe/routing, design points and gost-construction stormwater management practices;
 - (iii) Results of etomwater modeling (i.e. hydrology and hydraulic analysis) for the required storm events, include supporting calculations (model runs), methodology, and a summery table that compares pre and postdevelopment runoff rates and volumes for the different storm events;
 - (iv) Summary table, with supporting calculations, which demonstrates that each post-construction stormwater management practice has been designed in conformance with the sizing criteria included in the Design Manual:
 - (v) Identification of any sizing criteria that is not required based on the requirements included in Part I.C. of this permit; and
 - (vi) Identification of any elements of the design that are not in conformance with the performance effects in the Design Manual. Include the reason(s) for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or elternative design is equivalent to the Design Manual;
- d. Soil testing results and locations (test pits, borings);
- a. Infiltration test results, when required; and
- f. An operations and maintenance plan that includes inspection and maintenance schedules and actions to ensure continuous and effective operation of each post-construction stormwater management practice. The plan shall Identify the entity that will be responsible for the leng term operation and maintenance of each practice.

- schedule shall be in accordance with the requirements in the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Spatiment Control, dated November 2018,
- A description of the pollution prevention measures that will be used to control litter, construction chemicals and construction debris from becoming a pollutant source in the stormwater discharges;
- k A description and location of any stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity other than construction at the site, including, but not limited to, stormwater discharges from asphalt plants and concrete plants located on the construction site; and
- Identification of any elements of the design that are not in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016. Include the reason for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or atternative design is equivalent to the technical standard.
- 2. Post-construction stormwater management practice component The owner or operator of any construction project identified in Table 2 of Appendix B as needing post-construction stormwater management practices shall prepare a SWPPP that includes practices designed in conformance with the applicable stable or other in Part I.C.2.a., c. or d. of this permit and the performance criteria in the technical standard, New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual dated January 2015.

Where post-construction stormwater management practices are not designed in conformance with the performance criteria in the technical standard, the owner or operator must include in the SWPPP the reason(s) for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is equivalent to the technical standard.

The post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP shall include the following:

 Identification of all post-construction stomwater management practices to be constructed as part of the project, include the dimensions, material specifications and installation details for each post-construction stormwater management practice;

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- 3. Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards All construction projects identified in Table 2 of Appendix B that are located in the watersheds identified in Appendix C shall prepare a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with the applicable string ordina in Part I.C.2. b., c. or d. of this permit and the performance orderie. Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards included in the Design Manual. At a minimum, the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP shall include items 2.a 2.f. above.
- C. Required SWPPP Components by Project Type

Unless otherwise notified by the Department, owners or operators of construction activities identified in Table 1 of Appendix 8 are required to prepare a SWPPP that only includes erosion and sediment control practices designed in conformance with Part III.8.1 of this permit. Owners or operators of the construction activities identified in Table 2 of Appendix 8 shall prepare a SWPPP that elso includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with Part III.8.2 or 3 of this permit.

Part IV. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Construction Sile Inspection and Maintenance Requirements
 - The owner or operator must ensure that all erosion and sediment control
 practices (including pollution prevention measures) and all post-construction
 stormwater management practices identified in the SWPPP are inspected and
 maintained in accordance with Part IV.B, and C. of this permit.
 - 2. The terms of this pennit shall not be construed to prohibit the State of New York from exercising any authority pursuant to the ECL, common law or federal law, or prohibit New York State from taking any measures; whether civil or criminal, to prevent violations of the laws of the State of New York or protect the public health and safety and/or the environment.
- B. Contractor Maintenance Inspection Requirements
 - The owner or operator of each construction activity identified in Tables 1 and 2
 of Appendix B shall have a trained contractor inspect the erosion and sediment
 control practices and pollution prevention measures being implemented within
 the active work area daily to ensure that they are being maintained in effective
 operating condition at all times. It deficiencies are identified, the contractor shall

- beam implementing corrective actions within one business day and shall complete the corrective actions in A reasonable time frame
- 2. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g. winter shuldown) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed ereas, the trained contractor can stop conducting the maintenance inspections. The trained contractor shall begin conducting the maintenance inspections in accordance with Part IV.B.1 of this parmit as soon as soil disturbance activities resume
- 3. For construction siles where soil disturbance admittes have been shut down with partial project completion, the trained contractor can stop conducting the maintenance inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown data have achieved final stabilization and all post-construction etornwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational.

C. Qualified Inspector Inspection Requirements

The owner or operator shall have a qualified inspector conduct site inspections in conformance with the following requirements:

(Note: The trained contractor identified in Part III.A.6, and IV.B. of this permit cannot conduct the qualified inspector sile inspections unless they meet the qualified inspector qualifications included in Appendix A. In order to perform these inspections, the trained contractor would have to be a:

- licensed Professional Engineer, Cartified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC).
- New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder
- Registered Landscepe Architect, or
- someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity).
- 1. A qualified inspector shall conduct site inspections for all construction activities identified in Tables 1 and 2 of Appendix B. with the exception of
 - s. the construction of a single family residential subdivision with 25% or less impervious cover at total site build out that involves a soil disturbance of one (1) or more acres of land but less than five (5) acres and is not located

- d. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been shut down with partial project completion, the qualified inspector can stop conducting inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved final stabilization and all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational. The owner or operator shall notify the DOW Water (SPDES) Program contact at the Regional Office (see contact information in Appendix F) or, in areas under the jurisdiction of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 (provided the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 is not the owner or operator of the construction activity) in writing odor to the shutdown, if soil disturbance activities are not resumed within 2 years from the date of shutdown, the owner or operator shall have the qualified inspector perform a line! inspection and certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization, and all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed; and that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP by signing the "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction Stormwater Management Practice' certification statements on the NOT. The owner or operator shall then submit the completed NOT form to the address in Part II.B.1 of this nermit.
- e. For construction sites that directly discharge to one of the 303(d) segments flated in Appendix E or is located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C, the qualified inspector shall conduct at least two (2) site inspections every seven (7) calendar days. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full calendar days,
- 3. At a minimum, the qualified inspector shall inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures to ensure integrity and effectiveness, all post-construction stormwater management practices under construction to ensure that they are constructed in conformance with the SWPPP, all areas of disturbance that have not achieved final stabilization, all points of discharge to natural surface waterbodies located within, or immediately adjacent to, the properly boundaries of the construction site, and all points of discharge from the construction sile.
- 4 The qualified inspector shall prepare an inspection report subsequent to each and every inspection. At a minimum, the inspection report shall include and/or address the following

- in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C and god directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments tisted in Appendix E,
- b. the construction of a single family home that involves a soil disturbance of one (1) or more acres of land but less than five (5) acres and is not located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C and not directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E.
- c. construction on agricultural property that involves a suit disturbance of one (1) or more acres of land but less than five (5) acres; and
- d. construction activities located in the watersheds identified in Appendix D that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of land.
- 2. Unless otherwise notified by the Department, the qualified inspector shall conduct site inspections in accordance with the following timetable:
 - For construction sites where soil disturbance activities are on-going, the qualified inspector shall conduct a site inspection at least once every seven (7) catendar days
- b. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities are on-going and the owner or operator has received authorization in accordance with Part II.D.3 to disturb greater than five (5) acros of soit at any one time, the qualified inspector shall conduct at least two (2) site inspections every seven (7) calendar days. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full catendar days.
- c. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g. winter shutdown) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the qualified inspector shall conduct a site inspection at least once every thirty (30) calendar days. The owner or operator shall cotify the DOW Water (SPDES) Program contact at the Regional Office (see contact information in Appendix F) or, in areas under the jurisdiction of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 (provided the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 is not the owner or operator of the construction activity) in writing prior to reducing the frequency of inspections

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- a. Date and time of inspection:
- b. Name and title of person(s) performing inspection;
- c. A description of the weather and soil conditions (e.g. dry, wet, saturated) at
- d. A description of the condition of the runoff at all points of discharge from the construction site. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment from the construction site. Include discharges from conveyance systems (i.e. pipes, culverts, ditches, etc.) and overland flow;
- A description of the condition of all natural surface waterbodies located within, or immediately adjacent to, the property boundaries of the construction site which receive runoff from disturbed areas. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment to the surface
- f. Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures that need repair or maintenance;
- g. Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures that were not installed properly or are not functioning as designed and need to be reinstalled or replaced;
- Description and sketch of areas with active soil disturbance activity, areas that have been disturbed but are inactive at the time of the inspection, and areas that have been stabilized (temporary and/or final) since the last insoection:
- Current phase of construction of all post-construction stormwater management practices and identification of all construction that is not in conformance with the SWPPP and technical standards;
- j. Corrective action(s) that must be taken to install, repair, replace or maintain erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures; and to correct deficiencies identified with the construction of the postconstruction stormwater management practice(s);
- k. Identification and status of all corrective actions that were required by previous inspection; and

- 5. Within one business day of the completion of an inspection, the qualified inspector shall notify the owner or operator and appropriate contractor or subcontractor Identified in Part III A.B. of this permit of any corrective actions that need to be taken. The contractor or subcontractor shall begin implementing the corrective actions within one business day of this notification and shall complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame.
- All inspection reports shall be aigned by the qualified inspector. Pursuant to Part II.D.2. of this permit, the inspection reports shall be maintained on site with the SWPPP

Part V. TERMINATION OF PERMIT COVERAGE

A. Termination of Permit Coverage

- An owner or operator that is eligible to terminate coverage under this permit must submit a completed NOT form to the address in Part II,B.1 of this permit, The NOT form shall be one which is associated with this permit, signed in accordance with Part VII.H of this permit.
- An owner or operator may terminate coverage when one or more the following conditions have been met:
 - a. Total project completion All construction activity identified in the SWPPP has been completed; and all areas of disturbance have achieved final stabilization; and all temporary, structural enceion and sediment control measures have been removed; and all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational.

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- an executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s),
- c. for post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, the owner or operator has a dischanism in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practica(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the owner or operator's deed of record.
- d. for post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university, hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility, the owner or operator has policy and procedures in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practices in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan.

Part VI. REPORTING AND RETENTION RECORDS

A. Record Retention

The owner or operator shall retain a copy of the NOI, NOI Acknowledgment Letter, SWPPP, MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form and any inspection reports that were prepared in conjunction with this permit for a period of at least five (5) years from the date that the Department receives a complete NOT submitted in accordance with Part V. of this general permit.

8. Addresses

With the exception of the NOI, NOT, and MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form (which must be submitted to the address referenced in Part II.B.1 of this permit), all written correspondence requested by the Department, including individual permit applications, shall be sent to the address of the appropriate DOW Water (SPDES) Program contact at the Regional Office listed in Appendix F.

Part VII. STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

A. Duty to Comply

The owner or operator must comply with all conditions of this permit. All contractors and subcontractors associated with the project must comply with the terms of the SWPPP. Any non-compliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Water

- b. Planned shuldown with pertial project completion All soil disturbance activities have consect, and all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved final stabilization; and all temporary, shuctural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed; and all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWIPPE and are operational;
- A new owner or operator has obtained coverage under this permit in accordance with Part II. F. of this permit.
- d. The owner or operator obtains coverage under an alternative SPDES general permit or an individual SPDES permit.
- 3. For construction activities receiting subdivision 2a, or 2b, of this Part, the owner or operator shall have the qualified inspector perform a final site inspection prior to submilling the NOT. The qualified inspector shall, by signing its "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction Stormwater Management Practice certification statements on the NOT, certify that all the requirements in Part V.A.2.a, or b, of this permit have been achieved.
- 4. For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional tand use control MS4 and meet subdivision 2s. or 2b. of this Part, the owner or operator shall have the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 sign the "MS4 Acceptance" statement on the NOT in accordance with the requirements in Part VII.H. of this permit. The regulated, traditional land use control MS4 official, by signing this statement, has determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator to submit the NOT in accordance with the requirements of this Part. The regulated, traditional land use control MS4 can make this determination by performing a final site inspection themselves or by accepting the qualified inspector's final site inspection certification(s) required in Part V.A.3 of this permit.
- For construction activities that require post-construction stormweter management practices and meet subdivision Za, of this Part, the owner or operator must, prior to submitting the NOT, ensure one of the following:
 - a. the post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-ofway(s) needed to maintain such practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality in which the practice(s) is located.

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Act (CWA) and the ECL and is grounds for an enforcement action against the owner or operator and/or the contractor/subcontractor; permit revocation, suspansion or modification; or dental of a permit renewal application. Upon a finding of significant non-compliance with this permit or the applicable SWPPP, the Department may order an immediate stop to all construction activity at the site until the non-compliance is remedied. The stop work order shall be in writing, shall describe the non-compliance in detail, and shall be sent to the owner or operator.

If any frumen remains or archaeological remains are encountered during excavation, the owner or operator must immediately cease, or causa to cease, all construction activity in the area of the remains and notify the appropriate Regional Water Engineer (RWE). Construction activity shall not resume until written permission to do so has been received from the RWE.

B. Continuation of the Expired General Permit

This permit expires five (5) years from the effective date. If a new general permit is not issued prior to the expiration of this general permit, an *owner or operator* with coverage under this permit may continue to operate and discherge in accordance with the terms and conditions of this general permit, if it is extended persuant to the State Administrative Procedure Act and 3 NYCRR Part 621, until a new general permit is issued.

C. Enforcement

Failure of the owner or operator, its contractors, subcontractors, agents and/or assigns to strictly adhere to any of the permit requirements contained herain shall constitute a violation of this permit. There are substantial criminal, civil, and administrative penalties associated with violating the provisions of this permit. Fines of up to \$37,500 per day for each violation and imprisonment for up to fifteen (15) years may be assessed depending upon the nature and degree of the offense.

D. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for an owner or operator in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or radice the construction activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this penals.

E. Duty to Mitigate

The owner or operator and its contractors and subcontractors shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any disobarga in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likeliflood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

F. Duty to Provide Information

The owner or operator shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable specified time period of a written request, all documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility and rany information to determine compliance with this permit or to determine otherher cause exists for modifying or revoking this permit, or suspending or denying coverage under this permit, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit. The NOI, SWPPP and inspection reports required by this permit are public documents that the owner or operator must make available for review and copying by any person within five (5) business days of the owner or operator receiving a written request by any such person to review these documents. Copying of documents will be done at the requester's expense.

G. Other Information

When the owner or operator becomes aware that they failed to submit any relevant facts, or supmitted incorrect information in the NOI or in any of the documents required by this permit, or have made substantive revisions to the SWPPP (e.g. the scope of the project changes significantly, the type of post-construction stormwater management practices(s) changes, there is a reduction in the sizing of the post-construction stormwater management practice, or there is an increase in the disturbance area or impervious area), which were not reflected in the original NOI submitted to the Department, they shall promptly submit such facts or information to the Department using the contact information in Part II.A of this permit. Failure of the owner or operator to correct or supplement any relevant facts within five (5) business days of becoming aware of the deficiency shall constitute a violation of this permit.

H. Signatory Requirements

- 1. All NOts and NOTs shall be signed as follows;
 - For a corporation these forms shall be signed by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means;

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superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position) and,

- The written authorization shall include the name, title and signature of the authorized representative and be attached to the SWPPP.
- All inspection reports shall be signed by the qualified inspector that performs the inspection.
- The MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form shall be signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official from the regulated, traditional land use control MS4, or by a duly authorized representative of that person,

It shall constitute a permit violation if an incorrect and/or improper signatory authorizes any required forms, SWPPP and/or inspection reports.

I. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, nor any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property nor any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State or local laws or regulations. Owners or operators must obtain any applicable conveyances, essements, licenses and/or access to real property prior to commencing construction activity.

J. Soverábility

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit shall not be affected thereby.

K. Regulrement to Obtain Coverage Under an Alternative Permit

 The Department may require any owner or operator authorized by this permit to apply for antifor obtain either an individual SPDES permit or another SPDES general permit. When the Department requires any discharger authorized by a general permit to apply for an individual SPDES permit. It shall notify the discharger in writing that a permit application is required. This notice shall

- (ii) a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal quariess function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation; or
- (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production or operating facilities, provided the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are satablished or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures;
- For a partnership or sole proprietorship these forms shall be signed by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- c. For a muscipality, State, Federal, or other public agency these forms shall be signed by either a principal executive officer or making elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes:
 - (i) the chief executive officer of the agency, or
 - a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., Regional Administrators of EPA).
- The SWPPP and other information requested by the Department shall be signed by a person described in Part VII.H.1 of this permit or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - The authorization is made in writing by a person described in Part VII.H. f. of this permit;
 - b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field,

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Part (III K.)

include a brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a time frame for the owner or operator to fill the the application for an individual SPDES permit, and a deadline, not sooner than 180 days from owner or operator receipt of the notification fetter, whereby the authorization to discharge under this general permit shall be terminated. Applications must be submitted to the appropriate Permit Administrator at the Regional Office. The Department may grant additional time upon demonstration, to the satisfaction of the Department, that additional time to apply for an alternative authorization is necessary or where the Department has not provided a permit determination in accordance with Part 521 of this Title.

2. When an Individual SPDES permit is issued to a discharger authorized to discharge under a general SPDES permit for the same discharge(s), the general permit authorization for outfalls authorized under the individual SPDES permit is automatically terminated on the effective date of the individual permit unless termination is earlier in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 750.

L. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The owner or operator shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtanances) which are installed or used by the owner or operator to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit and with the requirements of the SWPPP.

M. Inspection and Entry

The owner or operator shall allow an authorized representative of the Department, EPA, applicable county health department, or, in the case of a construction site which discharges through an MS4, an authorized representative of the MS4 receiving the discharge, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- Enter upon the owner's or operator's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- Have access to and copy at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit, and

- 3 Inspect at reasonable dines any facilities or equipment (including monitoring) and control equipment), practices or operations required or required by this
- 4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Act or ECL, any substances or garameters at any location.

N. Permit Actions

This permit may, at any time, be modified, suspended, revoked, or renewed by the Department in accordance with 8 NYCRR Part 621. The filling of a request by the owner or operator for a permit modification, revocation and reissuence, termination, a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not limit, diminish. and/or stay compliance with any terms of this permit.

O. Definitions

Definitions of key terms are included to Acceptly A of this permit.

P. Re-Opener Clause

- 1, If there is evidence indicating potential or realized impacts on water quality due to any stormwater discharge associated with construction activity covered by this permit, the owner or operator of such discharge may be required to obtain an individual permit or atternative general permit in accordance with Part VII.K. of this permit or the permit may be modified to include different limitations and/or requirements
- 2. Any Department initiated permit modification, suspension or revocation will be conducted in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 521, 5 NYCRR 750-1 18, and 6 NYCRR 750-1.20.

Q. Penaities for Falsification of Forms and Reports

in accordance with SNYCRR Part 750-2.4 and 750-2.5, any person who knowingly makes any false material statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report or other document filed or required to be maintained under this permit, including reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished in accordance with ECL §71-1933 and or Articles 175 and 210 of the New York State

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APPENDIX A - Acronyms and Definitions

Acronyms

APO - Agency Preservation Officer

BMP - Best Management Practice CPESC - Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control

Cpv - Channel Protection Volume CWA - Clean Water Act (or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. §1251 et

seq) DOW - Division of Water

EAF – Environmental Assessment Form ECL - Environmental Conservation Law EPA – U. S. Environmental Protection Agency-

HSG - Hydrotogic Soil Group

MS4 - Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

NOI - Notice of Intent

NOT - Notice of Termination NPDES - National Pollulant Oischarge Elimination System

OPRHP - Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Places

Of - Extreme Flood

Qp - Overbank Flood RRv - Runoff Reduction Volume

RWE - Regional Water Engineer SEQR - State Environmental Quality Review

SEORA - State Environmental Quality Review Act SHPA - State Historic Preservation Act

SPICES - State Pollutant Discharge Elinination System SWPPP - Stamwater Pollution Prevention Plan TMDL - Total Maximum Daily Load UPA - Uniform Procedures Act

USDA - United States Department of Agriculture WQv - Water Quality Volume

R. Other Permits

Nothing in this parmit relieves the owner or operator from a requirement to obtain any other permits required by law.

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Definitions

All definitions in this section are solely for the purposes of this permit. Agricultural Building — a structure designed and constructed to house farm implements, hay, grain, poultry, livestock or other horticultural products; excluding any structure designed, constructed or used, in whole or in part, for human habitation, as a place of employment where agricultural products are processed, treated or packaged, or as a place used by the public.

Agricultural Property -means the land for construction of a barn, agricultural building. Agricultural Property—Interns the bird for constitucion of a barn, agricultural braining, silo, stockyard, pen or other structural practices identified in Table II in the "Agricultural Management Practices Calalog for Nonpoint Source Pollution in New York State" prepared by the Department in cooperation with agencies of New York Nonpoint Source Coordinating Committee (dated June 2007).

Alter Hydrology from Pre to Post-Development Conditions - means the post-development peak flow rate(s) has increased by more than 5% of the pre-developed condition for the design storm of interest (e.g. 10 yr and 106 yr).

Combined Sewer • means a sewer that is designed to collect and convey both sewage" and "stomwater".

Commence (Commencement of) Construction Activities - means the initial disturbance of soils associated with cleaning, grading or excavation activities; or other construction related activities that disturb or expose soils such as demolition, stockpilling of fill material, and the initial installation of erosion and sediment control practices required in the SWPPP. See definition for "Construction Activity(test" also.

Construction Activity(ies) - means any cleaning, grading, excavation, filling, demolition or stockpling activities that result in soil disturbance. Clearing activities can include, but are not limited to, logging equipment operation, the cutting and skidding of trees, stump removal and/or brush root removal. Construction activity does not include routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of a facility.

Construction Site - means the land area where construction activity(ies) vall occur, See definition for "Commence (Commencement of) Construction Activities" and "Larger Common Plan of Development or Sale" also.

Dewatering – means the act of draining rainwater and/or groundwater from building foundations, vaults or excavations/trenches.

Direct Disobarge (to a specific surface waterbody) -means that runoff llows from a construction site by overland flow and the first point of discharge is the specific surface waterbody, or runoff flows from a construction site to a separate storm sewer system

and the first point of discharge from the separate storm sewer system is the apsorbic surface waterbody

Discharge(s) - means any addition of any pollutant to waters of the State through an

Embankment -means an earthen or rock slope that supports a roadinghwey.

Endangered or Threatened Species - see 6 NYCRR Part 182 of the Department's rules and regulations for definition of terms and requirements

Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) - means chapter 43-8 of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, entitled the Environmental Conservation Law.

Equivalent (Equivalence) – means that the practice or measure meets all the performance, tongewity, maintenance, and safety objectives of the technical standard and will provide an equat or greater degree of water quality protection.

Final Stabilization - means that all soil disturbance activities have ceased and a Final stabilization - means that all solid disturbance activities have ceased and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (30) percent over the entire pervious surface has been established; or other equivalent stabilization measures, such as permanent tandscape mulches, rock rip-rep or weshed/crushed stone have been applied on all disturbed areas that are not covered by permanent structures, concrete or

General SPDES permit - means a SPDES permit issued pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 750-1.21 and Section 79-0117 of the ECL authorizing a category of discharges.

Groundwater(s) - means waters in the saturated zone. The saturated zone is a subsurface zone in which all the interstices are filled with water under pressure greater than that of the atmosphere. Although the zone may contain gas-filled marstices or interstices filled with fluids other than water, it is still considered saturated.

Historic Property – means any building, structure, site, object or district that is listed on the State or National Registers of Historic Places or is determined to be eligible for listing on the State or National Registers of Historic Places.

Impervious Area (Cover) - means all impermeable surfaces that cannot effectively infiltrate rainfalt. This includes pawed, concrete and gravel surfaces (i.e. parking lots, driveways, roads, runways and sidewalks); building rooflops and miscellaneous impermaable structures such as patios, pools, and sheds.

infeasible \sim means not technologically possible, or not economically preclicable and achievable in fight of best industry practices.

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New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program - a certificate program that establishes and maintains a process to identify and racognize individuals who are capable of developing, designing, inspecting and maintaining erosion and sediment control plans on projects that disturb solls in New York State. The certificate program is administered by the New York State Conservation Distinct Employees

NOI Acknowledgment Letter - means the letter that the Department sends to an owner or operator to acknowledge the Department's receipt and acceptance of a complete Notice of Intent. This telter documents the owner's or operator's authorization to discharge in accordance with the general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activity.

Nonpoint Source - means any source of water pollution or pollutants which is not a discrete conveyance or point source permitted pursuant to Title 7 or 3 of Article 17 of the Environmental Conservation Law (see ECL Section 17-1403).

Overbank -means flow events that exceed the capacity of the stream channel and spill out into he adjacent floodplam.

Owner or Operator - means the person, persons or legal entity which owns or leases the properly on which the construction activity is occurring; an entity that has operational control over the construction plans and specifications, including the ability to make modifications to the plans and specifications; and/or an entity that has day-to-day operational control of those activities at a project that are necessary to ensure compliance with the permit conditions.

Performance Criteria – means the design criteria listed under the "Required Elements" sections in Chapters 5, 6 and 10 of the technical standard, New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual, dated January 2016. It does not include the Sizing Criteria (i.e. WQv, RRv, Cpv, Qp and Qf) in Part I.C.2. of the permit.

Point Source - means any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, charmel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fessure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, vessel or other floating craft, or landfill leadlette collection system from which pollutants are or may be discharged.

Pollutant - means dredged spoil, litter backwash, solid waste, incinerator residue Foliable freeing of eagles point, microscarractin, and deale, important results, sewage, groupe, sewage, groupe, sewage, groupe, sewage, groupe, biological materials, redioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand and inclustrial. municipal, agricultural waste and ballast discharged into water; which may cause or might reasonably be expected to cause pollution of the waters of the state in contravention of the standards or guidance values adopted as provided in 6 NYCRR Parts 700 et seq

Larger Common Plan of Development or Sale - means a conliquous area where Larger common tran of betweepment or Sale - means a consigence area where one plan. The term 'plan' in 'larger common plan of development or sale' is broadly defined as any announcement or piece of documentation including a sign, public notice or hearing, marketing plan, advertisement, drawing, permit application, State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) environmental assessment from or other decrements, provided the provided of the provided decrements. documents, coning request, computer design, etc.) or physical demarcation (including boundary signs, lot stakes, surveyor markings, etc.) indicating that construction activities may occur on a specific plot.

For discrete construction projects that are located within a larger common plan of development or sale that are at least 1/4 mile apart, each project can be treated as a separate plan of development or sale provided any interconnecting road, pipeline or utility project that is part of the same "common plan" is not concurrently being disturbed.

Minimize - means reduce and/or aliminate to the extent achievable using control measures (including best management practices) that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practices

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) - a conveyance of system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gullars, ditches, man-mode channels, or storm draina):

- (i) Owned or operated by a State, city, town, borough, county, parish, district, association, or other public body (created by or pursuant to State law) having jurisdiction over disposal of sawage, industriel wastes, stormwater, or other junishusuru vari unsposai or sawage, industinel wastes, stormwater, or other wastes, including apecial districts, under State law such as a sewer district, flood control district or drainage district, or similar entity, or an Indian tribe or an authorized Indian tribal organization, or a designated and approved management agency under section 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters of the State;

 (ii) Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;

- (iii) Which is not a combined sewer, and (iv) Which is not part of a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (PCTW) as defined at 40 CFR 122.2.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) - means the national system for the issuance of wastewater and stormwater permits under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act).

Natural Buffer -means an undisturbed area with natural cover running along a surface water (e.g. wetland, stream, river, take, atc.),

New Development - means any land disturbance that does not meet the definition of Redevelopment Activity included in this appendix.

Qualified Inspector - means a person that is knowledgeable in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control, such as a licensed Professional Engineer, Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), Registered Landscape Architect, New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder or other Department andorsed individual(s).

It can also mean someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided that person has training in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control. Training in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control means that the individual working under the direct supervision of the ticensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect has received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity. After receiving the initial training, the intividual working under the direct supervision of the Econsed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect shall receive four (4) hours of training every three (3) years. training every three (3) years.

It can also mean a person that meets the Qualified Professional qualifications in addition to the Qualified Inspector qualifications.

Note: Inspections of any post-construction stormwater management practices that include structural components, such as a dam for an impoundment, shall be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer

Qualified Professional - means a person that is knowledgeable in the principles and Qualified Professional - means a person that is knowledgeable in the principles and practices of slomwater management and treatment, such as a ficensed Professional Engineer, Registered Landscape Architect or other Department endorsed individuals, Individuals preparing SWPPPs that require the post-construction stormwater management practice component must have an understanding of the principles of hydrology, water quality management practice design, water quantity control design, and, in many cases, the principles of hydrautics. All components of the SWPPP that involve the practice of engineering, as defined by the NYS Education Law (see Article 145), shall be prepared by, or under the direct supervision of, a professional engineer licensed to practice in the Stelo of New York.

Redevelopment Activity(ies) – means the disturbance and reconstruction of existing impervious area, including impervious areas that were removed from a project site within five (5) years of preliminary project plan submission to the tocal government (i.e. site plan, subdivision, etc.).

Regulated, Traditional Land Use Control MS4 - means a city, town or village with land use control authority that is authorized to discharge under New York State ΩEC 's

SPDES General Permit For Stermweler Discharges from Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Systems (MS4s) or the City of New York's Individual SPDES Permit for their Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (NY-0287890).

Routine Maintenance Activity - means construction activity that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or anginal purpose of a facility, including, but not limited to:

- Re-grading of grayel roads or parking lots.
- Regretating or juster rotate to planning lars.
 Cleaning and shaping of existing roadside ditches and culverts that maintains the approximate original line and grade, and hydroulic capacity of the dikts.
 Cleaning and shaping of existing coadside filtches that does not meintain the approximate original grade, hydraulic capacity and purpose of the disch. If the changes to the line and grade, hydraulic capacity or purpose of the ditch are installed to improve water quality and quantity controls (e.g. installing grass
- fined dilch). Placement of aggregate shoulder backing that stabilizes the transition between
- the road shoulder and the dilch or ambantment.

 Full depth milling and filling of existing asphalt pavenients, replacement of concrete pavenient slabs, and aimlier work that does not expose soil or disturb the bottom six (6) inches of subbase material,
- Long-term use of equipment storage areas at or near highway maintenance
- Removal of sediment from the edge of the highway to restore a previously existing sheet-flow drainage connection from the highway surface to the highway dilch or ambankment.
- Existing use of Canal Corp owned upland disposal sites for the canal, and
- Replacement of curbs, gultars, sidewalks and guide rail posts.

Site limitations - means site conditions that prevent the use of an infiltration technique and or infiltration of the total WQv. Typical site limitations include; seasonal high groundwater, shallow depth to bedrock, and soils with an infiltration rate less than 0.5 inches/hour. The existence of sile limitations shall be confirmed and documented using actual field teating (i.e. test pits, soil borings, and inflitration test) or using information from the most current United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Survey for the County where the project is localed.

Sizing Criteria - means the criteria included in Part I.C.2 of the permit that are used to size post-construction stormwater management control practices. The orienta include, Water Quality Volume (WQv), Runolf Reduction Volume (RRv), Channel Protection Volume (Cpv), Overbank Flood (Cip), and Extreme Flood (Cif).

State Pollutant Discharge Ellimination System (SPDES) - means the system established pursuant to Article 17 of the ECL and 6 NYCRR Part 750 for issuance of permits authorizing discharges to the waters of the state.

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training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity. After receiving the initial training, the trained contractor shall receive four (4) hours of training every three (3)

It can also mean an employee from the contracting (construction) company, identified in Pan III.A.6., that meets the *qualified inspector* qualifications (e.g. licensed Professional Engineer, Certified Professionel in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), Registered Landscape Architect, New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder, or someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper rosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity).

The trained contractor is responsible for the day to day implementation of the SWPPP.

Uniform Procedures Act (UPA) Permit - means a permit required under 6 NYCRR Part 621 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), Article 70.

Water Quality Standard - means such measures of purity or quality for any waters in relation to their reasonable and necessary use as promolgated in 6 NYCRR Part 700 at 500.

Steep Slope – means land area designated on the current United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") Soil Survey, as Boil Slope Phase "D", (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), or Soil Slope Phase E or F, (regardless of the map unit name), or a combination of the three designations.

Streambank - as used in this permit, means the terrain alongside the bed of a creek or stream. The bank consists of the sides of the channel, between which the flow is confined.

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) - means a project specific report, including construction fravings, that among other things, describes the construction activity(es), identifies the potential sources of pollution at the construction site; describes and shows the stormwater controls that will be used to control the pollutants (i.e. erosion and saliment controls; for many projects, includes post-construction stormwater management controls; and identifies procedures the owner or operator will implement to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit. See Part III of the parmit for a complete description of the information that must be included in the SWPPP.

Surface Waters of the State - shall be construed to include takes, bays, sounds ponds, impounding reservoirs, springs, rivers, streams, creeks, estuaries, marshes, inlets, conals, the Allantic opean within the territorial seas of the state of New York and all other bodies of surface water, natural or artificial, inland or coestal, fresh or salt. public or private. (except those private waters that do not combine or effect a unction with natural surface waters), which are wholly or partially within or bordering the state or within its jurisdiction. Waters of the state are further defined in 6 NYCRR Pans 800 to

Temporarily Ceased - means that an existing disturbed area will not be disturbed again within 14 calendar days of the previous soil disturbance

Temporary Stabilization - means that exposed soil has been covered with material(s) as set forth in the technical standard, New York Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, to prevent the exposed soil from eroding. The materials can include, but are not limited to, mutch, seed and mutch, and erosion control mate (e.g. jute twisted yarn, excelsior wood fiber mats).

Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) - A TMDL is the sum of the allowable loads of a single pollutant from all contributing point and nonpoint sources. It is a calculation of the maximum amount of a pollutant that a waterbody can receive on a daily basis and still meet water quality standards, and an allocation of that amount to the pollutant's sources. A TMCL stipulates wasteload allocations (WLAs) for point source discharges, load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources, and a margin of safety (MOS).

Trained Contractor - means an employee from the contracting (construction) company, identified in Part III.A.6., that has received four (4) hours of Department endorsed

APPENDIX 8 - Required SWPPP Components by Project Type

Table 1

Construction Activities that Require the Preparation of a SWPPP That Only Includes Erosion and Sediment Controls

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of nd, but less than five (5) acres:

- Single finally home nei located an one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C or not directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E. Single family residential subdivisions with 25% or less imperious down at lotal site build-out and applicated in one of the watershed sited in Appendix C and and directly discharging to and of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E.
- Construction of a barn or other agricultural building, sto, stock yard bit par

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5000) are feet and one (1) acre of land:

Alf vanstruction activities located in the watersheds identified in Appendix O that lovolus soil disturbances between live thousand (\$.000) square foot and one (1) acre of fund.

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one [1] or more acres of

- Installation of underground, linear utilities; such as gas linea, fiber-cable, pable TV, electric telephone, sawar minns, and water mains.

 Environmental antinanciem projects, such as wellend mitigation projects, storewater retrollis and attention projects with a coloring.

- scream reasonation projects. Poul construction Linear bits paths numer through areas with vegitative cover, including take paths surfaced with an impairmous cover Gross-country ski frails and walkingthilong trads
- Sidewalk, like path or walking path projects, surfaced with an impervous cover, that it is not part of rasidential, commercial or institutional development. Salewalk, birse path or walking gath projects, surfaced with an impervious cover, that include incidential shoulder of curb word along an existing highway to support construction of the sidewalk.
- bika path or walking aath. Stope stabilization projects
- accus serentanico projects. Singo flattering tital charges the grade of the sile, but does not argrificantly strainge the runoff extenderatios.

Table 1 (Continued) Construction Activities that Require the Preparation of a

THAT ONLY INCLUDES EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acros of

- Speak arines that will be consend with vegetation.

 Yogetated Jean space projects it a recreational parks liters, meadons, fluids, downtill set trains, activiting projects that wher furtherly from the post development conditions, allegate statements are the conditional particles of the conditional projects that where further that the confluction or reconstruction of approximate used gift for not other reportingly from particles that confluction or reconstruction of approximate used gift for not other reporting project where registron with restandament, and no redevelopment is alterned access routing or parking states underesting the construction of parameter access routing or parking states subject that impensions cover structure for access controlled in Table in the "Approximate Management Protects activities of tables" in the "Approximate Management Protects activities for Tables in the "Approximate Management Protects activities of tables in the "Approximate Management Protects activities of tables in the "Approximate Management Protects activities of tables are construction of majorities and access and construction activities that induce the construction of reconstruction of regions area. TOUR SHOWING NEW
- imparrious area. Tamporary access roads, median crossovers, debut rouds, times, or other temporary expensious exast that will be restored to une-construction conditions erice the construction activity is complete.

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Table 2 (Continued)

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT REQUIRE THE PREPARATION OF A SWPPP THAT INCLUDES POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of länd:

- Parking this construction or reconstruction, including parking followed as part of the
 construction activities listed in Table 1.
 Alhalist Fields (natural) grass) that include the construction or reconstruction of impervious area (>5%
 of disturbed area) or after the hydrocopy from pira to post development conditions.
 Alhalist, fields with artificial surf.
- Abblet fields with artificial and
 Pennannel access yourds, parkeng eachs, substitutes, compressor stations and will diding pada,
 substitution and the impervious cover, and constructed as part of an over-head electric transmission line
 project, worth-power project, cell flower project, and or gas well defing project, sewer or water main
 paged or affair finems tulkly project.

 Subvasils, bike path or walking path projects, surfaced with an impurvious cover, that are part of a
 restantial, commercial or insulational development
 Subvasils, begins or walking path projects, surfaced with an expery-ous cover, that are part of a
 highway construction or reconstruction project.

- All offer construction activates that activity the construction or reconstruction of impervious after the hydrology from pre-to-post development conditions, and are not listed in Table 1.

Table 2

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT REQUIRE THE PREPARATION OF A SWPPP THAT INCLUDES POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of

- Single family some topologing one of the watersheds listed in Appendix Client inscharging to one of the 2014th commands falad in Appendix E. Single family home that disturbs the (5) or more across of land. Single family home that disturbs the (5) or more across of land. Single family home that disturbs facilities one of the watersheds Islaid in Appendix Client disturbing to one of the 3014th segments fated in Appendix E. Single family residential software flat models and disturbances of setweet one (1) and family islaid segments from a total soft boutfoot. Single family residential subdivisions that amobile soft disturbances of family and family residential subdivisions that amobile soft disturbances of family and family residential subdivisions that amobile soft disturbances of family family residential subdivisions that amobile soft disturbances of family family residential subdivisions that amobile soft disturbances of kest Prain Femilia process of that are pain of a farger common plan of disvelopment or able that will obreately disturb like or more across of family.
- hal are part of a larger common plan of development or sole that will ethnicibly distorb the or actors of family residential developments; includes durplaces, (ownfromes, condominatins, senior housing complaces, apartment complaces, and mobile hope parts. Arroots. Arroots. Arroots. Arroots. Braverias catarias, and waxanes, including establishments constructed on agricultural land. Consonaments.

- Comparisons Sciences and Members Sciences generated and American American Sciences and A

- Commercial developments. Charches and other places of sensitive of control building (a.g. slo) and structural practices as charled an Construction of a term or other agricultural building (a.g. slo) and structural practices as charled at Ends in in the "Agricultural Managoment Practices Catalog for Nonpoint Source Polision in New York State" that include the construction of reconstruction of impravious area, excluding arouses that involve soil deliminances of less than five scres.
- institutional development includes hospitals, pilsons, achosis and colleges industrial facilities includes industrial parks
- Lacotities
- Landams. Municipal facilities, includes highway garages, transfer stations, office outlings, POTM's, water treatment states, and water storage tanks. Office completes Playgounds that include the construction of reconstruction of impervious area.

- Sports completes Recentacks includes racelinaciss with earthen (sixt) swifece Road construction or reconstruction, including roads constructed as part of the construction activities listed in Table 1

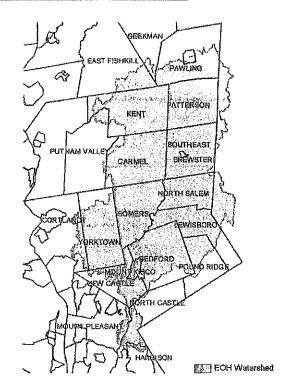
50

APPENDIX C - Watersheds Requiring Enhanced Phosphorus Removal

Watersheds where owners or operators of construction activities identified in Table 2 of Appendix B must prepare a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with the Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards Included in the technical standard, New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual ("Design Manual").

- Entire New York City Watershed located east of the Hudson River Figure 1 Onondega Lake Watershed Figure 2 Greenwood Lake Watershed Figure 3

- Oscawana Lake Watershed Figure 4
- Kinderhook Lake Watershed Figure 5



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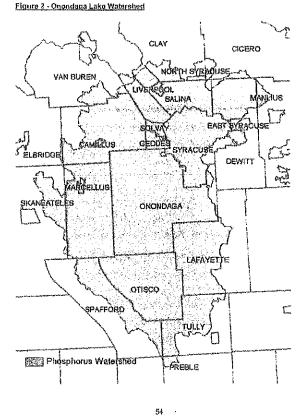


Figure 3 - Greenwood Lake Watershed

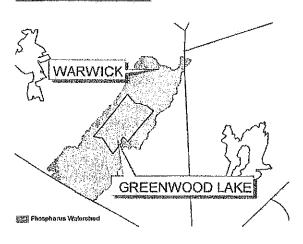
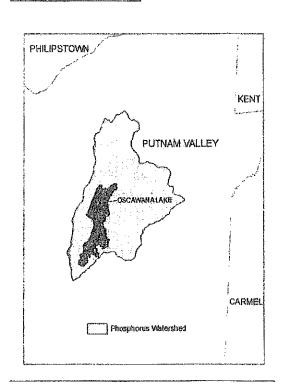
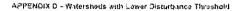


Figure 4 - Oscawana Lake Watershed

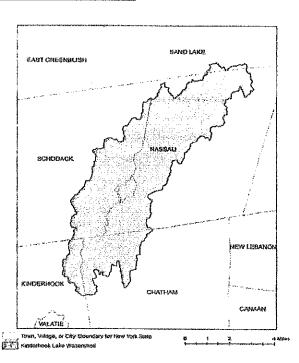


Appendix C



Wateraheds where owners or operators of construction activities that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5000) square feet and one [1] acre of land must obtain coverage under this permit.

Entire New York City Watershed that is located east of the Hudson River • See Figure 1 in Appendix C



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APPENDIX E - 303(d) Segments impaired by Construction Related Pollutant(s)

List of 303(d) segments impaired by pollutants related to construction activity (e.g. sill, sediment or rubriants). The list was developed using "The Final New York State 2018 Section 303(d) List of impaired Waters Requiring a TMDL/Other Strategy" dated November 2016. Owners or operators of single family frome and single family residential subdivisions with 25% or tess total impervious cover at total site build-out that Involve soil disturbances of one or more acres of land, but less than 5 acres, and directly discharge to one of the listed segments below shall prepare a SWPPP that includes post-construction storenwater management practices designed in conformance with the New York State Storewater Management Design Manual ("Design Manual"), dated January 2015

COUNTY	WATERBODY	POLLUTANT
Айракү	Ann Lee (Shakers) Fond, Stump Pond	Nutrients
Aihany	Basic Creek Reservoir	Nutrients
Allegany	Amity take, Saunders Pond	Nutrients
Вгопх	Long Island Sound, 9ronx	Nutrients
อเธยห	Van Cortlandflake	Autoents
Broome	Fly Pond, Deer Lake, Sky Lake	Nutrients
Broome	Minor Tribs to Lower Susqueltanea (north)	Nutrients
Broome	Whitney Point take/Reservoir	Mutrients
Cattaraugus	Allegheny River/Reservoir	Nutrients
Catteraugus	Geover (Alma) Lake	Netrients
Cattaraugus	Case take	Nutrients
Cattaraugus	Linfyco/Cfub Fond	Nutrients
Cayuga	Duck Lake	Mutrients
Cayuga	Little Sadus Bay	Nutrients
Chautaugera	Sear Lake	Mutrients
Chautauqua	Chadakon River and tribs	Rements
Chautaugua	Chautaugua Lake, North	Nutrients
Chatelaugea	Chautavona Lake, South	Nutrients
Chantaurus	Findley Lake	Nutrients
Chaetaucua	Hullauth Clymer Pond	Nutroests
Chicton	Great Chazy River, Lovier, Main Stein	Sill/Sediment
Clirton	Lake Champlain, Main Lake, Middle	Mutrients
Clinson	Lake Champian, Main Lake, Sorth	Mutrients
Columbia	Kinderhook Lake	Nutrients
Columbia	Robinson Pond	Notriants
Cortland	Ocoo Peed	Nutrients

303(d) Segments Impaired by Construction Related Pollulant(s)

Dutchess	Fall Kill and tribs	Nutrients
Dutchoss	+filiside Lake	Victority
Dutchess	Wappingers take	Mutrients
Dutchess	Wappingers Lake	Silt/Sediment
Ērie .	Beeman Croek and tribs	Nutrients
Erie	Efficott Creek, Lower, and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Erie	fillcolt Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
ērie	Green Lake	Nutrients
<u> Erie</u>	Little Sister Creek, Lower, and tribs	Matrients
£00	Murder Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Erle	Rush Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Erie	Scajaquada Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Ērie	Scaragunda Creek, Middle, and tribs	Metriants
Erte	Scalaguada Creek, Upper, and tribs	Nutrients
Erre	South Branch Snocks Cr. Lower, and tribs	Silt/Sedkment
Erre	South Branch Smoke Cr. Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Essex	Loke Champiain, Main Lake, South	Nutrients
žssex.	Lake Champlain, South Lake	Nutrients
Essex	Wilisboro Sav	Nutrients
Ganesee	Sigelew Creek and tribs	Sutrients
Genesee	Black Creek, Middle, and minor tribs	Nutrients
Genesee	Black Creek, Upper, and minor tribs	Nutrients
Genesce	Bowen Brook and tribs	Nutrients
Senesee	LeRoy Reservoir	Numents
Genesee	Oak Orchard Cr. Upper, and tribs	Mutriants
Ganesea	Todowanda Creek, Middle, Main Stem	Sharieets
Graene	Schoharle Roservoir	Sift/Sediment
Graene	Steepy Hollow Lake	58t/Segiment
Herkimer	Steele Creek tribs	Silt/Sediment
Herkisser	Steele Creek tribs	Nutrients
elferson	Moon take	Nutrents
Kings	Sendox Creek	Nutrien45
Kings	Prospect Park Lake	Noteents
Levas	Mill Creek/South Branch, and tribs	Nutricots
Livingston	Christie Creek and trabs	Nutrients
Livergston	Conesus Like	Natrients
Livingston	Mill Creek and minor tribs	Sat/Sediment
Marrae	Black Crask, Lower, and minur tribs	Nutrients
Marine	Buck Fond	Nutrients
Morroe	Cranberry Pone	Nutrients

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303(d) Segments impaired by Construction Related Pollutant(s)

Monne	Lake Ontario Bioreline, Western	Nutrients
pagnice.	Long Spine	· Netenalis
Manroe	Mill Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Montos	Vall Creek/Dise Porc Outlet and tribs	Natrients
Mogroe.	Vibral "ribs to irondequal 349	Natronts
Monroa	Rochester ûnbayment. Bast	Votrients
Manna	Rochester Embayment - West	Nutrients
\$400000	Shaphralders Creek and tribs	Mutrients
Manroe .	Thomas Creek/White Brook and tribs	Nutrients
Nassau	Beaver Lake	Nutrients
142526Vi	Campans Pond	Nutrients
Nassau	East Meadow Brook, Upper, and tribs	S4t/Sed-ment
Nassau	East Ruckaway Channel	Mutrients
\$3658U	Grant Park Pond	Autrients
\$4952881	Hempstead Bay	Abstrients
Nassau	Hempstead Loke	Nutrients
Nassan	Hewlett Bay	Nutrients
Massau	Hog Island Channel	Autrients
Nassau	Long Island Stend, Nazsau County Waters	Nutrients
Nassau	Massapropus Creek and tribs	Vulrients
Nassau	Milburn/Parsonage Creeks, Upp, and Inbs	Notrients
Nassuo	Reynolds Channel, west	Nutrients
Nassau	Tidal Tribs to Hempstead Bay	Nutrients
Nassau	Tribs (Fresh) to East 9ay	Notrigots
Nassau	Tribs (fresh) to East Bay	Silt/Sediment
Nassau	Tribs to Smith/Halls Points	hutrients
Yassu.	Woodmase Channel	Vutrients
New York	Harlem Meer	Nutrients
New York	The Cake in Central Park	Nutrigots
Magara	Jerghoitz Creek and tribs	Notrients
Niagera	Myde Park Lake	Nutrients
Niagara	Lake Ontario Shoroline, Western	Niutrients
Niagara	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Onnida	i Ballon. Mail Creeks and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Harbor Brook, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Oppndaga	Ley Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Orondaga	Mmor Tribs to Queenlaga Lake	Netrients
Ogondage	Miramile Creek, Lower, and tobs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Onordaga Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Onondaya Craek, Middle, and tribs	Nutrients
	. Y	

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303(d) Segments Impaired by Construction Related Pollutant(s)

Schenectady	Collins Lake	Nations
Schenectady	Deane Lake	Nutrients
Schenectady	Morraville Lake	Nutrients
Schoharie	Engleville Pond	Nutrients
Schoharie	Surimit Lake	Nutrients
Senera	Reeder Creek and tribs	Notzients
St.lawience	Black Lake Outlet/Black Lake	Nutrients
St.Lawrence	Fish Creek and minor tribs	Nutrants
Stephen	Smith Pond	Nutrients
Suffolk	Agawam Lake	Natrients
Suffelk	Big/Little fresh Pones	Nutrients
Sulfolk	Caesan Lake	Silt/Svalment
Soffolk.	Canaan Loké	Nutrients
Suffolk	Flanders Bay, West/Lower Sawmill Creek	Nutrients
Suffolk	Fresh Pond	Nutrients
Suffolk	Great South Bay, East	Nutrients
Suffolk	Great South Bay, Middle	Nutrients
Suffolk	Great South Bay, Wast	Nutrients
Sulfolk	Like Ronkonkoma	Nutrients
Suffalk	Long Island Sound, Suffolk County, West	Nutrients
Suffolk .	Mattituck (Marratonka) Pond	Nutrients
Suffolk	Meetinghouse/Torrys Creeks and Iribs	Nutrients
Suffolk	Mill and Seven Ponds	Mutriants
Suffolk	Millers Ponti	Notrients
Suffolk	Moriches Bay, East	Nutrients
Şaffolk	Moriches Bay, Wost	Nutrients
Suffalk	Paconic Siver, Lower, and tidal tribs	Nutrients
Suffolk	Chiantuck Bay	Nutrients
Suříolk	Shinnecock Bay and Inlet	Nutrients
Sulfolk	Tidal tribs to West Moriches Bay	Autrients
Sultivan	Bodine, Montgomery Lakes	Nutrients
Sulfwae	Davies Lake	Autrients
วินใช้งลก	Evens Lake	Nutrents
Sullivan	Pleasure Lake	Nutrinots
Tompkins	Cayuga Lake, Southern Enti	Nutrients
Tampkins	Cayuga take, Southern End	Silt/Segiment
Tompkins	Owasco Inlet, Upper, and tribs	Nutrients
Alster	Ashokau Reservoir	'Sill/Sediment
Ulster	Esopus Creek, Japer, and minor tritis	5/lt/Sediment
Warren	Hague Brook and tribs	Silt/Sediment

103(d) Sagments Impaired by Construction Related Pollutaritys)

Orordaga	Geordaga take, northern and	: Nutrents
Ocondaga	, Gnondaga जरब, southern und	કાતમ ાં ભાર
Ontario	Great Brook and minor tribs	SilluSediment
Ontano	Great Brook and minor tribs	*#######
Ontario	Herilack Lake Outlet and menor tirks	Neurients.
Ontano	Honebye také	Victorent's
Ocanige	Greenwood Lake	Nytrients
Oranga	Monhagen Brook and tribs	Nutrients
Orange	Orange take	Numents
Orleans	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Musteris
Orteans	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Oswago	Lake Nentahwatota	Mutnents
Oswego	Aleasant take	Mittlents
Puteam	3og Brook Reservair	Mutrients
Putran	Boyd Corners Reservoir	Mutrients
Pulnam	Croton Palls Reserveir	Viutitients
Putnam	Diverting Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	East Branch Reservoir	Autrients
Putnam	Lake Carpel	Nutrients
Platnani	Middle Branch Reservoir	Autoents
Putnam	Oscawana Luke	Numents
Putoam	Palmer cake	Nutrients
Pulnair	West Branch Reservoir	Nutrients
Queens	Surgen Basin	Mutrients
Queens	Flushing Creak/Bay	Nutrients
Queens	Jamurca Bay, Bastury, and tribs (Quaers)	Nutrients
Quaeris	Kissena Lake	Nutrients
Queens	Meadow Luke	Nutrients
Queens	Willow Lake	Nutrients
Rensselaer	Nassau Cake	Nutriants
Sensselver	Snyders Lake	Nutrients
Aighmond	Grasmere Lake/Grodys Fond	Nutrients
Rockland	Congers Lake, Swartout Lake	Muirients
Rockland	Rockland Lake	Nutrients
Sarotoga	Baliston Lake	Multipots
Saratoga	Dwaas XIII and tribs	SIR/Seciment
Saratoga	Dwaes Kill and tribs	:Vaitisents
Saratoga	Lake Lonely	Nutrients
Saratogo	Round Lake	Nutrients
Saratoga	Tribs to Lake Lonely	Nutrents
revenue	The second secon	

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303(d) Segments impaired by Construction Related Pollutant(s)

Warren	Huddle/ifakie Bracks and tribs	SH/Sediment
Warren	indian Brook and tribs	Silt/Sedimont
Warres	Lake George	Silt/Sediment
Warren	Triby to L.George, Village of L George	Silt/Sediment
Washington	Cossayuna Luke	Nutrients
Washington	Lake Champlain, South Bay	Nutrients
Washington	Tribs to L.George, East Shore	Sift/Sadiment
Washington	Wood Cr/Grampiain Canal and minor tribs	Nutrients
Wayna:	Port Bay	Nutrients
Westchester	Amawalk Raservoir	Mulnents
Westchaster	Blind Brook, Upper, and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Cross River Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	Lake Karonah	Nutreals
Westchaster	Lake Lincolndole	Nutrients
Westchaster	Lake Mealiagh	Nutrients
Westchester	Like Vohegao	Mutrients
Westchaster	Lake Shengrock	Nutrients
Westchester	Long island Sound, Westchester (East)	Nutrients
Westchester	Manazonack River, Lower	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Mamaroneck River, Upper, and minor tribs	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Muscoot/Upper New Croton Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchaster	New Croton Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	Pasch Lake	Augrie ats
Westchester	Reservoir No.1 (Lake Isle)	Mediterrits
Westchester	Saw Mil River, Lower, and tribs	Netrients
Westchester	Saw Mill River, Middle, and tribs	Nutrients
Wastchester	Sheldrake River and tribs	\$9\$/Sediment
Westchestor	Shektrake River and tribs	Nutrients
Wastchester	Silver Lake	Nutrients
Westchester	Teatowo Lake	Notrients
Westchaster	liticus Reservoir	Mutrients
Westchester	Truesdale tako	Netrients
Westchester	Wallace Pond	Autrents
Wyaming	Java Lake	Vetnents
Wyoming	Silver Lake	Nutrients

		At the property of the second	
1	Hassau and Suppolk	50 Crole Road Stony Brook Ry (1790 Tel, 1631) 444-0265	50 Group Road Biony Badox, Ny 11790-3403 Tri. (331) 444-0405
2	Олона, Капа. Нем Уолк, Пидеме вко пассмомр	1 Hundres Power Plaza. 47-40 Sign By. Lond Served Cry. Ny 16104-5107 Tel. (718) 482-4897	1 Hangers Point Plaza. 17-402145 St. Longisland Cat. Hr 11101/4107 Tol. (718) 432-4323
3	Dutchese, Örange, Puham, Reckland, Bellivan, Dester And Wesichester	21 Squiri Poty Gorners Road New Parix, NY 12561-1686 Tel. (\$45) 256-3059	100 Helsion Avenue, Burte hy White Plants, for 10003 Tel. (014) 428 - 2505
4	Albany, Columbia, Delaware, Greene, Montourry, Otsegu, Reasselare, Schempotaby and Schempars	1150 North Wyrthoff Road Schwerton, No 12365-2014 Tal. (518) 357-2049	1136 Horns Westodtt Road Schenzorany, Ny 12308-2014 Tel: (3481-357-2045
5	Custor Essex, Frencia, Fultor, Hearton, Baratora, Warpan and Washbotok	11 5 State House 85, Po Box 255 Ray Badox, Ny 12477-0255 Tel. 518] 687-1214	232 Golf Course Road Warrensburg, NY 12885-1172 Tel, [318] 023-1200
6	HERKIMER, JEFPERSON, LEWIS, OURIGA AND ST. LAWRENCE	STATE OFFICE BUILDING MY WASHINGTON STREET WATERTOWN, NY 13601-3787 TEL, (318) 735-2245	STATE OFFICE SUILDING 207 GENESSE STREET UTICA, NY 13501-2385 TEL. (315) 783-2561
7	erocme, Cayuga, Chemango, Cortland, Wagison, Chondaga, Oswego, Tioga, And Tompons	615 Erie Blut), West Synacuse, Ny 13204-2460 Tel. (515) 426-7438	615 ERIE BLVD. WEST BYRACUSE, NY 12304-2200 TEL (315) 426-7500
8	Chemano. Genesee. Lyungston, Monroe. Catario. Chilans. Schuyler. Senega. Steuben, Wayne and Yafes	6274 EAST AVONALINA ROADAVON, NY 14414-1519 TEL, 1889) 228-2468	8214 EAST AYON LUMA RD. AYON, NY 14414-9519 TEL. 1989) 228-2469
9	ALLEGARY, CATTARAUGUB, CHAUTAUGUA, ERIE, NIAGARA AND VYYONING	270 Michigan Avenue Buffalo, ny 14201-2939 Tel (716) 831-7 163	270 MICHIO AN AYEMUE BUFFALO, NY 14203-2099 TEL. (715) 851-7070

APPENDIX B

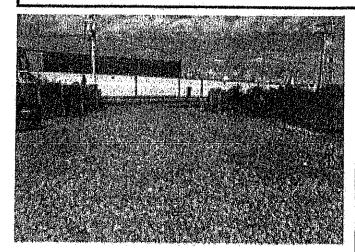
- EROSION CONTROL NOTES
- STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE FOR RESIDENTIAL SITE
- SILT FENCE
- STONE CHECK DAM
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR LAND GRADING
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOILING
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MULCHING
- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION AREA SEEDINGS

Erosion Control Notes

The owner and contractor shall comply with the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) prepared for this project and as a minimum implement the following erosion and sediment control measures:

- 1. Construction and maintenance of erosion and sediment control measures in accordance with the New York State standards and specifications for erosion and sediment control.
- 2. Installation of erosion and sediment control measures as shown on the plans or details and as needed during the general course of work.
- 3. Soil erosion will occur after every rainfall until turf is established. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to repair erosion after every rainfall. Failure to repair minor erosion will result in major erosion and possibly pavement and structure failure. Prior to site disturbance, erosion and sediment control measures shall be in-place.
- 4. Temporary installation of stabilized construction entrance pads at all location where construction vehicles will enter onto public streets. All public streets to be inspected and maintained clear of soil accumulation.
- 5. Excavation work carried out during periods of inclement weather shall require additional erosion control measures as may be necessary based on conditions.
- 6. Additional erosion control methods including soil stabilization mats. Placement of stone. Placement of soil may be required due to climatic conditions (excess rain, etc.)
- 7. Stabilization of disturbance areas to be paved by compaction and application of subbase within one month after utilities are installed.
- 8. Vegetative stabilization of disturbed areas to be seeded including R.O.W. and easements within two weeks of final grading.
- 9. Plans show temporary soil erosion and stabilization measures which shall be maintained until all areas are stabilized.
- 10. The contractor shall be responsible to seed and mulch (or hydroseed) and to provide an adequate water source and hoses for germination of the seed.
- 11. If the contractor elects not to install imported topsoil or spread topsoil from the site the seeding may not establish itself or may be subject to stress failure. The owner shall take complete responsibility for establishing the lawn by proper water and fertilizing.

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS



Definition & Scope

A stabilized pad of aggregate underlain with geotextile located at any point where traffic will be entering or leaving a construction site to or from a public right-of-way, street, alley, sidewalk, or parking area. The purpose of stabilized construction access is to reduce or eliminate the tracking of sediment onto public rights-of-way or streets.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

A stabilized construction access shall be used at all points of construction ingress and egress.

Design Criteria

See Figure 2.1 on page 2.31 for details.

Aggregate Size: Use a matrix of 1-4 inch stone, or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent.

Thickness: Not less than six (6) inches.

Width: 12-foot minimum but not less than the full width of points where ingress or egress occurs. 24-foot minimum if there is only one access to the site.

Length: As required, but not less than 50 feet (except on a single residence lot where a 30 foot minimum would apply).

Geotextile: To be placed over the entire area to be covered with aggregate. Filter cloth will not be required on a single-family residence lot. Piping of surface water under entrance shall be provided as required. If piping is impossible, a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes will be permitted.

Criteria for Geotextile: The geotextile shall be woven or nonwoven fabric consisting only of continuous chain polymeric filaments or yarns of polyester. The fabric shall be inert to commonly encountered chemicals, hydro-carbons, mildew, rot resistant, and conform to the fabric properties as shown:

Fabric Proper- iles ³	Light Duiy ^t Roads Grade Sub- grade	Heavy Duty ¹ Haul Roads Rough Graded	Test Meth-
Grab Tensile Strength (lbs)	200	220	ASTM D1682
Elongation at Failure (%)	50	.60	ASTM D1682
Mullen Burst Strength (lbs)	190	430	ASTM D3786
Puncture Strength (lbs)	40	125	ASTM D751 Modified
Equivalent	40-80	40-80	US Std Sieve
Opening Size			CW-02215
Aggregate Depth	6	10	**

¹Light Duty Road: Area sites that have been graded to subgrade and where most travel would be single axle vehicles and an occasional multi-axle truck. Acceptable materials are Trevira Spunbond 1115, Mirafi 100X, Typar 3401, or equivalent.

²Heavy Duty Road: Area sites with only rough grading, and where most travel would be multi-axle vehicles. Acceptable materials are Travira Spunbond 1135, Mirafi 600X, or equivalent.

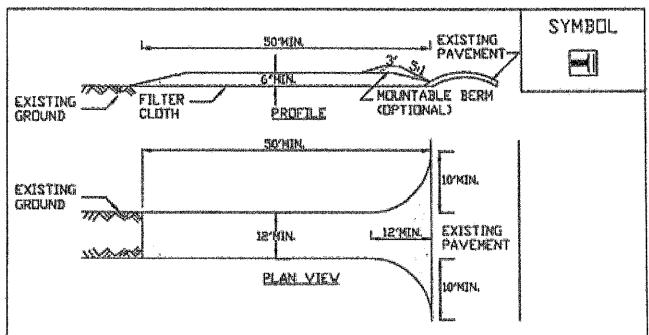
³Fabrics not meeting these specifications may be used only when design procedure and supporting documentation are supplied to determine aggregate depth and fabric strength.

Maintenance

The access shall be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking of sediment onto public rights-of-way or streets. This may require periodic top dressing with additional aggregate. All sediment spilled, dropped, or washed onto public rights-of-way must be removed immediately.

When necessary, wheels must be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public rights-of-way. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with aggregate, which drains into an approved sediment-trapping device. All sediment shall be prevented from entering storm drains, ditches, or watercourses.

Figure 2.1 Stabilized Construction Access



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. STIDNE SIZE USE 1-4 INCH STONE, OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT.
- 2. LENGTH NOT LESS THAN 50 FEET (EXCEPT ON A SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT WHERE A 30 FOOT MINIMUM LENGTH VOULD APPLY).
- 3. THICKNESS NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) INCHES.
- 4. VIDTH TVELVE (12) FOOT MINIMUM, BUT NOT LESS THAN THE FULL VIDTH AT POINTS VHERE INGRESS OR EGRESS OCCURS. TVENTY-FOUR (24) FOOT IF SINGLE ENTRANCE TO SITE.
- 5. GEDTEXTILE VILL BE PLACED DVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO PLACING OF STONE.
- 6. SURFACE VATER ALL SURFACE VATER FLOVING OR DIVERTED TOWARD CON-STRUCTION ACCESS SHALL BE PIPED BENEATH THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A MUNITABLE BERN WITH 54 SLUPES WILL BE PERMITTED.
- 7. MAINTENANCE THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-VAY, ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY MUST BE RENOVED IMMEDIATELY.
- 8. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON A AREA STABILIZED WITH STONE AND WHICH DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
- 9. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND NEEDED MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED AFTER EACH RAIN.

ADAPTED FROM DETAILS PROVIDED BY USDA - MRCS, NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION, NEW YORK STATE SOIL & VATER CONSERVATION CORNETTEE

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SILT FENCE



Definition & Scope

A temporary barrier of geotextile fabric installed on the contours across a slope used to intercept sediment laden runoff from small drainage areas of disturbed soil by temporarily ponding the sediment laden runoff allowing settling to occur. The maximum period of use is limited by the ultraviolet stability of the fabric (approximately one year).

Conditions Where Practice Applies

A silt fence may be used subject to the following conditions:

- Maximum allowable slope length and fence length will
 not exceed the limits shown in the Design Criteria for
 the specific type of silt fence used; and
- Maximum ponding depth of 1.5 feet behind the fence;
 and
- 3. Erosion would occur in the form of sheet erosion; and
- 4. There is no concentration of water flowing to the barrier; and
- Soil conditions allow for proper keying of fabric, or other anchorage, to prevent blowouts.

Design Criteria

- Design computations are not required for installations of 1 month or less. Longer installation periods should be designed for expected runoff.
- All silt fences shall be placed as close to the disturbed area as possible, but at least 10 feet from the toe of a slope steeper than 3H:1V, to allow for maintenance and

- roll down. The area beyond the fence must be undisturbed or stabilized.
- 3. The type of silt fence specified for each location on the plan shall not exceed the maximum slope length and maximum fence length requirements shown in the following table:

		Slope Length/Fence Length (ft.)		
Slope	Steepness	Standard	Reinforced	Super
<2%	< 50:1	300/1500	N/A	N/A
2-10%	50:1 to 10:1	125/1000	250/2000	300/2500
10-20%	10:1, to 5:1	100/750	150/1000	200/1000
20-33%	5:1 to 3:1	60/500	80/750	100/1000
33-50%	3:1 to 2:1	40/250	70/350	100/500
>50%	> 2:1	20/125	30/175	50/250

Standard Silt Fence (SF) is fabric rolls stapled to wooden stakes driven 16 inches in the ground.

Reinforced Silt Fence (RSF) is fabric placed against welded wire fabric with anchored steel posts driven 16 inches in the ground.

Super Silt Fence (SSF) is fabric placed against chain link fence as support backing with posts driven 3 feet in the ground.

4. Silt fence shall be removed as soon as the disturbed area has achieved final stabilization.

The silt fence shall be installed in accordance with the appropriate details. Where ends of filter cloth come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass. Butt joints are not acceptable. A detail of the silt fence shall be shown on the plan. See Figure 5.30 on page 5.56 for Reinforced Silt Fence as an example of details to be provided.

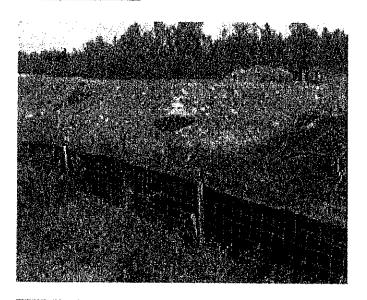
Criteria for Silt Fence Materials

 Silt Fence Fabric: The fabric shall meet the following specifications unless otherwise approved by the appropriate erosion and sediment control plan approval authority. Such approval shall not constitute statewide acceptance.

Fabric Properties	Minimum Acceptable Value	Test Method
Grab Tensile Strength (lbs)	110	ASTM D 4632
Elongation at Failure (%)	20	ASTM D 4632
Mullen Burst Strength (PSI)	300	ASTM D 3786
Puncture Strength (lbs)	60	ASTM D 4833
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear Strength (lbs)	50	ASTM D 4533
Flow Through Rate (gal/ min/sf)	25	ASTM D 4491
Equivalent Opening Size	40-80	US Std Sieve ASTM D 4751
Minimum UV Residual (%)	70	ASTM D 4355

- 2. Fence Posts (for fabricated units): The length shall be a minimum of 36 inches long. Wood posts will be of sound quality hardwood with a minimum cross sectional area of 3.5 square inches. Steel posts will be standard T and U section weighing not less than 1,00 pound per linear foot. Posts for super silt fence shall be standard chain link fence posts.
- 3. Wire Fence for reinforced silt fence: Wire fencing shall be a minimum 14 gage with a maximum 6 in. mesh opening, or as approved.
- 4. Prefabricated silt fence is acceptable as long as all material specifications are met.

Reinforced Silt Fence



Super Silt Fence

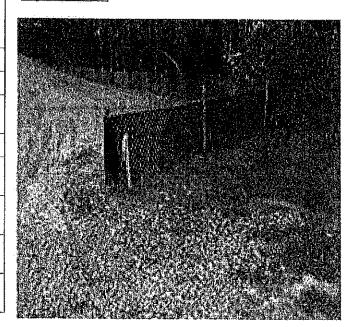
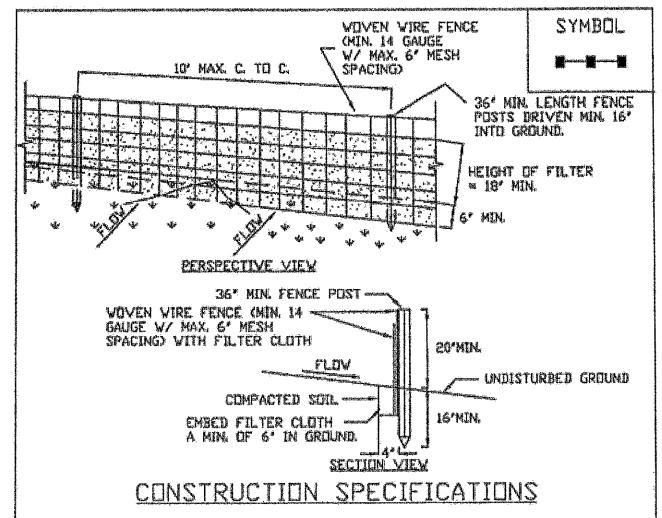


Figure 5.30 Reinforced Silt Fence



- 1. WIVEN VIRE FENCE TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES, POSTS SHALL BE STEEL EITHER "T" OR "U" TYPE OR HARDWOOD.
- 2. FILTER CLUTH TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO VOVEN VIRE FENCE VITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24' AT TOP AND MID SECTION. FENCE SHALL BE VOVEN VIRE, 6' MAXIMUM MESH OPENING.
- 3. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY SHALL BE OVER-LAPPED BY SIX INCHES AND FOLDED. FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE EITHER FILTER X, MIRAFI 100X, STABILINKA TI4ON, OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT.
- 4. PREFABRICATED UNITS SHALL NEET THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS SHOWN.
- 5. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NEEDED AND MATERIAL REMOVED WHEN 'BULGES' DEVELOP IN THE SILT FENCE.

ADAPTED FROM DETAILS PROVIDED BY USDA - MRCS, NEV YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NEV YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION, NEV YORK STATE SOIL & VATER CONSERVATION CONNECTIES

REINFURCED SILT FENCE

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR **CHECK DAM**



Definition & Scope

Small barriers or dams constructed of stone, bagged sand or gravel, or other durable materials across a drainageway to reduce erosion in a drainage channel by reducing the velocity of flow in the channel.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is used as a temporary and, in some cases, a permanent measure to limit erosion by reducing velocities in open channels that are degrading or subject to erosion or where permanent stabilization is impractical due to short period of usefulness and time constraints of construction.

Design Criteria

Drainage Area: Maximum drainage area above the check dam shall not exceed two (2) acres.

Height: Not greater than 2 feet. Center shall be maintained 9 inches lower than abutments at natural ground elevation.

Side Slopes: Shall be 2:1 or flatter.

Spacing: The check dams shall be spaced as necessary in the channel so that the crest of the downstream dam is at the elevation of the toe of the upstream dam. This spacing is equal to the height of the check dam divided by the channel slope.

Therefore:

$$S = \frac{h}{s}$$

Where:

S =spacing interval (ft.) h = height of check dam (ft.) s = channel slope (ft./ft.)

Example:

For a channel with

For a channel with and 2 ft. high stone they are spaced as
$$S = \frac{2 \text{ ft}}{0.04 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{ft}}} = 50 \text{ ft}$$
 a 4% slope check dams, follows:

For stone check dams: Use a well graded stone matrix 2 to 9 inches in size (NYS - DOT Light Stone Fill meets these requirements).

The overflow of the check dams will be stabilized to resist erosion that might be caused by the check dam. See Figure 3.1 on page 3.3 for details.

Check dams should be anchored in the channel by a cutoff trench 1.5 ft. wide and 0.5 ft. deep and lined with filter fabric to prevent soil migration.

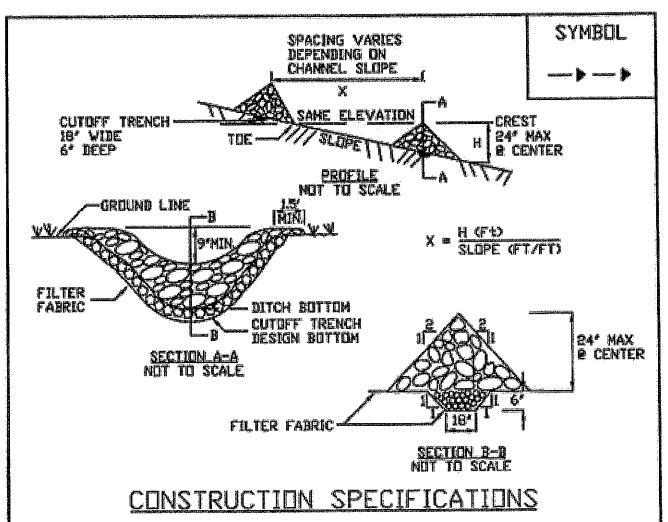
For filter sock or fiber roll check dams: The check dams will be anchored by staking the dam to the earth contact surface. The dam will extend to the top of the bank. The check dam will have a splash apron of NYS DOT #2 crushed stone extending a minimum 3 feet downstream from the dam and 1 foot up the sides of the channel. The compost and materials for a filter sock check dam shall meet the requirements shown in the standard for Compost Filter Sock on page 5.7.

Maintenance

The check dams should be inspected after each runoff event. Correct all damage immediately. If significant erosion has occurred between structures, a liner of stone or other suitable material should be installed in that portion of the channel or additional check dams added.

Remove sediment accumulated behind the dam as needed to allow channel to drain through the stone check dam and prevent large flows from carrying sediment over the dam.

Figure 3.1 Stone Check Dam Detail



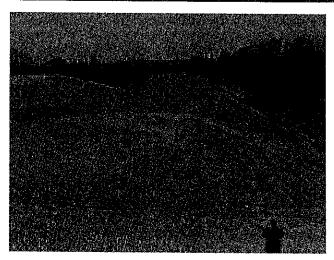
- 1. STONE WILL BE PLACED ON A FILTER FABRIC FOUNDATION TO THE LINES, GRADES AND LOCATIONS SHOWN IN THE PLAN.
- 2. SET SPACING OF CHECK DAMS TO ASSUME THAT THE ELEVATIONS OF THE CREST OF THE DOWNSTREAM DAM IS AT THE SAME ELEVATION OF THE TOE OF THE UPSTREAM DAM.
- 3. EXTEND THE STONE A MINIMUM OF 1.5 FEET BEYOND THE DITCH BANKS TO PREVENT CUTTING AROUND THE DAN.
- 4. PROTECT THE CHANNEL DOWNSTREAM OF THE LOVEST CHECK DAM FROM SCOUR AND EROSION WITH STONE OR LINER AS APPROPRIATE.
- 5. ENSURE THAT CHANNEL APPURTENANCES SUCH AS CULVERT ENTRANCES BELOW CHECK DAMS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO DAMAGE OR BLOCKAGE FROM DISPLACED STONE.

 MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA 2 ACRES.

ADAPTED FROM DETAILS PROVIDED BY USDA — NRCS, NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION, NEW YORK STATE SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION CONNITTEE

STIME CHECK DAM

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR LANDGRADING



Definition & Scope

Permanent reshaping of the existing land surface by grading in accordance with an engineering topographic plan and specification to provide for erosion control and vegetative establishment on disturbed, reshaped areas.

Design Criteria

The grading plan should be based upon the incorporation of building designs and street layouts that fit and utilize existing topography and desirable natural surrounding to avoid extreme grade modifications. Information submitted must provide sufficient topographic surveys and soil investigations to determine limitations that must be imposed on the grading operation related to slope stability, effect on adjacent properties and drainage patterns, measures for drainage and water removal, and vegetative treatment, etc.

Many municipalities and counties have regulations and design procedures already established for land grading and cut and fill slopes. Where these requirements exist, they shall be followed.

The plan must show existing and proposed contours of the area(s) to be graded. The plan shall also include practices for erosion control, slope stabilization, safe disposal of runoff water and drainage, such as waterways, lined ditches, reverse slope benches (include grade and cross section), grade stabilization structures, retaining walls, and surface and subsurface drains. The plan shall also include phasing of these practices. The following shall be incorporated into the plan:

 Provisions shall be made to safely convey surface runoff to storm drains, protected outlets, or to stable water courses to ensure that surface runoff will not damage slopes or other graded areas; see standards and specifications for Grassed Waterway, Diversion, or Grade Stabilization Structure.

- 2. Cut and fill slopes that are to be stabilized with grasses shall not be steeper than 2:1. When slopes exceed 2:1, special design and stabilization consideration are required and shall be adequately shown on the plans. (Note: Where the slope is to be mowed, the slope should be no steeper than 3:1, although 4:1 is preferred because of safety factors related to mowing steep slopes.)
- 3. Reverse slope benches or diversion shall be provided whenever the vertical interval (height) of any 2:1 slope exceeds 20 feet; for 3:1 slope it shall be increased to 30 feet and for 4:1 to 40 feet. Benches shall be located to divide the slope face as equally as possible and shall convey the water to a stable outlet. Soils, seeps, rock outcrops, etc., shall also be taken into consideration when designing benches.
 - A. Benches shall be a minimum of six feet wide to provide for ease of maintenance.
 - B. Benches shall be designed with a reverse slope of 6:1 or flatter to the toe of the upper slope and with a minimum of one foot in depth. Bench gradient to the outlet shall be between 2 percent and 3 percent, unless accompanied by appropriate design and computations.
 - C. The flow length within a bench shall not exceed 800 feet unless accompanied by appropriate design and computations; see Standard and Specifications for Diversion on page 3.9
- 4. Surface water shall be diverted from the face of all cut and/or fill slopes by the use of diversions, ditches and swales or conveyed downslope by the use of a designed structure, except where:
 - A. The face of the slope is or shall be stabilized and the face of all graded slopes shall be protected from surface runoff until they are stabilized.
 - B. The face of the slope shall not be subject to any concentrated flows of surface water such as from natural drainage ways, graded ditches, downspouts, etc.
 - C. The face of the slope will be protected by anchored stabilization matting, sod, gravel, riprap, or other stabilization method.

- 5. Cut slopes occurring in ripable rock shall be serrated as shown in Figure 4.9 on page 4.26. The serrations shall be made with conventional equipment as the excavation is made. Each step or serration shall be constructed on the contour and will have steps cut at nominal two-foot intervals with nominal three-foot horizontal shelves. These steps will vary depending on the slope ratio or the cut slope. The nominal slope line is 1 ½: 1. These steps will weather and act to hold moisture, lime, fertilizer, and seed thus producing a much quicker and longer-lived vegetative cover and better slope stabilization. Overland flow shall be diverted from the top of all serrated cut slopes and carried to a suitable outlet.
- Subsurface drainage shall be provided where necessary to intercept seepage that would otherwise adversely affect slope stability or create excessively wet site conditions.
- 7. Slopes shall not be created so close to property lines as to endanger adjoining properties without adequately protecting such properties against sedimentation, erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence, or other related damages.
- 8. Fill material shall be free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris, and other objectionable material. It should be free of stones over two (2) inches in diameter where compacted by hand or mechanical tampers or over eight (8) inches in diameter where compacted by rollers or other equipment. Frozen material shall not be placed in the fill nor shall the fill material be placed on a frozen foundation.
- Stockpiles, borrow areas, and spoil shall be shown on the plans and shall be subject to the provisions of this Standard and Specifications.
- 10. All disturbed areas shall be stabilized structurally or vegetatively in compliance with the Permanent Construction Area Planting Standard on page 4.42.

Construction Specifications

See Figures 4.9 and 4.10 for details.

- All graded or disturbed areas, including slopes, shall be protected during clearing and construction in accordance with the erosion and sediment control plan until they are adequately stabilized.
- All erosion and sediment control practices and measures shall be constructed, applied and maintained in accordance with the erosion and sediment control plan and these standards.
- 3. Topsoil required for the establishment of vegetation shall be stockpiled in amount necessary to complete finished grading of all exposed areas.

- 4. Areas to be filled shall be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, roots, or other objectionable material.
- 5. Areas that are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of four inches prior to placement of topsoil.
- 6. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence, or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures, and conduits, etc., shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.
- 7. All fill shall be placed and compacted in layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness.
- Except for approved landfills or nonstructural fills, fill
 material shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots,
 sod, or other foreign objectionable materials that would
 interfere with, or prevent, construction of satisfactory
 fills.
- Frozen material or soft, mucky or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fill slopes or structural fills.
- 10. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces.
- 11. All benches shall be kept free of sediment during all phases of development.
- 12. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the Standard and Specification for Subsurface Drain on page 3.48 or other approved methods.
- 13. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately following finished grading.
- 14. Stockpiles, borrow areas, and spoil areas shall be shown on the plans and shall be subject to the provisions of this Standard and Specifications.

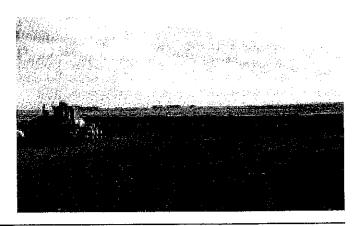


Figure 4.9
Typical Section of Serrated Cut Slope

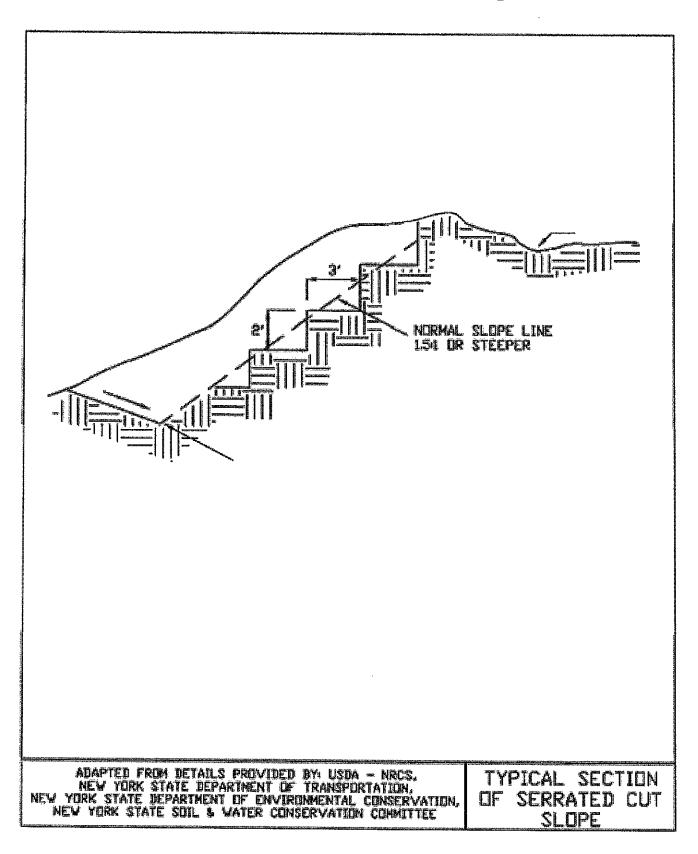


Figure 4.10 Landgrading

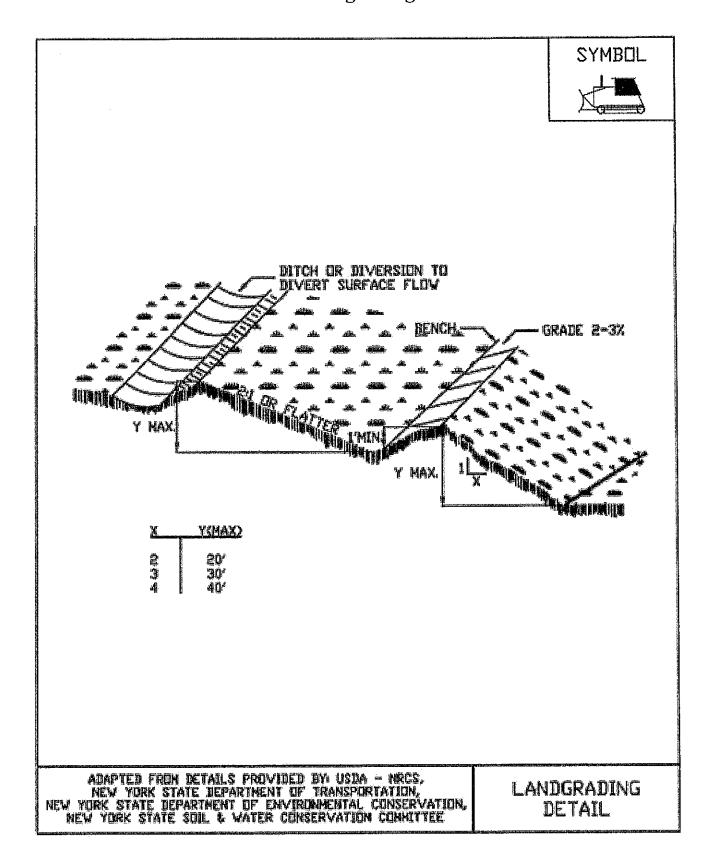


Figure 4.11 Landgrading - Construction Specifications

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

- L ALL GRADED OR DISTURBED AREAS INCLUDING SLOPES SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING CLEARING AND CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN UNTIL THEY ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
- 2. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES AND MEASURES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED, APPLIED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED ERDSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
- TOPSOIL REQUIRED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION SHALL BE STOCKPILED IN AMOUNT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE FINISHED GRADING OF ALL EXPOSED AREAS.
- 4. AREAS TO BE FILLED SHALL BE CLEARED, GRUBBED, AND STRIPPED OF TOPSDIL TO REMOVE TREES, VEGETATION, ROOTS OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL.
- 5. AREAS WHICH ARE TO BE TOPSDILED SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF FOUR INCHES PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF TOPSDIL.
- 6. ALL FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED AS REQUIRED TO REDUCE EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE OR OTHER RELATED PROBLEMS. FILL INTENDED TO SUPPORT BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES AND CONDUITS, ETC. SHALL BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL REQUIREMENTS OR CODES.
- 7. ALL FILL SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED 9 INCHES IN THICKNESS.
- 8. EXCEPT FOR APPROVED LANDFILLS, FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE OF FROZEN PARTICLES, BRUSH, ROUTS, SOD, OR OTHER FOREIGN OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS THAT VOULD INTERFERE WITH OR PREVENT CONSTRUCTION OF SATISFACTORY FILLS.
- 9. FROZEN MATERIALS OR SOFT, MUCKY OR HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE INCORPORATED IN FILLS.
- 10. FILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SATURATED OR FROZEN SURFACES.
- 11. ALL BENCHES SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF SEDIMENT DURING ALL PHASES OF DEVELOPMENT.
- 12. SEEPS OR SPRINGS ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE HANDLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION FOR SUBSURFACE DRAIN OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD.
- L3. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE PERHANENTLY STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING FINISHED GRADING.
- 14. STOCKPILES, BORROW AREAS AND SPOIL AREAS SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION.

ADAPTED FROM DETAILS PROVIDED BY USDA — MRCS.

NEV YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION,

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION,

NEV YORK STATE SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION CONMITTEE

LANDGRADING SPECIFICATIONS

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOILING



Definition & Scope

Spreading a specified quality and quantity of topsoil materials on graded or constructed subsoil areas to provide acceptable plant cover growing conditions, thereby reducing erosion; to reduce irrigation water needs; and to reduce the need for nitrogen fertilizer application.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Topsoil is applied to subsoils that are droughty (low available moisture for plants), stony, slowly permeable, salty or extremely acid. It is also used to backfill around shrub and tree transplants. This standard does not apply to wetland soils.

Design Criteria

- 1. Preserve existing topsoil in place where possible, thereby reducing the need for added topsoil.
- 2. Conserve by stockpiling topsoil and friable fine textured subsoils that must be stripped from the excavated site and applied after final grading where vegetation will be established. Topsoil stockpiles must be stabilized. Stockpile surfaces can be stabilized by vegetation, geotextile or plastic covers. This can be aided by orientating the stockpile lengthwise into prevailing winds.
- Refer to USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service soil surveys or soil interpretation record sheets for further soil texture information for selecting appropriate design topsoil depths.

Site Preparation

- As needed, install erosion and sediment control
 practices such as diversions, channels, sediment traps,
 and stabilizing measures, or maintain if already
 installed.
- Complete rough grading and final grade, allowing for depth of topsoil to be added.
- Scarify all compact, slowly permeable, medium and fine textured subsoil areas. Scarify at approximately right angles to the slope direction in soil areas that are steeper than 5 percent. Areas that have been overly compacted shall be decompacted in accordance with the Soil Restoration Standard.
- 4. Remove refuse, woody plant parts, stones over 3 inches in diameter, and other litter.

Topsoil Materials

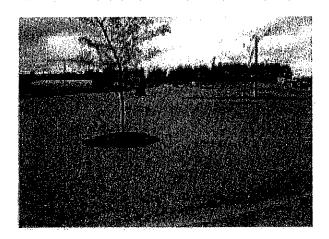
- Topsoil shall have at least 6 percent by weight of fine textured stable organic material, and no greater than 20 percent. Muck soil shall not be considered topsoil.
- Topsoil shall have not less than 20 percent fine textured material (passing the NO. 200 sieve) and not more than 15 percent clay.
- 3. Topsoil treated with soil sterilants or herbicides shall be so identified to the purchaser.
- 4. Topsoil shall be relatively free of stones over 1 1/2 inches in diameter, trash, noxious weeds such as nut sedge and quackgrass, and will have less than 10 percent gravel.
- 5. Topsoil containing soluble salts greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.
- 6. Topsoil may be manufactured as a mixture of a mineral component and organic material such as compost.

Application and Grading

- Topsoil shall be distributed to a uniform depth over the area. It shall not be placed when it is partly frozen, muddy, or on frozen slopes or over ice, snow, or standing water puddles.
- Topsoil placed and graded on slopes steeper than 5
 percent shall be promptly fertifized, seeded, mulched,
 and stabilized by "tracking" with suitable equipment.
- 3. Apply topsoil in the amounts shown in Table 4.7 below:

Table 4.7 - Topsoil Application Depth		
Site Conditions	Intended Use	Minimum Topsoil Depth
1. Deep sand or	Mowed lawn	6 in.
loamy sand	Tall legumes, unmowed	2 in.
	Tall grass, unmowed	I in.
2. Deep sandy	Mowed lawn	5 in.
loam	Tall legumes, unmowed	2 in.
Distriction in the second seco	Tall grass, unmowed	none
3. Six inches or	Mowed lawn	4 in.
more: silt loam, clay loam, loam,	Tall legumes, unmowed	I in.
or silt	Tall grass, unmowed	l in.

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MULCHING



Definition and Scope

Applying coarse plant residue or chips, or other suitable materials, to cover the soil surface to provide initial erosion control while a seeding or shrub planting is establishing. Mulch will conserve moisture and modify the surface soil temperature and reduce fluctuation of both. Mulch will prevent soil surface crusting and aid in weed control. Mulch can also be used alone for temporary stabilization in nongrowing months. Use of stone as a mulch could be more permanent and should not be limited to non-growing months.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

On soils subject to erosion and on new seedings and shrub plantings. Mulch is useful on soils with low infiltration rates by retarding runoff.

<u>Criteria</u>

Site preparation prior to mulching requires the installation of necessary erosion control or water management practices and drainage systems.

Slope, grade and smooth the site to fit needs of selected mulch products.

Remove all undesirable stones and other debris to meet the needs of the anticipated land use and maintenance required.

Apply mulch after soil amendments and planting is accomplished or simultaneously if hydroseeding is used.

Select appropriate mulch material and application rate or material needs. Hay mulch shall not be used in wetlands or in areas of permanent seeding. Clean straw mulch is preferred alternative in wetland application. Determine local availability.

Select appropriate mulch anchoring material.

NOTE: The best combination for grass/legume establishment is straw (cereal grain) mulch applied at 2 ton/acre (90 lbs./1000sq.ft.) and anchored with wood fiber mulch (hydromulch) at 500-750 lbs./acre (11-17 lbs./1000 sq. ft.). The wood fiber mulch must be applied through a hydroseeder immediately after mulching.

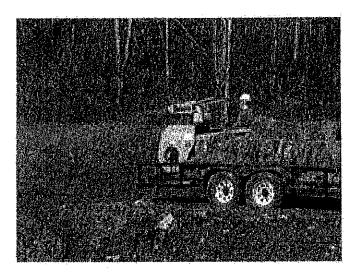


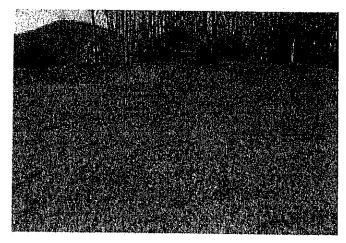
Table 4.2 Guide to Mulch Materials, Rates, and Uses

Mulch Material	Quality Standards	per 1000 Sq. Ft.	per Acre	Depth of Application	Remarks
Wood chips or shavings	Air-dricd. Free of objectionable coarse material	500-900 lbs.	10-20 tons	2-73	Used primarily around shrub and tree plantings and recreation trails to inhibit weed competition. Resistant to wind blowing. Decomposes slowly.
Wood fiber cellulose (partly digested wood fibers)	Made from natural wood usually with green dye and dispersing agent	50 lbs.	2,000 lbs.		Apply with hydromulcher. No tie down required. Less erosion control provided than 2 tons of hay or straw.
Gravel, Crushed Stone or Slag	Washed; Size 2B. or 3A—1 1/2"	9 cu. yds.	405 cu. yds.	333	Excellent mulch for short slopes and around plants and ornamentals. Use 2B where subject to traffic. (Approximately 2,000 lbs./cu. yd.). Frequently used over filter fabric for better weed control.
Hay or Straw	Air-dried; free of undesirable seeds & coarse materials	90-100 lbs. 2-3 bales	2 tons (100- 120 bales)	cover about 90% surface	Use small grain straw where mulch is maintained for more than three months. Subject to wind blowing unless anchored. Most commonly used mulching material. Provides the best micro-environment for germinating seeds.
Jute twisted yarn	Undyed, unbleached plain weave. Warp 78 ends/yd., Weft 41 ends/ yd. 60-90 lbs./roll	48" x 50 yds. or 48" x 75 yds.			Use without additional mulch. Tie down as per manufacturers specifications. Good for center line of concentrated water flow.
Excelsior wood fiber mats	Interlocking web of excelsion fibers with photodegradable plastic netting	4' x 112.5' or 8' x 112.5'.			Use without additional mulch. Excellent for seeding establishment. Anchor as per manufacturers specifications. Approximately 72 lbs./roll for excelsior with plastic on both sides. Use two sided plastic for centerline of waterways.
Straw or coconut fiber, or combination	Photodegradable plastic net on one or two sides	Most are 6.5 ft. x 3.5 ft.	81 rolls		Designed to tolerate higher velocity water flow, centerlines of waterways, 60 sq. yds. per roll.

Table 4.3 Mulch Anchoring Guide

Anchoring Method or Material	Kind of Mulch to be Anchored	How to Apply
l. Peg and Twine	Hay or straw	After mulching, divide areas into blocks approximately 1 sq. yd. in size. Drive 4-6 pegs per block to within 2" to 3" of soil surface. Secure mulch to surface by stretching twine between pegs in criss-cross pattern on each block. Secure twine around each peg with 2 or more tight turns. Drive pegs flush with soil. Driving stakes into ground tightens the twine.
2. Mulch netting	Hay or straw	Staple the light-weight paper, jute, wood fiber, or plastic nettings to soil surface according to manufacturer's recommendations. Should be biodegradable. Most products are not suitable for foot traffic.
3. Wood cellulose fiber	Hay or straw	Apply with hydroseeder immediately after mulching. Use 500 lbs, wood fiber per acre. Some products contain an adhesive material ("tackifier"), possibly advantageous.
4. Mulch anchoring tool	Hay or straw	Apply mulch and pull a mulch anchoring tool (blunt, straight discs) over mulch as near to the contour as possible. Mulch material should be "tucked" into soil surface about 3".
5. Täckiffer	Hay or straw	Mix and apply polymeric and gum tackifiers according to manufacturer's instructions. Avoid application during rain. A 24-hour curing period and a soil temperature higher than 45 ⁰ Fahrenheit are required.

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION AREA SEEDING



Definition & Scope

Providing temporary erosion control protection to disturbed areas and/or localized critical areas for an interim period by covering all bare ground that exists as a result of construction activities or a natural event. Critical areas may include but are not limited to steep excavated cut or fill slopes and any disturbed, denuded natural slopes subject to erosion.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Temporary seedings may be necessary on construction sites to protect an area, or section, where final grading is complete, when preparing for winter work shutdown, or to provide cover when permanent seedings are likely to fail due to mid-summer heat and drought. The intent is to provide temporary protective cover during temporary shutdown of construction and/or while waiting for optimal planting time.

<u>Criteria</u>

Water management practices must be installed as appropriate for site conditions. The area must be rough graded and slopes physically stable. Large debris and rocks are usually removed. Seedbed must be seeded within 24 hours of disturbance or scarification of the soil surface will be necessary prior to seeding.

Fertilizer or lime are not typically used for temporary seedings.

IF: Spring or summer or early fall, then seed the area with ryegrass (annual or perennial) at 30 lbs. per acre (Approximately 0.7 lb./1000 sq. ft. or use 1 lb./1000 sq. ft.).

IF: Late fall or early winter, then seed Certified 'Aroostook' winter rye (cereal rye) at 100 lbs. per acre (2.5 lbs./1000 sq. ft.).

Any seeding method may be used that will provide uniform application of seed to the area and result in relatively good soil to seed contact.

Mulch the area with hay or straw at 2 tons/acre (approx. 90 lbs./1000 sq. ft. or 2 bales). Quality of hay or straw mulch allowable will be determined based on long term use and visual concerns. Mulch anchoring will be required where wind or areas of concentrated water are of concern. Wood fiber hydromulch or other sprayable products approved for erosion control (nylon web or mesh) may be used if applied according to manufacturers' specification. Caution is advised when using nylon or other synthetic products. They may be difficult to remove prior to final seeding and can be a hazard to young wildlife species.

APPENDIX C NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI), NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) & CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

NOI for coverage under Stormwater General Permit for Construction Activity

version 1.37

(Submission #: HQ0-T6PJ-5MGZ4, version 1)

Details

Originally Started By ABD Engineers

Alternate Identifier

Putnam Subdivision

Submission ID

HQ0-T6PJ-5MGZ4

Submission Reason New

Status

Draft

Form Input

Owner/Operator Information

Owner/Operator Name (Company/Private Owner/Municipality/Agency/Institution, etc.)
Edward Putnam

Owner/Operator Contact Person Last Name (NOT CONSULTANT)
Putnam

Owner/Operator Contact Person First Name Edward

Owner/Operator Mailing Address 242 Duane Lake Road

City

Duanesburg

State

New York

Zip

12056

Phone

518-895-1053

Email

188CYCKESHOP@YAHOO.COM

Federal Tax ID

N/A

If the owner/operator is an organization, provide the Federal Tax ID number, or Employer Identification Number (EIN), in the format xx-xxxxxxx. If the owner/operator is an individual and not an organization, enter "Not Applicable" or "N/A" and do not provide the individual's social security number.

Project Location

Project/Site Name

Putnam Subdivision

Street Address (Not P.O. Box)

4136 Western TPKE

Side of Street

South

City/Town/Village (THAT ISSUES BUILDING PERMIT)

Duanesburg

State

NY

Zip

12056

DEC Region

4

The DEC Region must be provided. Please use the NYSDEC Stormwater Interactive Map (https://gisservices.dec.ny.gov/gis/stormwater/) to confirm which DEC Region this site is located in. To view the DEC Regions, click on "Other Useful Reference Layers" on the left side of the map, then click on "DEC Administrative Boundary." Zoom out as needed to see the Region boundaries.

For projects that span multiple Regions, please select a primary Region and then provide the additional Regions as a note in Question 39.

0

County SCHENECTADY

Name of Nearest Cross Street North Mansion Road

Distance to Nearest Cross Street (Feet)

Project In Relation to Cross Street NONE PROVIDED

Tax Map Numbers Section-Block-Parcel 67.00-2-6.11

Tax Map Numbers N/A

If the project does not have tax map numbers (e.g. linear projects), enter "Not Applicable" or "N/A".

1. Coordinates

Provide the Geographic Coordinates for the project site. The two methods are:

- Navigate to the project location on the map (below) and click to place a marker and obtain the XY coordinates.
- The "Find Me" button will provide the lat/long for the person filling out this form. Then pan the map to the correct location and click the map to place a marker and obtain the XY coordinates.

Navigate to your location and click on the map to get the X,Y coordinates 42.756523,-74.119631

Project Details

2. What is the nature of this project? New Construction

For the purposes of this eNOI, "New Construction" refers to any project that does not involve the disturbance of existing impervious area (i.e. 0 acres). If existing impervious area will be disturbed on the project site, it is considered redevelopment with either increase in impervious area or no increase in impervious area.

3. Select the predominant land use for both pre and post development conditions.

Pre-Develo	pment	Existina	Landuse
1 10 60 1010	MILIALIE.		_4114400

Forest

Post-Development Future Land Use

Single Family Subdivision (Please answer 3a)

3a. If Single Family Subdivision was selected in question 3, enter the number of subdivision lots.

4

4. In accordance with the larger common plan of development or sale, enter the total project site acreage, the acreage to be disturbed and the future impervious area (acreage)within the disturbed area.

*** ROUND TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF AN ACRE. ***

Total Site Area (acres)

22.3

Total Area to be Disturbed (acres)

3.0

Existing Impervious Area to be Disturbed (acres)

0.0

Future Impervious Area Within Disturbed Area (acres)

0.5

5. Do you plan to disturb more than 5 acres of soil at any one time?

No

6. Indicate the percentage (%) of each Hydrologic Soil Group(HSG) at the site.

A (%)

a

B (%)

n

C (%)

7.6

D (%)

92.4

7. Is this a phased project?

Yes

8. Enter the planned start and end dates of the disturbance activities.

Start Date 04/01/2024

End Date 04/01/2025

9. Identify the nearest surface waterbody(ies) to which construction site runoff will discharge.

Unnamed tributray to Norman Kill

Drainage ditches and storm sewer systems are not considered surface waterbodies. Please identify the surface waterbody that they discharge to. If the nearest surface waterbody is unnamed, provide a description of the waterbody, such as, "Unnamed tributary to Niagara River."

9a. Type of waterbody identified in question 9? Stream/Creek Off Site

Other Waterbody Type Off Site Description N/A

9b. If "wetland" was selected in 9A, how was the wetland identified? NONE PROVIDED

10. Has the surface waterbody(ies) in question 9 been identified as a 303(d) segment in Appendix E of GP-0-20-001?

11. Is this project located in one of the Watersheds identified in Appendix C of GP-0-20-001?

No

12. Is the project located in one of the watershed areas associated with AA and AA-S classified waters?

No

Please use the DEC Stormwater Interactive Map (https://gisservices.dec.ny.gov/gis/stormwater/) to confirm if this site is located in one of the watersheds of an AA or AA-S classified water. To view the watershed areas, click on "Permit Related Layers" on the left side of the map, then click on "Class AA AAS Watersheds."

If No, skip question 13.

13. Does this construction activity disturb land with no existing impervious cover and where the Soil Slope Phase is identified as D (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), E or F on the USDA Soil Survey?

NONE PROVIDED

If Yes, what is the acreage to be disturbed? NONE PROVIDED

- 14. Will the project disturb soils within a State regulated wetland or the protected 100 foot adjacent area?
- 15. Does the site runoff enter a separate storm sewer system (including roadside drains, swales, ditches, culverts, etc)?
 Yes
- 16. What is the name of the municipality/entity that owns the separate storm sewer system?

Town of Duanesburg

- 17. Does any runoff from the site enter a sewer classified as a Combined Sewer?
- 18. Will future use of this site be an agricultural property as defined by the NYS Agriculture and Markets Law?
- 19. Is this property owned by a state authority, state agency, federal government or local government?
 No
- 20. Is this a remediation project being done under a Department approved work plan? (i.e. CERCLA, RCRA, Voluntary Cleanup Agreement, etc.)

Required SWPPP Components

- 21. Has the required Erosion and Sediment Control component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control (aka Blue Book)?
 Yes
- 22. Does this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes the post-construction stormwater management practice component (i.e. Runoff Reduction, Water Quality and Quantity Control practices/techniques)?

If you answered No in question 22, skip question 23 and the Post-construction Criteria and Post-construction SMP Identification sections.

23. Has the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS Stormwater Management Design Manual?

NONE PROVIDED

24. The Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) was prepared by:

Professional Engineer (P.E.)

SWPPP Preparer

ABD Engineers & Surveyors, LLP

Contact Name (Last, First)

Bianchine, Joseph

Mailing Address

411 Union St.

City

Schenectady

State

NY

Zip

12305

Phone

5183700315

Email

joe@abdeng.com

Download SWPPP Preparer Certification Form

Please take the following steps to prepare and upload your preparer certification form:

- 1) Click on the link below to download a blank certification form
- 2) The certified SWPPP preparer should sign this form
- 3) Scan the signed form
- 4) Upload the scanned document

Download SWPPP Preparer Certification Form

Please upload the SWPPP Preparer Certification

NONE PROVIDED

Comment

NONE PROVIDED

Erosion & Sediment Control Criteria

25. Has a construction sequence schedule for the planned management practices been prepared?

Yes

26. Select all of the erosion and sediment control practices that will be employed on the project site:

Temporary Structural

Stabilized Construction Entrance Sediment Traps Sediment Basin Silt Fence Temporary Swale Check Dams

Biotechnical

None

Vegetative Measures

Mulching Seeding Sodding Topsoiling

Permanent Structural

None

Other

NONE PROVIDED

Post-Construction Criteria

- * IMPORTANT: Completion of Questions 27-39 is not required if response to Question 22 is No.
- 27. Identify all site planning practices that were used to prepare the final site plan/layout for the project.

NONE PROVIDED

27a. Indicate which of the following soil restoration criteria was used to address the requirements in Section 5.1.6("Soil Restoration") of the Design Manual (2010 version). NONE PROVIDED

28. Provide the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) required for this project (based on final site plan/layout). (Acre-feet)
NONE PROVIDED

29. Post-construction SMP Identification

Use the Post-construction SMP Identification section to identify the RR techniques (Area Reduction), RR techniques (Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity that were used to reduce the Total WQv Required (#28).

Identify the SMPs to be used by providing the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each technique/practice selected. For the Area Reduction Techniques, provide the total contributing area (includes pervious area) and, if applicable, the total impervious area that contributes runoff to the technique/practice.

Note: Redevelopment projects shall use the Post-Construction SMP Identification section to identify the SMPs used to treat and/or reduce the WQv required. If runoff reduction techniques will not be used to reduce the required WQv, skip to question 33a after identifying the SMPs.

- 30. Indicate the Total RRv provided by the RR techniques (Area/Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv capacity identified in question 29. (acre-feet) NONE PROVIDED
- 31. Is the Total RRv provided (#30) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28)?
 NONE PROVIDED

If Yes, go to question 36. If No, go to question 32.

32. Provide the Minimum RRv required based on HSG. [Minimum RRv Required = (P) (0.95) (Ai) / 12, Ai=(s) (Aic)] (acre-feet)
NONE PROVIDED

32a. Is the Total RRv provided (#30) greater than or equal to the Minimum RRv Required (#32)?

NONE PROVIDED

If Yes, go to question 33.

Note: Use the space provided in question #39 to summarize the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required (#28). A detailed evaluation of the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of the WQv required (#28) must also be included in the SWPPP.

If No, sizing criteria has not been met; therefore, NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria.

33. SMPs

Use the Post-construction SMP Identification section to identify the Standard SMPs and, if applicable, the Alternative SMPs to be used to treat the remaining total WQv (=Total WQv Required in #28 - Total RRv Provided in #30).

Also, provide the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each practice selected.

NOTE: Use the Post-construction SMP Identification section to identify the SMPs used on Redevelopment projects.

33a. Indicate the Total WQv provided (i.e. WQv treated) by the SMPs identified in question #33 and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity identified in question #29. (acrefeet)

NONE PROVIDED

Note: For the standard SMPs with RRv capacity, the WQv provided by each practice = the WQv calculated using the contributing drainage area to the practice - provided by the practice. (See Table 3.5 in Design Manual)

- 34. Provide the sum of the Total RRv provided (#30) and the WQv provided (#33a). NONE PROVIDED
- 35. Is the sum of the RRv provided (#30) and the WQv provided (#33a) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28)?

 NONE PROVIDED

If Yes, go to question 36.

If No, sizing criteria has not been met; therefore, NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria.

36. Provide the total Channel Protection Storage Volume (CPv required and provided or select waiver (#36a), if applicable.

CPv Required (acre-feet)

NONE PROVIDED

CPv Provided (acre-feet)

NONE PROVIDED

36a. The need to provide channel protection has been waived because: NONE PROVIDED

37. Provide the Overbank Flood (Qp) and Extreme Flood (Qf) control criteria or select waiver (#37a), if applicable.

Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Qp)

Pre-Development (CFS)

NONE PROVIDED

Post-Development (CFS)

NONE PROVIDED

Total Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf)

Pre-Development (CFS)

NONE PROVIDED

Post-Development (CFS)

NONE PROVIDED

37a. The need to meet the Qp and Qf criteria has been waived because: NONE PROVIDED

38. Has a long term Operation and Maintenance Plan for the post-construction stormwater management practice(s) been developed?

NONE PROVIDED

If Yes, Identify the entity responsible for the long term Operation and Maintenance NONE PROVIDED

39. Use this space to summarize the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required (#28). (See question #32a) This space can also be used for other pertinent project information.

NONE PROVIDED

Post-Construction SMP Identification

Runoff Reduction (RR) Techniques, Standard Stormwater Management Practices (SMPs) and Alternative SMPs

Identify the Post-construction SMPs to be used by providing the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each technique/practice selected. For the Area Reduction Techniques, provide the total contributing area (includes pervious area) and, if applicable, the total impervious area that contributes runoff to the technique/practice.

RR Techniques (Area Reduction)

Round to the nearest tenth

Total Contributing Acres for Conservation of Natural Area (RR-1) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Conservation of Natural Area (RR-1) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Acres for Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filter Strips (RR-2) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filter Strips (RR-2)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Acres for Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Acres for Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) NONE PROVIDED

RR Techniques (Volume Reduction)

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Vegetated Swale (RR-5) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Rain Garden (RR-6) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Stormwater Planter (RR-7) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Porous Pavement (RR-9) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Green Roof (RR-10) NONE PROVIDED

Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Infiltration Trench (I-1)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Infiltration Basin (I-2)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Dry Well (I-3) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Underground Infiltration System (I-4) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Bioretention (F-5) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Dry Swale (0-1)
NONE PROVIDED

Standard SMPs

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Micropool Extended Detention (P-1)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Wet Pond (P-2) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Wet Extended Detention (P-3) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Multiple Pond System (P-4)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Pocket Pond (P-5)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Surface Sand Filter (F-1)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Underground Sand Filter (F-2) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Organic Filter (F-4) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Shallow Wetland (W-1)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Pond/Wetland System (W-3)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Pocket Wetland (W-4)
NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Acres for Wet Swale (O-2) NONE PROVIDED

Alternative SMPs (DO NOT INCLUDE PRACTICES BEING USED FOR PRETREATMENT ONLY)

Total Contributing Impervious Area for HydrodynamicNONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Area for Wet Vault NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Area for Media FilterNONE PROVIDED

"Other" Alternative SMP? NONE PROVIDED

Total Contributing Impervious Area for "Other" NONE PROVIDED

Provide the name and manufaturer of the alternative SMPs (i.e. proprietary practice(s)) being used for WQv treatment.

Note: Redevelopment projects which do not use RR techniques, shall use questions 28, 29, 33 and 33a to provide SMPs used, total WQv required and total WQv provided for the project.

Manufacturer of Alternative SMP NONE PROVIDED

Name of Alternative SMP NONE PROVIDED

Other Permits

40. Identify other DEC permits, existing and new, that are required for this project/facility.
Individual SPDES

If SPDES Multi-Sector GP, then give permit ID NONE PROVIDED

If Other, then identify NONE PROVIDED

41. Does this project require a US Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Permit?

If "Yes," then indicate Size of Impact, in acres, to the nearest tenth NONE PROVIDED

42. If this NOI is being submitted for the purpose of continuing or transferring coverage under a general permit for stormwater runoff from construction activities, please indicate the former SPDES number assigned.

NONE PROVIDED

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance

43. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4?

No

If No, skip question 44

44. Has the "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form been signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official and submitted along with this NOI?

NONE PROVIDED

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form Download

Download form from the link below. Complete, sign, and upload. MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form

MS4 Acceptance Form Upload

NONE PROVIDED Comment
NONE PROVIDED

Owner/Operator Certification

Owner/Operator Certification Form Download

Download the certification form by clicking the link below. Complete, sign, scan, and upload the form.

Owner/Operator Certification Form (PDF, 45KB)

Upload Owner/Operator Certification Form

NONE PROVIDED

Comment

NONE PROVIDED



Owner/Operator Certification Form

SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges From Construction Activity (GP-0-20-001)

Putnam Subdivision

Project/Site Name:	
eNOI Submission Number: HQ0-T6PJ	-5MGZ4
eNOI Submitted by: Owner/Operator	SWPPP Preparer Other
Certification Statement - Owner/Operato	pr
that, under the terms of the permit, there may be rep and the corresponding documents were prepared un significant penalties for submitting false information, knowing violations. I further understand that coverag acknowledgment that I will receive as a result of sub-	e under the general permit will be identified in the mitting this NOI and can be as long as sixty (60) business lerstand that, by submitting this NOI, I am acknowledging blemented as the first element of construction, and
Owner/Operator First Name M	1.I. Last Name
Signature	
Date	



SWPPP Preparer Certification Form

SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges From Construction Activity (GP-0-20-001)

Project Site Information Project/Site Name		
Putnam Subdivision	N	
Owner/Operator Information Owner/Operator (Company	/ Name/Priv	/ate Owner/Municipality Name)
Edward Putnam	NOV (SOCIA PORTICA STATE AND	
Certification Statement – SWP	PP Prepar	er
I hereby certify that the Stormwater project has been prepared in accor GP-0-20-001. Furthermore, I under information is a violation of this per could subject me to criminal, civil as	dance with stand that o mit and the	the terms and conditions of the certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate laws of the State of New York and
Joseph	J.	Bianchine
First name	MI	Last Name
Signature		Date

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor

Albany, New York 12233-3505
(NOTE: Submit completed form to address above)

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity

Please indicate your permit identification number: NYR		
I. Owner or Operator Information		
1. Owner/Operator Name: Edward Putnam		
2. Street Address: 242 Duane Lake Road		
3. City/State/Zip: Duanesburg, NY 12056		
4. Contact Person: Edward Putnam	4a.Telephone:	
4b. Contact Person E-Mail:		
II. Project Site Information		
5. Project/Site Name: Putnam Subdivision		
6. Street Address: 4136 Western TPKE		
7. City/Zip: Duanesburg, NY 12056		
8. County: Schenectady		
III. Reason for Termination		
9a. □ All disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization in accordance with the general permit and SWPPP. *Date final stabilization completed (month/year):		
9b. Permit coverage has been transferred to new owner/operator. Indicate new owner/operator's permit identification number: NYR (Note: Permit coverage can not be terminated by owner identified in I.1. above until new owner/operator obtains coverage under the general permit)		
9c. □ Other (Explain on Page 2)		
IV. Final Site Information:		
10a. Did this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices? □ yes □ no (If no, go to question 10f.)		
10b. Have all post-construction stormwater management practices included in the final SWPPP been constructed? □ yes □ no (If no, explain on Page 2)		
10c. Identify the entity responsible for long-term operation and m	naintenance of practice(s)?	

10d. Has the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance been given a copy of the operation and maintenance plan required by the general permit? □ yes 10e. Indicate the method used to ensure long-term operation and maintenance of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s): □ Post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-of-way(s) needed to maintain practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality. Executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s). □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, a mechanism is in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the owner or operator's deed of record. □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university or hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility; policy and procedures are in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan. 10f. Provide the total area of impervious surface (i.e. roof, pavement, concrete, gravel, etc.) constructed within the disturbance area? (acres) 11. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? □ yes (If Yes, complete section VI - "MS4 Acceptance" statement V. Additional Information/Explanation: (Use this section to answer questions 9c. and 10b., if applicable) VI. MS4 Acceptance - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative (Note: Not required when 9b. is checked -transfer of coverage) I have determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator of the construction project identified in question 5 to submit the Notice of Termination at this time. Printed Name: Title/Position: Signature: Date:

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued VII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Final Stabilization: I hereby certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization as defined in the current version of the general permit, and that all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings. Printed Name: Title/Position: Date: Signature: VIII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice(s): I hereby certify that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings. Printed Name: Title/Position: Signature: Date: IX. Owner or Operator Certification I hereby certify that this document was prepared by me or under my direction or supervision. My determination, based upon my inquiry of the person(s) who managed the construction activity, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, is that the information provided in this document is true, accurate and complete. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings. Printed Name: Title/Position:

(NYS DEC Notice of Termination - January 2015)

Signature:

Date:

APPLICATION FOR THE PLANNING BOARD TOWN OF DUANESBURG

Revised 04/12/2017

CHECKLIST OF REQUIRED INFORMATION:

Title of drawing. Tax Map ID # Zoning district Current Original Deed NYS Survey (L.S. & P.E.) North Arrow, scale (1"=100"), Boundaries of the property plotted and labeled to scale, School District/Fire District Green area/ landscaping Existing watercourses, wetlands, etc. Contour Lines (Increments of 10ft.) Easements & Right of ways Abutting Properties Wells/ Sewer Systems within 100ft.	 Septic system: Soil Investigation completed? Sewer System: Which district? Basic SWPPP (1≥ & <5) Full Storm Water Control Plan (5acres or more) Storm Water Control Plan Short or long EAF www.dec.nv.gov/eafmapper/ Street pattern: Traffic study needed? All property Mergers REQUIRE both owners Signatures on the Application Additional Regulrements for Special Use Application: New or existing building Business Plan, Hours of operation, & number of employees, floor plan, uses, lighting plan/ landscaping/signage Parking, Handleap Spaces, & lighting plan
Date February 2, 2-24	
Application type: Major Subdy Minor Subdy Specific Subdy Specific Subdy Minor Subdy Specific Subdy Specific Subdy Minor Subdy Mi	ly 16.5 acres of the property, including 2 equipment pads, gravel onsisting of trees and light brush will remain as is. zonling Ordinance.
Address: 3364 US Route 20, Sloansville, NY Zip coo	PPEARS ON DEEDIN de: 12160
Phone # (required) 518-231-2694	i e
Applicants Name (if different); Kruger Energy Location of Property (if different from owners) 909 Alexand Tax Map # 65.00-2/5/1 Zoning District R-2 Signature of Owner (S) if different from Applicant (AS A. LANDS CONVEYED TO (REQUIRED FOR MERGERS)	PPEARS ON DEEDI)
Signature of receiving Property Owner	
the above property or has duly authorized, in writing, by the own	VD CORRECT. The Applicant herby certifies that he/she is the owner of ner of record to make this application. Further, by signing this application of Duanesburg to walk the property for the purposes of conducting a
ALL APPLICATION FEES ARE NON-REFUNDABLE!	
医过去性现状 美国现代的证券 化二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二	医乳子
Application fee paid: Check#	office use only) Reviewed By Date
☐ Approved ☐ Disapproved ☐ Refer to Code Enforcement S	Section of Ordinance
Planning Commission Comments:	
Planning Chairperson Date	Code Enforcement Date



Albany Office

100 Great Oaks Boulevard, Suite 114, Albany, NY 12203 P: 1.833.723.4768

April 15, 2024

Jeffrey Schmitt, Planning Board Chairman Town of Duanesburg 5853 Western Turnpike Duanesburg, NY 12056

Re: Kruger Energy Solar Project

Site Plan and Special Use Permit Application Review

Our Project No. 240619-000R

Dear Mr. Schmitt:

We are in receipt of the Planning Board Application dated 4/2/2024, Site Plan dated January 2024, State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) "No Effect" Letter dated 4/5/2023, Decommissioning Plan dated 9/8/2023, Visual Impact Analysis dated 9/13/2023, Visual Impact Assessment dated January 2024, Full Environmental Assessment Form (FEAF) Part 1 dated 2/2/2024, Bat Acoustics Survey dated 10/16/2024, Monarch Butterfly Habitat Assessment dated 10/3/2023, Sound Study Report dated 12/11/2023, Glare Hazard Analysis dated 6/30/2023, Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) dated February 2024, and Kruger O&M Manual revised 8/5/2018. The proposed project involves the lot line adjustment and construction of a 4.199KW-AC Photovoltaic Plant with a service/emergency access roadway and related electrical appurtenances, and stormwater management practices on approximately 16.5 acres of a 53.59 +/- acre parcel of land located at 909 Alexander Road (tax id 65.00-2-15.11) in the Town of Duanesburg. The proposal project is within the Agricultrual-Residential-2 (R-2) zoning district.

Based on a review of the provided documents we have the following comments:

FEAF Part 1

- 1. The Applicant stated in their answer to question D.1.b that the total acreage to be physically disturbed is >1.0 acres. We ask the Applicant to identify the calculated acreage to be disturbed.
- 2. The Applicant indicated in their response to question E.2.h.iii that there are wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated by federal, state or local agency but did not answer the following question E.2.h.iv asking for the identification of the regulated wetland/waterbody on the project site. We ask the Applicant to provide the appropriate identification information.
- 3. The Applicant has not completed question E.3.b identifying if there are agricultural lands consisting of highly productive soils present and if so, to provide the acreage and soil rating. We ask the Applicant to complete this question.
- 4. The Applicant has not completed question E.3.e and provide the nature of historic/archaeological resource and a brief description of attributes on which the list is based.
- 5. The Applicant has provided a letter from NYS Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation dated 4/5/2023 stating that based on their review no properties, including archaeological and/or historic resources, listed in or eligible for the NYS and National Registers of Historic Places will be impacted by

this project. This verifies the Applicant's answer to question E.3.f that no part of the project site or adjacent area is designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory.

Site Plan

- 1. The Applicant has not provided the following details on the provided Site Plan/drawing set for review:
 - Existing conditions including vegetation, bodies of water, above and below-ground utility lines, transformers and other ancillary facilities or structures.
 - Total area(s) of disturbance
 - Clearing and Grading plans
 - Gate details including location, dimensions, and design details.
 - Access road details
 - Screening/planting details including species, density, location, and height/size of plantings.
 The Applicant will also provide a guarantee that all plantings that form part of the approved landscape and screening plan will be maintained and replaced if necessary during the life of the project.
 - Fence details.
 - Swing gate details.
 - Solar panel details.
 - Construction details including truck loading areas, showing points of entry and exit from the site
 - Stormwater management plan details including the location, design, and construction outline
 of all existing or proposed site improvements, including culverts, drains, retaining walls and
 fences.
 - Lighting plan and location(s).
 - Electrical diagrams.
 - Laydown area details.
 - Signage Plan.
- 2. The Applicant has stated in their answer to FEAF question D.2.b.i and D.2.b.ii that there will temporary disturbance of wetlands to allow for the installation of solar panel support posts and that it is identified on the plan set, however on the provided Site Plan it has not been identified. We ask the Applicant to provide the location and details.
- The location of occupied residences on the neighboring non-participating properties need to be shown on the site plan to confirm that they are at least 450 feet from all solar project structures and equipment.
- 4. The Zoning Summary Table for Utility Solar System indicates the maximum solar panel height of the proposed project is 12ft which is within the 15ft maximum solar panel height allowed per the Solar Energy Facilities Law of the Town of Duanesburg.
- 5. In their response to question E.1.b the Applicant indicated a decrease in the acreage of roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious surfaces as well as a decrease in forested land. We ask the Applicant to provide on the site plan the location of both land use/cover types.

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Mr. Jeffrey Schmitt Kruger Energy Solar Project Review April 15, 2024 – Page 3

6. The proposed project includes a fence around the solar panels and is within the 20ft tree buffer as required in the Solar Energy Facilities Law of the Town of Duanesburg. However, the Applicant has not provided the height of the proposed fence for review.

Visual Impact Analysis

1. The Visual Impact Analysis (VIA) was conducted based on topography only and at nine residential viewsheds within a 0.5 mile radius. The Analysis and cross section views for each residence shows that the solar panels have the potential to be visible from Residence 1, 2, 3, 5 and 7. Further visual simulation analysis was performed and is commented on below.

Visual Simulations

- 1. As the above VIA showed that the panels have the potential to be viewed from 5 locations, why were 2 residences excluded (5 and 7) from the visual simulations? We ask that these 2 properties be added (receptors E and F).
- 2. The review comments numbered 3 through 5 below are prefaced with the statement that we find the visual simulation photos to be blurry. The photo simulations should be shown with clear photographs and ideally in an autumn season with no leaves on the trees. An existing condition with no solar panels should be compared with a proposed condition with solar panels.
- 3. The view at Location A depicts a view of the site entrance of the access road on Alexander Road in winter with snowfall in existing conditions and then the proposed view in Figure 3 at planting and Figure 4 at 5 years of growth. The panels are not visible in Figure 3 as there are trees that provide a buffer even during winter when there are no leaves or pine needles.
- 4. The view at Location B depicts a view of the site on Alexander Road looking East in winter with snowfall in existing conditions. Figures 6 shows minimal view of the panels on the day of planting, and Figure 7 a decrease in the view after 5 years of growth.
- 5. The view at Location C depicts a view of the site on Alexander Road looking East in winter with snowfall in existing conditions. Figures 9 shows minimal view of the panels on the day of planting, and Figure 10 shows minimal to no view of the panels after 5 years of growth.

Bat Acoustics Memo

1. In the provided Bat Acoustics analysis prepared by Stantec Consulting Services, Inc., the results indicated that although there were passes classified by Kaleidoscope Pro (KPro) software as northern long-eared bat and tricolored bat for those nights indicating presence, it was determined after further analysis that those passes classified as northern long-eared bat did not contain call characteristics indicative of northern long-eared bats (i.e., max frequency well above 90–100 kilohertz [kHz] and characteristically steep slope).

Monarch Memo

1. In the Monarch Butterfly Habitat Assessment prepared by Stantec Consulting Services, Inc., the assessment included a site survey to evaluate the presence of suitable habitat for the monarch

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butterfly caterpillar and to look for the presence of the species on the site. A single patch of swamp milkweed was found near the access road to the Project Site however no monarch caterpillars or eggs were observed on these plants. No monarch butterflies were observed during the site survey. No monarch caterpillars or eggs were found on or around the milkweed on the site. The assessment concludes that there is limited breeding habitat for monarch butterfly eggs and caterpillars and although there are suitable flowering plants for the butterfly stage, this would likely be short-term and limited, and the flowering plants are generally abundant and not limited to the Project Site.

Sound Study Report

- The Executive Summary states that "the noise assessment was completed in accordance with the requirements of the 2023 Town of Duanesburg Solar Energy Facilities Law, which requires projects comply with the New York Office of Renewable Energy Siting (NYORES) operational noise limits included in 19 NYCRR 900-2.8."
- 2. The study advises that there are 17 string inverters and two medium voltage transformers that were included in the noise study. The project does not include a substation with power transformers.
- 3. Details showing the solar panel support posts have not been provided, but utilizing screw piles instead of pile driving of posts should be considered as a construction noise mitigation measure.
- 4. The cumulative noise analysis took into account the noise generated from both the proposed Kruger Solar facility and the existing solar facility at 726 Alexander Road.
- 5. The applicant shall provide the exact reference of the 55 dBA Leq (8h) noise limit shown in Table 8.1. for confirmation that it has been used appropriately.
- 6. Table 8.4 Estimated Maximum Increase of Project Noise above Existing Ambient Noise, shows that there is only a 2 dB increase (49 dB to 51 dB) from the project above the existing ambient noise levels at the western property line and all other receptors would not have an increase from the project. A 2 dB change in sound is essentially not noticeable.
- 7. The site plan shows three (3) vacant lots on the eastern side of Alexander Road that have a common boundary with the solar parcel and could be developed in the future. A discussion of the potential impact on future residential homes on these lots should be added to the study.
- 8. If the site layout changes from the one that was analyzed, we would require that the noise impact evaluation be updated to confirm compliance with the Twon code.

Glare Study

- 1. Potential for glare for nine airports including all approach paths was conducted and included Duanesburg Airport, Nettie's Place Airport, Boss Airport, Blue Heron Airport, Mariaville Aerodrome, Gar Field Airport, and unnamed airport, Wandervogel Airport, and Hogan Airport.
 - a. No predicted glare for 8 out of 9 airports and 17 out of 18 approach paths located within 10 miles of the Project Site.
 - b. Green glare is predicted for the westbound approach for the unnamed airport for up to approximately 35 minutes per day from April thought August. The Federal Aviation Administration does not consider green glare to be an issue for pilots.
- 2. Potential glare to drivers was evaluated for both passenger vehicles and semi-trucks, where the passenger vehicles were assumed to have a maximum viewing height of 5-ft above ground level while

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the viewing height for drivers of semi-trucks was assumed to be a maximum of 9-ft above ground level. The results of the analysis were provided in the Rhoades Glare Summary (page 23) of the Study.

- a. The results indicated 2 of the 9 route locations green glare was predicted in May and July, and 4 of the 31 house locations green glare was predicted during the late spring and summer months. The length of time for predicted glare ranged between 1 to 13 minutes.
- 3. In section 2.3 Obstruction Tool, there is a figure of "240 wide", which does not have the measurement units listed. The applicant should add the units.

SWPPP

- 1. The Applicant has provided a SWPPP Summary Report for review. Please provide the full SWPPP for review and approval by the Planning Board. The full SWPPP needs to contain the following elements:
 - a. Background information, scope, location and type of project
 - b. Nearest water body.
 - c. A site map and construction drawings.
 - d. A soil description of map including soil map.
 - e. A construction phasing plan.
 - f. O&M practices for all the practices being proposed during construction.
 - g. A site map and construction drawings showing the erosion and sediment control practices.
 - h. Dimensions, material specifications, and installation details of the E&SC practices.
 - i. Inspection guidelines for all practices, including a maintenance inspection schedule.
 - j. Details regarding the responsibilities of the inspector.
 - k. Pollution prevention measures.
 - I. Details on any post construction stormwater features (if any).
- 2. Please modify "velo" to "velocity" wherever applicable.
- 3. Please provide the Appendixes referenced in the Summary Report.
- 4. Please include the pollution control methods used for vehicle washing.

Operations and Maintenance

- It is stated that this is a general Standard Operating Practice (SOP) for the O&M of Kruger Energy solar
 projects and that it will be finalized during construction and commissioning to incorporate all
 equipment subject to the O&M Plan. We would like to know what level of revision is expected to be
 necessary that it cannot be finalized at this time.
- 2. An Emergency Response Plan is still required to be completed and submitted for review.
- 3. The Routine Scheduled Preventive Maintenance section states "One of the most valuable techniques for identifying existing problems and preventing future problems is to walk the site and conduct a thorough visual and hands-on inspection of the PV system components", but then only an annual inspection is proposed, which seems to be inadequate.
- 4. There is no section that describes landscaping and ground surface maintenance procedures and schedule.

Decommissioning Plan

- A draft Decommissioning Pan (Plan) dated 9/8/2023 was provided for review and identifies Kruger Energy (USA) Inc. as the applicant.
- In section 2 it is mentioned that "grade slabs will be broken and removed to a depth of three feet below grade", however the Duanesburg Solar Law requires "The removal of all energy facilities, structures and equipment including any wires and footings from the parcel."
- 3. In section 2 it is mentioned that "The access road will remain in place and the local utility will be responsible for dismantling those overhead wires, poles, or ground mounted equipment under its ownership.", however the Duanesburg Solar Law requires "Any access roads created for building or maintaining the system shall also be removed and replanted with vegetation."
- 4. The Plan should mention how existing field drain tiles will be located prior to construction, repaired when encountered during construction and restored during the decommissioning period. A cost for drain tile restoration should be added to the decommissioning cost estimate.
- 5. The Site Stabilization section of the Plan should be expanded to discuss NYSDAM Guidelines for Solar Energy Projects Construction Mitigation for Agricultural Lands (latest edition) for this Agricultural and Residential (R-2) zoned parcel.
- 6. The applicant should include the cost of the Environmental Monitor to be hired during the property restoration phase as required by NYSDAM.
- The applicant should include the cost to provide for a monitoring and remediation period of one complete growing season following the date upon which the desired crop is planted after decommissioning.
- 8. We ask that a more detailed decommissioning cost estimate be prepared which includes quantities and unit prices for the individual components, not a general cost per acre. The detailed decommissioning cost estimates will be reviewed once the above additional information is added.
- 9. The applicant proposes to fund the decommissioning with an irrevocable standby Letter of Credit, which will need to be reviewed by the Town Attorney.
- 10. We ask that language be added stating that the decommissioning cost estimate needs to be updated and submitted to the Town every 5 years for review and approval and the that decommissioning security be updated accordingly.
- 11. A proposed Decommissioning Agreement has not been drafted and included with the Plan for review.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Douglas P. Cole, PE

Douglas P Cole

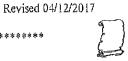
Senior Director of Engineering

cc: Chris Parslow, Planner Carol Sowycz, Planning & Zoning Clerk Dominick Arico, PE, Arico Associates

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6

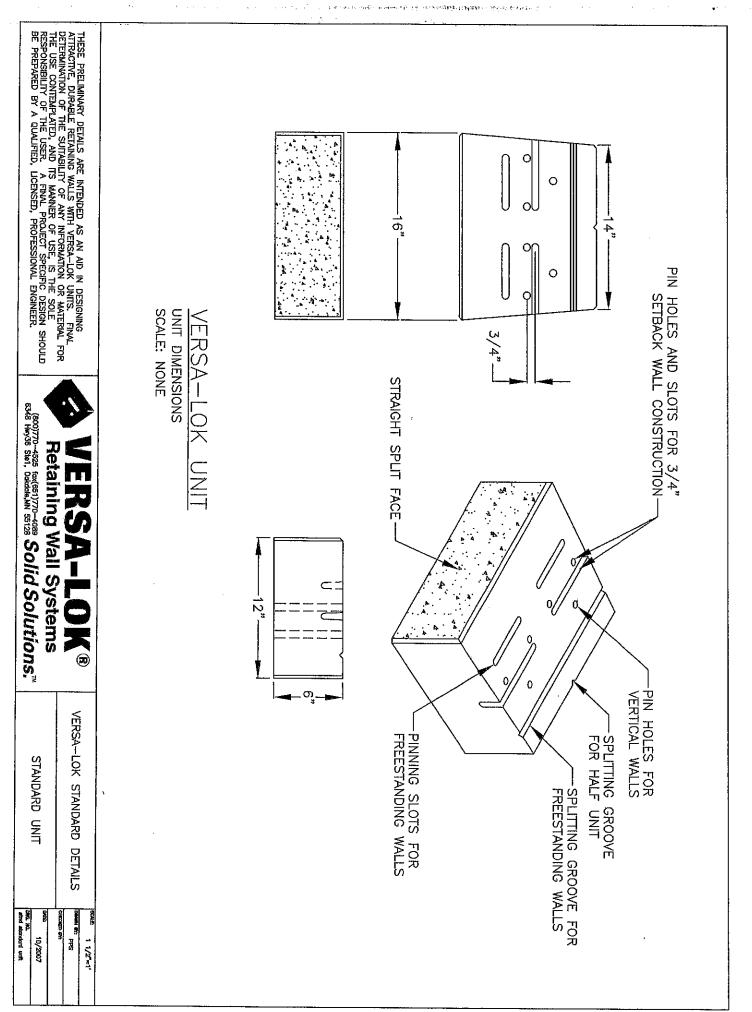
APPLICATION FOR THE PLANNING BOARD TOWN OF DUANESBURG



ORIGINAL

CHECKLIST OF REQUIRED INFORMATION:

 Title of drawing. Tax Map ID # Zoning district Current Original Deed NYS Survey (L.S. & P.E.) North Arrow, scale (1"=100'), Boundaries of the property plotted and labeled to scale. School District/Fire District Green area/ landscaping Existing watercourses, wetlands, etc. Contour Lines (increments of 10ft.) Easements & Right of ways Abutting Properties Wells/ Sewer Systems within 100ft. Well/ Water system 	 Septic system:-Soil investigation completed? Sewer System: Which district? Basic SWPPP (1≥ & <5) Full Storm Water Control Plan (5acres or more) Storm Water Control Plan Short or long EAF www.dec.ny.gov/eafmapper/ Street pattern: Traffic study needed? All property Mergers REQUIRE both owners Signatures on the Application Additional Requirements for Special Use Application: New or existing building Business Plan, Hours of operation, & number of employees, floor plan, uses, lighting plan/landscaping/signage Parking, Handicap Spaces, & lighting plan
Date 9/7/23	
Application type: Major Subdy Minor Subdy & Special Proposal: Peturn building to a two	ll Use Permit □ Site/ Sketch Plan Review □ LotLine Adjust
Section Section of	7 Ordinance.
Present Owner: THOMAS SAMOFISMAS AP	DE ADS ON DEFDIN
Address: 308 LAKE ROAD Zip code	: 12053
Phone # (required) 5/8-688-4971	519-688-4971
Applicants Name (if different): Location of Property (if different from owners) 69 28 V Tax Map #67.05-2-13. Zoning District	Phone# (required) 518-688-4971 Duanes burg Qd
/*	
Signature of Owner (S) if different from Applicant (AS API	PEARS ON DEED!)
LANDS CONVEYED TO (REQUIRED FOR MERGERS)	
Signature of receiving Property Owner	(AS APPEARS ON DEED!!)
the above property or has duly authorized, in writing, by the owner tion, the owner gives permission for a representative (s) of the Town site review.	CORRECT. The Applicant herby certifies that he/she is the owner of of record to make this application. Further, by signing this applicant of Duanesburg to walk the property for the purposes of conducting a
Signature of Owner(S) and/or Applicant(S)	
ALL APPLICATION FEES ARE NON-REFUNDABLE!	
Application fee paid \$100 Check# 398 (For off R	ice use only) Leviewed By Date
☐ Approved ☐ Disapproved ☐ Refer to Code Enforcement Sec	ction of Ordinance
Planning Commission Comments:	
Planning Chairperson Date	Code Enforcement Date



VERSA-TUFF PIN 2 PER UNIT: 3/4" SETBACK-CROSS SECTION SCALE: NONE PINNING 6348 Hwy58 Stel. Ogkdale,MN 55128 Solid Solutions." PINHOLE-Retaining Wall Systems **②** -RECEIVING SLOT VERSA-LOK STANDARD DETAIL PINNING

THESE PRELIMINARY DETAILS ARE INTENDED AS AN AID IN DESIGNING ATTRACTIVE, DURABLE RETAINING WALLS WITH VERSA-LOK UNITS. FINAL DETERMINATION OF THE SUITABILITY OF ANY INFORMATION OR MACTERIAL FOR THE USE CONTEMPLATED, AND ITS MANNER OF USE, IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER. A FINAL PROJECT SPECIFIC DESIGN SHOULD BE PREPARED BY A QUALIFIED, LICENSED, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

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10/2007

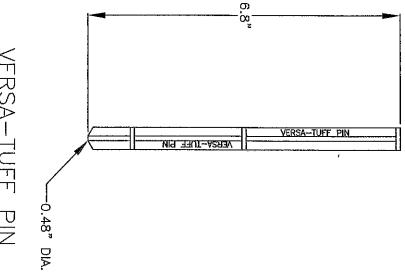
VERSA-LOK STANDARD MODULAR CONCRETE UNITS GRANULAR LEVELING PAD MIN. 6" THICK-CONCRETE ADHESIVE CAP UNIT ADHERES
TO TOP UNIT SCALE: NONE <u>YPICAL</u> W/VERSA-LOK SECTION—UNREINFORCED (800)770-4525 fox(651)770-4089 Solid Solutions."* Retaining Wall Systems علاطاه طاه طاه طاه على عاده على طاه عاله عاله عاله عاله عاله 12" DEEP MPERVIOUS FILL -4" DIA. DRAIN PIPE OUTLET @ END OF WALL OR @ 40' CENTERS MAX. 12" THICK MIN. DRAINAGE AGGREGATE **(30)** RETAINING WALL VERSA-LOK STANDARD DETAILS UNREINFORCED SECTION

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THESE PRELIMINARY DETAILS ARE INTENDED AS AN AID IN DESIGNING ATTRACTIVE, DURABLE RETAINING WALLS WITH VERSA-LOK UNITS. FINAL DETERMINATION OF THE SUITABILITY OF ANY INFORMATION OR MATERIAL FOR THE USE CONTEMPLATED, AND ITS MANNER OF USE, IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER. A FINAL PROJECT SPECIFIC DESIGN SHOULD BE PREPARED BY A QUALIFIED, LICENSED, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

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and unrainforced section 10/2007 THESE PRELIMINARY DETAILS ARE INTENDED AS AN AID IN DESIGNING ATTRACTIVE, DURABLE RETAINING WALLS WITH VERSA-LOK UNITS. FINAL DETERMINATION OF THE SUITABILITY OF ANY INFORMATION OR MATERIAL FOR THE USE CONTEMPLATED, AND ITS MANNER OF USE, IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER. A FINAL PROJECT SPECIFIC DESIGN SHOULD BE PREPARED BY A QUALIFIED, LICENSED, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.



VERSA-TUFF PIN
PIN DIMENSIONS
SCALE: NONE

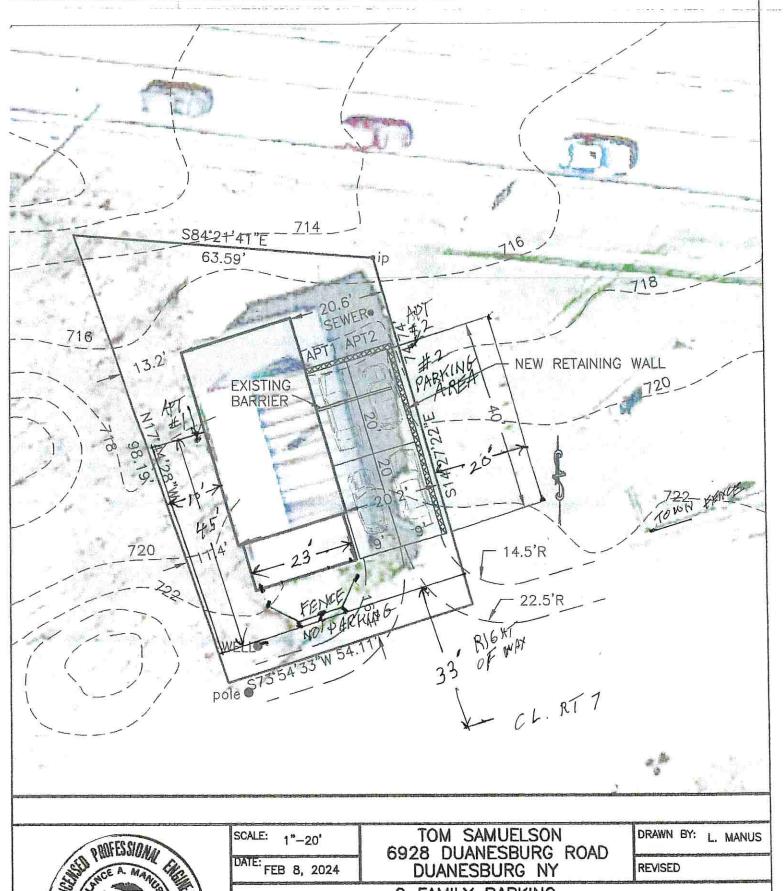
Retaining Wall Systems
[800]770-4525 fox(651)770-4039 Solid Solutions."

VERSA-LOK STANDARD DETAIL

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10/2007

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US GORGHO	Distance in Proper	



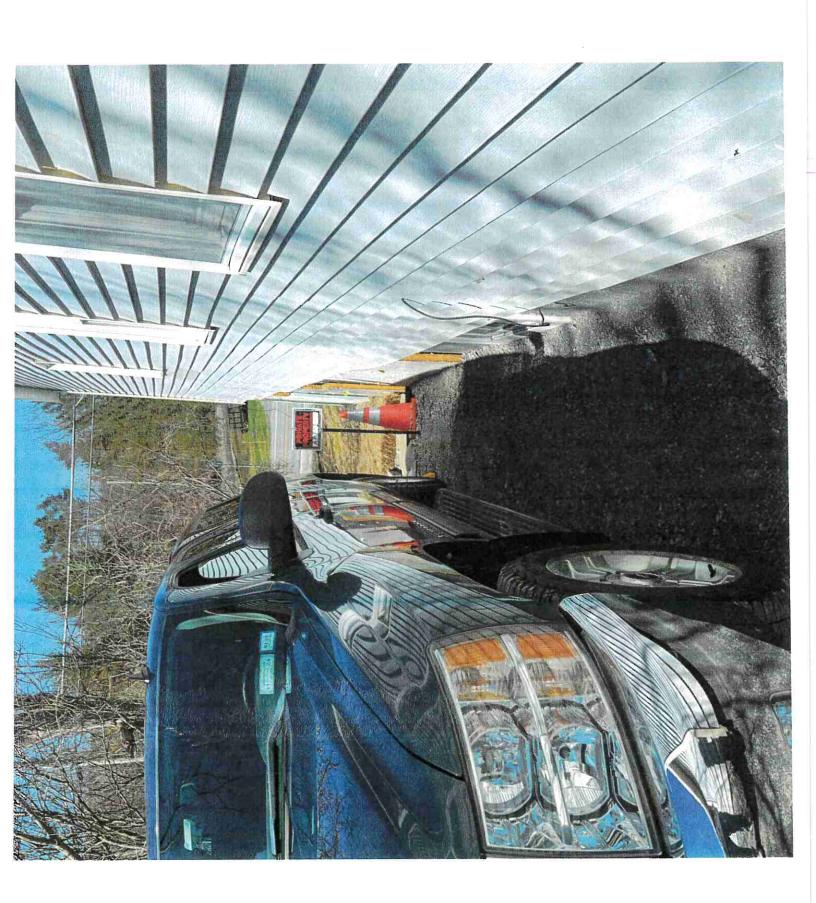


2 FAMILY PARKING

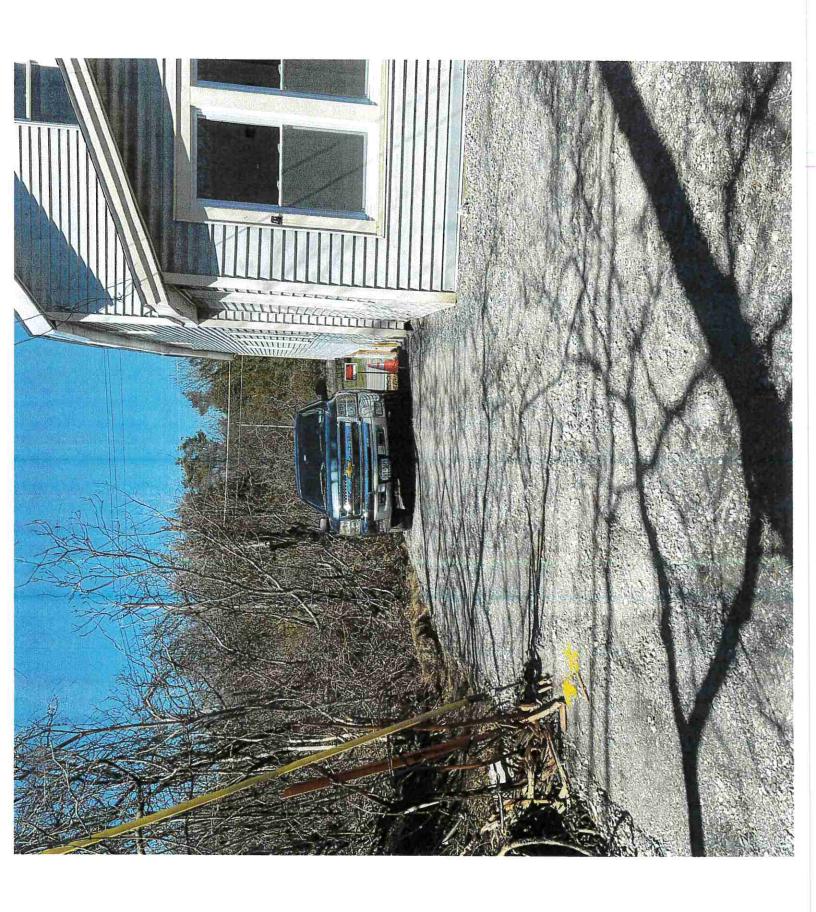
L M Associates

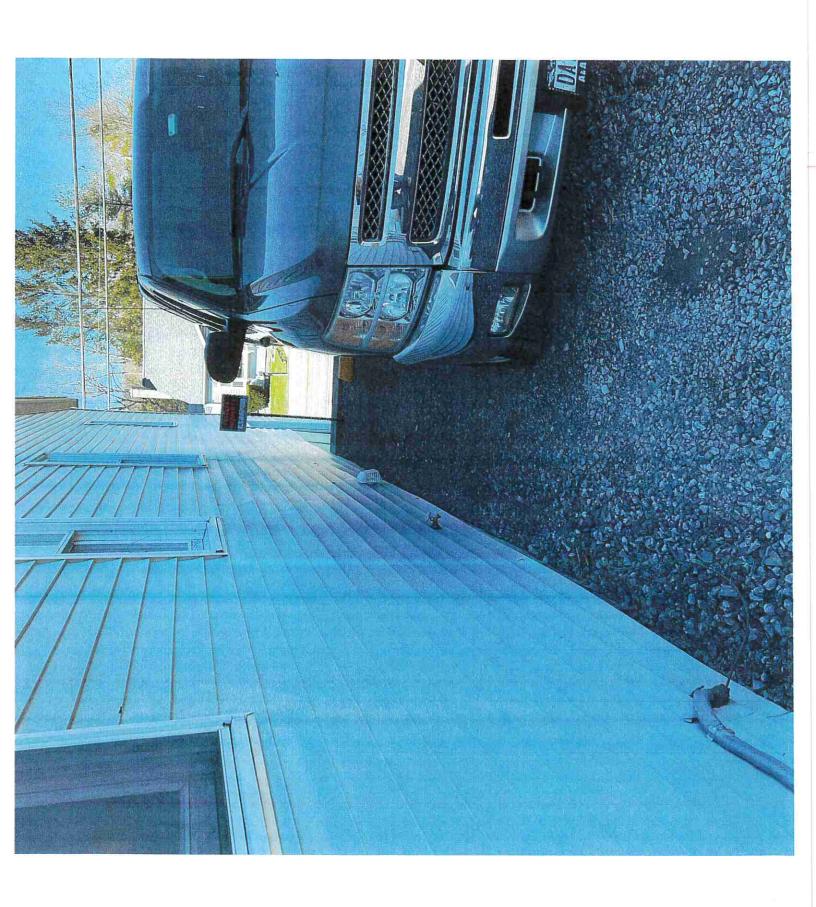
Consulting Engineering P.O. Box 111 Duanesburg, N.Y. 12056 (518) 875-6765 DRAWING NUMBER

A1

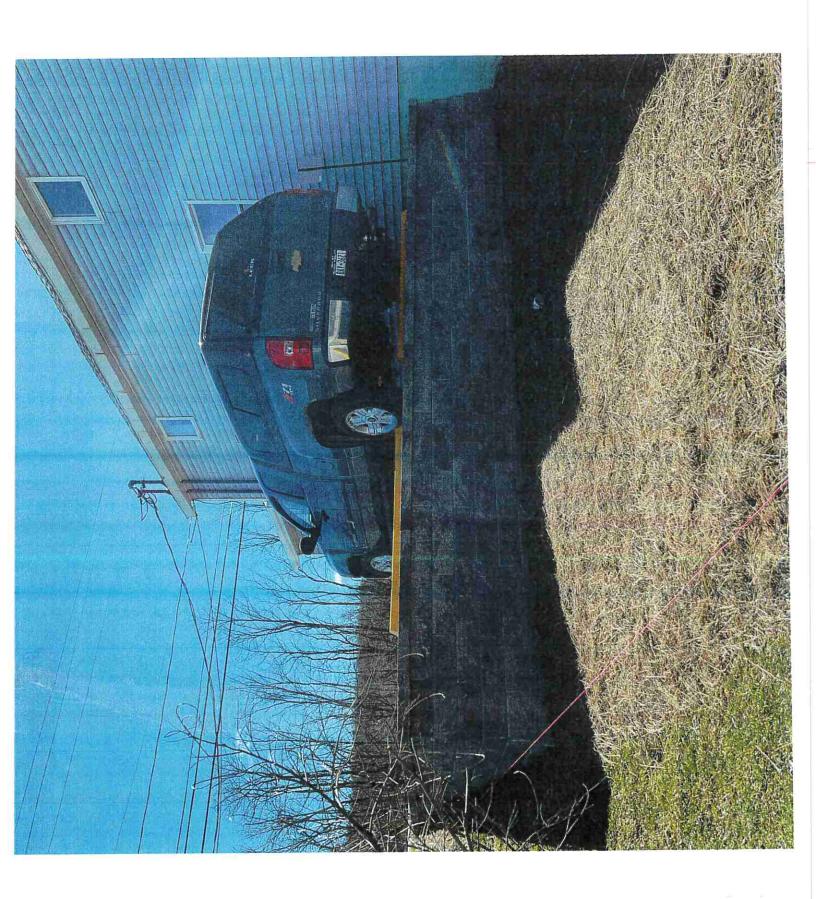




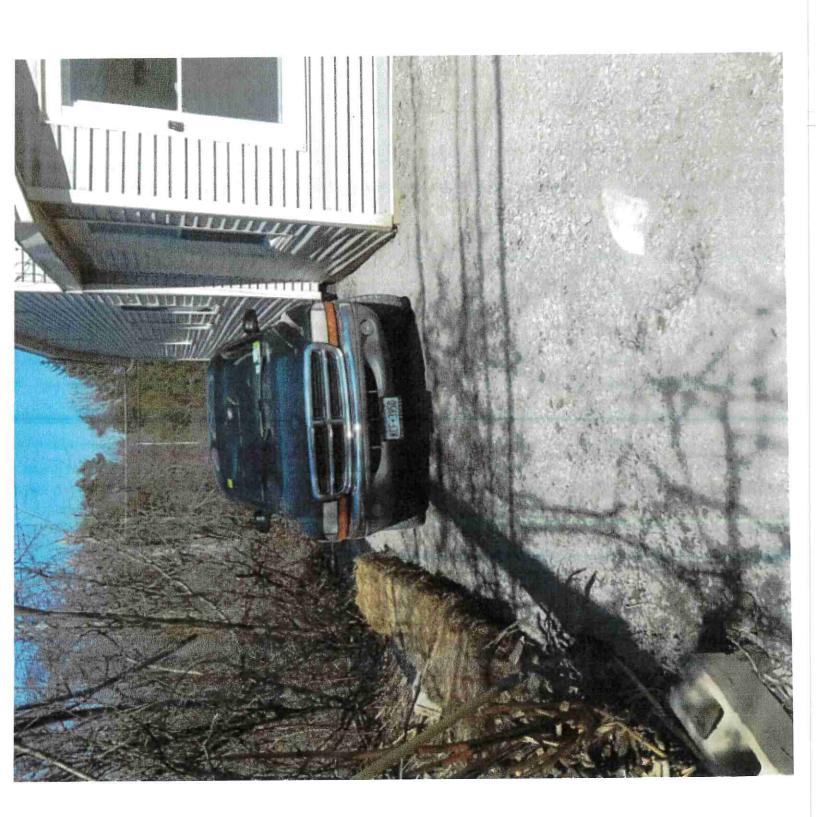




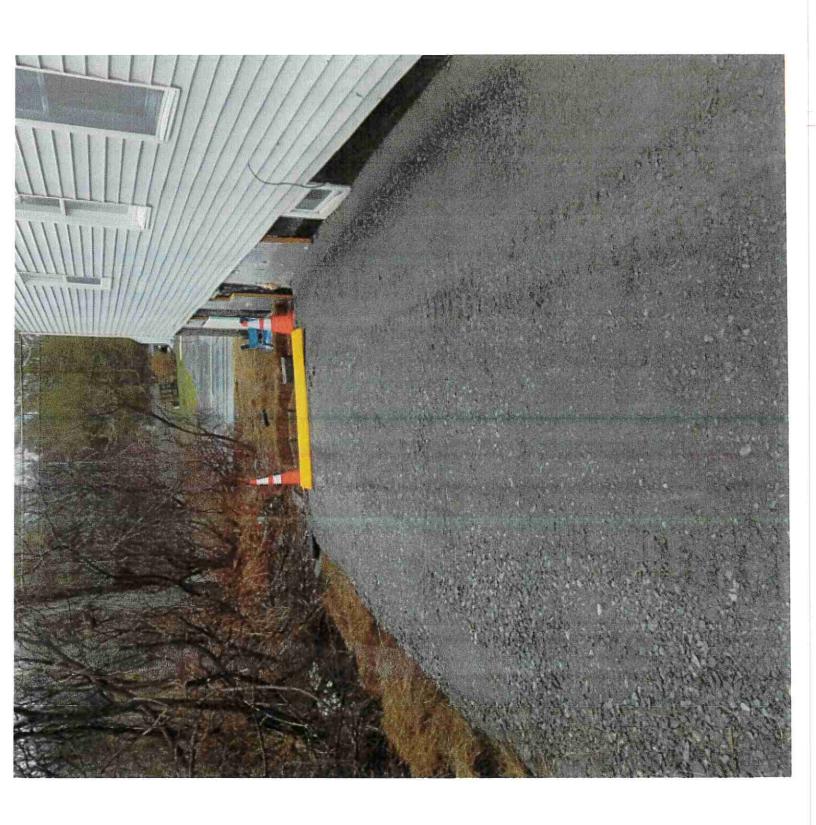




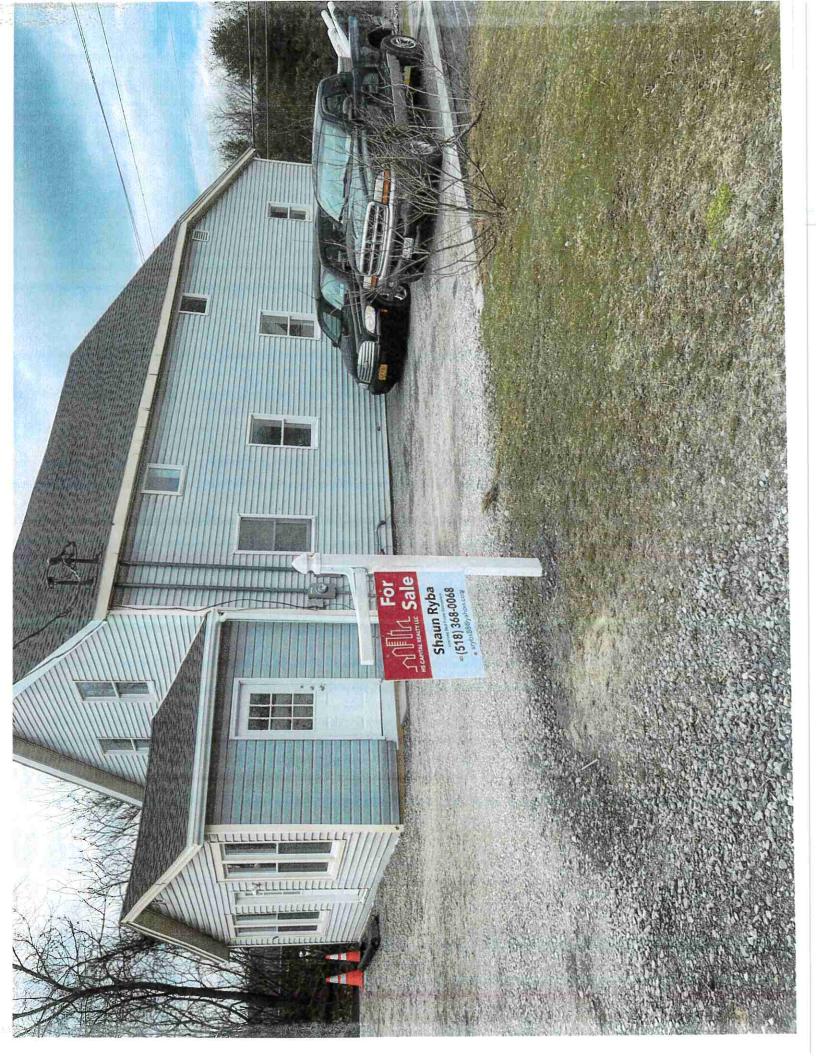












APPLICATION FOR THE PLANNING BOARD

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Revised 04/12/2017

CHECKLIST OF REQUIRED INFORMATION:

If the of drawing. Tax Map ID # Zoning district Current Original Deed NYS Survey (L.S. & P.E.) North Arrow, scale (1"=100"), Boundaries of the property plotted and labele School District/Fire District Green area/ landscaping Existing watercourses, wetlands, etc. Contour Lines (Increments of 10ft.)	d to scale.	Septic system: Soil investigation comp Sewer System: Which district? Basic SWPPP (1≥ & <5) Full Storm Water Control Plan (5acres more) Storm Water Control Plan Short or long EAF <u>www.dec.nv.gov/e</u> Street pattern: Traffic study needed? All property Mergers <u>REQUIRE</u> both of Application Itional Regulrements for Special Us	s or ea <u>rimapp<i>erl</i></u> owners Signatures on the
区 Easements & Right of ways Abutting Properties Wells/ Sewer Systems will Well/ Water system	. 运 thin 100ft. ⊠ <u>floo</u>	New or existing building Business Plan, Hours of operation r plan, uses, lighting plan/ landscap ring, Handicap Spaces, & lighting pl	. & number of employees,
Date December 8. 2023 Application type: Major Subdy Minor Sul Proposal: CTEC proposes to construct a 1.875 megaparcel. The project will utilize single-axis tracker modu. Solar Energy Facilities Law Section Seven	awatt (MW) community solar les with an equipment pad, pe	energy generating facility on 8.91 acre erimeter fence and interconnection at Sta	LotLine Adjust is of an 84,4-ære ate Rt 20.
Present Owner: Martin and Donna Hebert Address: 10516 Western Turnpike, Delanson, NY Phone # (required) 518-424-3048 Applicants Name (if different): Mike Lewis, representation of Property (if different from owners) Tax Map # 64.00-2-8 Zoning Dis	Zip code : 1209 senting CTEC, LLC Phone s) strict C-1 and R-2	3	
Signature of Owner (S) if different from App LANDS CONVEYED TO (REQUIRED FOR Signature of receiving Property Owner	licant (AS APPEARS (MERGERS)		
I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATIO the above property or has duly authorized, in writ tion, the owner gives permission for a representati site review.	ing, by the owner of record ve (s) of the Town of Duan	I to make this application. Further,	by signing this applica-
Signature of Owner(S) and/or Applicant(S)	V	Jace	
ALL APPLICATION FEES ARE NON-REI RAGGERERUGER	emunnanananananananananananananananananan	1842624444444444444444444444444444444444	医乳球 医乳球
•			
☐ Approved ☐ Disapproved ☐ Refer to Code En		of Ordina	ance
Planning Chairperson	Date	Code Enforcement	Date

Planning Board input for changes to MarDon Community Solar project

Torpey, Sonja <SONJA.TORPEY@tetratech.com>

Tue 3/19/2024 11:11 AM

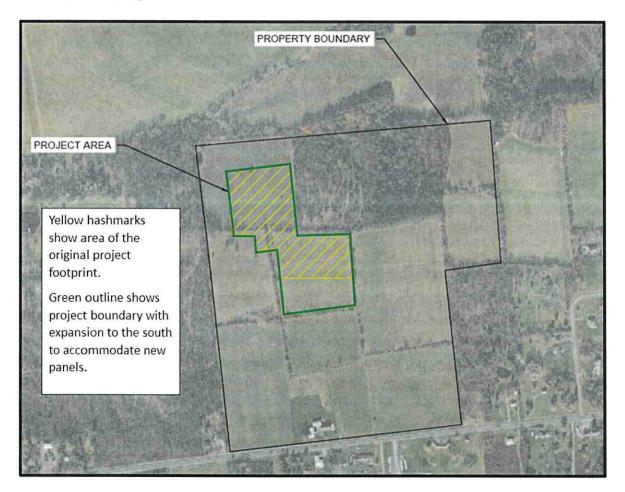
To:Chris Parslow < CParslow@duanesburg.net>

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Chris,

You may recall that last November/December I submitted a special use permit and site plan application on behalf of CTEC Solar for a proposed 1.875 MW community solar project to be located at 10516 Western Turnpike. Duanesburg's town engineer (Prime AE) recently provided review comments for the application package, and we are working to address the comments with updates to the planning documents.

At the same time, CTEC has found that the solar modules they were originally going to use are now no longer available. They will be switching to either Heliene 580w or Hanwha 590w panels. The new panels require more spacing between the rows and so CTEC would like to reconfigure the footprint of the project area with a 2-3-acre expansion to the south on the east side of the project area. Below is a rough sketch with the revised project boundary shown in green:



Given this new project area, could you please check with the Planning Board to see if they would want updated studies for glare, sound, wetlands, and visual impact? Regarding the wetland delineation, please note that there are no jurisdictional wetlands mapped within the project area and based on aerial imagery, our field staff would be unlikely to find any wetlands in the southern expansion area.

Regards,

Sonja Torpey | Environmental Scientist / Project Manager

Mobile: 585.749.3949

sonja.torpey@tetratech.com

Tetra Tech Inc. | CES Division | Leading with Science®

3136 South Winton Road, Suite 303, Rochester, NY 14623 | www.tetratech.com

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APPLICATION FOR THE PLANNING BOARD TOWN OF DUANESBURG

Revised 04/12/2017

CHECKLIST OF REQUIRED INFORMATION:

区 Ti Zc	chool District/Fire Distri reen area/ landscaping dsting watercourses, w ontour Lines (incremen asements & Right of wa	00"), rty plotted and labeled let retlands, etc. ts of 10ft.)		Sewer S □ Basic SW □ Full Storn more) □ Storm W □ Short or! □ Street pa □ All prope Applica Additional Re □ New or a □ Busines floor plan, us	stem: Soli tovestigation or ystem: Which district? (PPP (1≥ & <5) in Water Control Plan (5a ater Control Plan ong EAF <u>www.dec.nv.a</u> ttern: Traffic study neede rty Mergers <u>REQUIRE</u> bo ation equirements for Special existing building is Plan, Hours of operal es, lighting plan/lands dicap Spaces, & lightin	cres or c <u>ov/eafmapper</u> ed? oth owners Sig I Use Applicat tion, & numbe caping/signar	natures on the ilon: er of employees,
Date		-		•			
Applicat	tion type: MMajor	Subdy II Minor Su	ıbdy 🗆 Special	Use Permit []	Site/ Sketch Plan Revi	ew [] LotLin	e Adjust
rroposai	Amenument				create an add	illonai ioi	4
		Section	of	Or	dinance.		
Present C	owner: Sal Fus	CO	(AS APE	EARS ON DE	EDID		}
Address:	756 Wells Ro	co ad	Zip code :	12137			1
Phone # ((required)_518-3	12-5390					1
	ts Name (if different	t):		Phone# (requ	ired)		ļ
Location	of Property (if diff	erent from owners)					
Tax Map	_# <u>25.00-1-6.11</u> •	1 Zoning Dist	rict_AR	******			
	alutre?	Pasco					
Signatur	e of Owner (S) if a	fferent from Appli	cant (AS APP	EARS ON DEE	D!)		ł.
LANDS	CONVEYED TO (REQUIRED FOR	MERGERS)				-
Signature	of receiving Proper	ty Owner		(AS APP	EARS ON DEEDII)		
the above tion, the o site review	property or has duly wher gives permissio v.	authorized, in writing the for a representative function of Applicant(S)	ag, by the owner e (s) of the Town	of record to make of Duanesburg to	Applicant herby certification. Furth walk the property for A/3/2027	her, by signia	g this applica-
		<u>S ARE NON-REF</u>					·
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Application	n fee paid:	Check#	Re		Date		
ї Аррсоче	d 🗆 Disapproved	☐ Refer to Code Enf	forcement Sect	ion	ofO	rdinance	
Planning (Commission Comm	eats:					
				-,, -			
	Planning Chairp	erson	Date		Code Enforcemen	ıt	Date

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project Information

Instructions for Completing

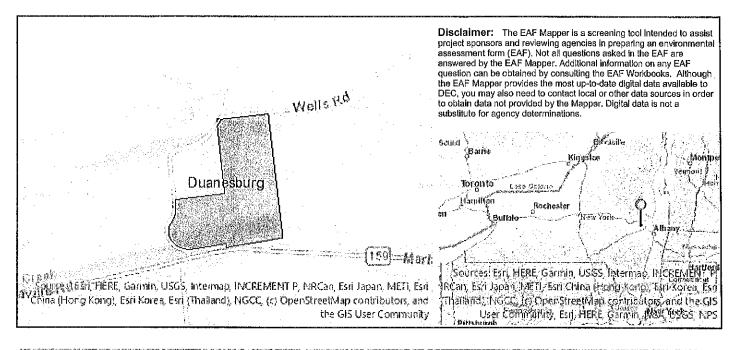
Part 1 – Project Information. The applicant or project sponsor is responsible for the completion of Part 1. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification. Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information.

Complete all items in Part 1. You may also provide any additional information which you believe will be needed by or useful to the lead agency; attach additional pages as necessary to supplement any item.

Part 1 – Project and Sponsor Information		12. 12.	
Name of Action or Project:			
Fusco 2-lot Subdivision Amendment			
Project Location (describe, and attach a location map):			
756 Wells Road, Pattersonville, NY 12137			
Brief Description of Proposed Action:			
Amendment to previous 5-lot subdivision and to subdivide former Lot 2, 24.61± acre parcel ir remain with on-site septic and well on Lot 1 and existing structure to be converted to a single 2. Small barns to be removed as noted on the plans.	nto two (2) lots. Existing resid family home with new well an	ential home and barn to d septic on-site on new Lot	
Name of Applicant or Sponsor:	Telephone:		
Sal Fusco E-Mail:			
Address:			
756 Wells Road			
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:	
Pattersonville NY 12137			
1. Does the proposed action only involve the legislative adoption of a plan, loc administrative rule, or regulation?	al law, ordinance,	NO YES	
If Yes, attach a narrative description of the intent of the proposed action and the environmental resources that			
may be affected in the municipality and proceed to Part 2. If no, continue to que			
Does the proposed action require a permit, approval or funding from any oth If Yes, list agency(s) name and permit or approval: Duanesburg Planning Board, Schealth	er government Agency? nenectady County Department	of NO YES	
a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action? b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed? c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?	24.61± acres 0.2± acres 24.61± acres		
4. Check all land uses that occur on, are adjoining or near the proposed action:			
5. 🔲 Urban 🔽 Rural (non-agriculture) 🔲 Industrial 🔲 Commerc	ial 🚺 Residential (subu	rban)	
Forest Agriculture Aquatic Other(Spe	ecify):		
Parkland			

5.	Is the proposed action,	NO	YES	N/A
	a. A permitted use under the zoning regulations?		V	
	b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan?		V	
			NO	YES
6.	Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural landsca	pe?		
7.	Is the site of the proposed action located in, or does it adjoin, a state listed Critical Environmental Area	2		
		:	NO	YES
11 .	es, identify:			
8.	a. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels?		NO	YES
	b. Are public transportation services available at or near the site of the proposed action?		✓	
			$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	
	c. Are any pedestrian accommodations or bicycle routes available on or near the site of the proposed action?	l	\checkmark	
9.	Does the proposed action meet or exceed the state energy code requirements?		NO	YES
Ift	he proposed action will exceed requirements, describe design features and technologies:			
	·			
				,
10.	Will the proposed action connect to an existing public/private water supply?		NO	YES
	If No, describe method for providing potable water:			
Priva	ate Well		V	
11				
11.	Will the proposed action connect to existing wastewater utilities?		NO	YES
Deire	If No, describe method for providing wastewater treatment:ate Septic System			
	ile deput dystem			
	a. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a building, archaeological site, or di	strict	NO	YES
	ich is listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places, or that has been determined by the mmissioner of the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing or	the		V
	te Register of Historic Places?	i uno		
			V	
arc	b. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designated as sensitive for haeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory?		V .	
13.	a. Does any portion of the site of the proposed action, or lands adjoining the proposed action, contain	1	NO	YES
	wetlands or other waterbodies regulated by a federal, state or local agency?			$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$
	b. Would the proposed action physically alter, or encroach into, any existing wetland or waterbody?			
If Y	es, identify the wetland or waterbody and extent of alterations in square feet or acres:			
l			1 4	1

14. Identify the typical habitat types that occur on, or are likely to be found on the project site. Check all that apply:		
Shoreline Forest 🗸 Agricultural/grasslands 🔲 Early mid-successional		
☐ Wetland ☐ Urban ☑ Suburban		
15. Does the site of the proposed action contain any species of animal, or associated habitats, listed by the State or	NO	YES
Federal government as threatened or endangered?	V	
16. Is the project site located in the 100-year flood plan?	NO	YES
	\checkmark	
17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources?	NO	YES
If Yes,		
a. Will storm water discharges flow to adjacent properties?		
b. Will storm water discharges be directed to established conveyance systems (runoff and storm drains)?		
If Yes, briefly describe:		- -
18. Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that would result in the impoundment of water	NO	YES
or other liquids (e.g., retention pond, waste lagoon, dam)? If Yes, explain the purpose and size of the impoundment:		
11 100, Oxpidin the purpose taid 3120 of the impoundations.		
19. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the location of an active or closed solid waste	NO	YES
management facility? If Yes, describe:		
-		
20. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the subject of remediation (ongoing or	NO	YES
completed) for hazardous waste? If Yes, describe:		
I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE IS TRUE AND ACCURATE TO THE BI MY KNOWLEDGE	EST OF	1
Applicant/sponsor/hame: Luigi A. Palleschi, P.E., ABD Engineers & Surveyors, LLP Date: April 4, 2024		
Signature:Title: Professional Engineer		



Part 1 / Question 7 [Critical Environmental Area]	No
Part 1 / Question 12a [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 12b [Archeological Sites]	No
Part 1 / Question 13a [Wetlands or Other Regulated Waterbodies]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
Part 1 / Question 15 [Threatened or Endangered Animal]	No
Part 1 / Question 16 [100 Year Flood Plain]	No
Part 1 / Question 20 [Remediation Site]	No